Intermediate 2 Mathematics Specimen Question Paper 1 (Applications of Mathematics questions; see note below) Non-calculator Paper

NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS

Intermediate 2 Mathematics—Commentary to accompany Specimen Question Paper I

The attached questions constitute the Applications of Mathematics option for Intermediate 2 Mathematics. A Specimen Question Paper for component units Intermediate 2 Mathematics 1, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 2 and Intermediate 2 Mathematics 3 was issued to centres in December 1998. When the Applications of Mathematics option is followed then the attached Applications of Mathematics questions would be used in place of the Mathematics 3 questions 4 and 7.

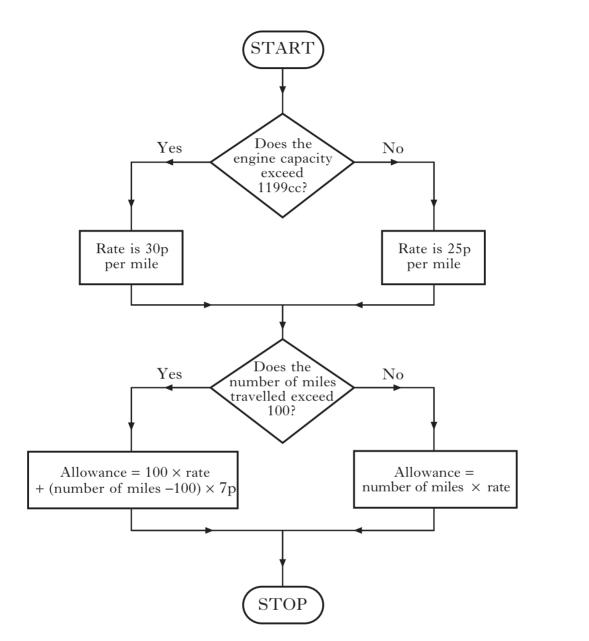
When the Intermediate 2 Mathematics examinations become operational in the year 2000, two separate versions of the papers will be printed for each of Intermediate 2 Papers 1 and 2. One of these versions will contain questions pertaining to the component units Intermediate 2 Mathematics 1, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 2 and Intermediate 2 Mathematics 3; the second will contain questions pertaining to the component units Intermediate 2 Mathematics 1, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 2 and Intermediate 2 Mathematics 1, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 2 Mathematics 2, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 2, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 2, Intermediate 2, Inte



Marks

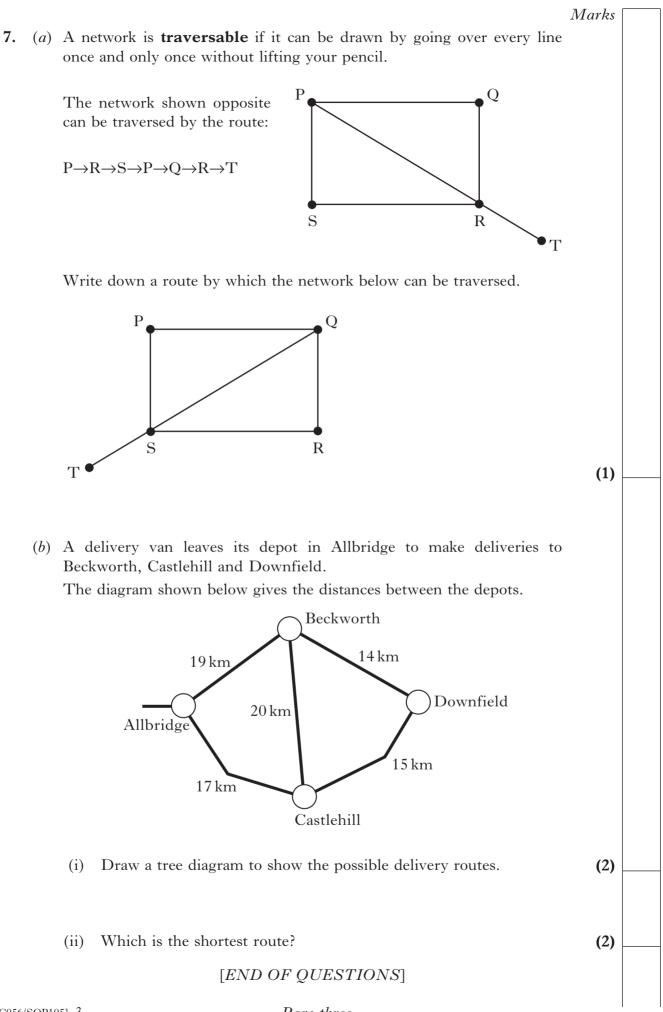
4. The flowchart shown below gives instructions on how to calculate travelling expenses.

The total expenses claimed depends on the engine capacity of the car being used and the number of miles travelled.



Use the flowchart to calculate the expenses which can be claimed for travelling 129 miles in a car with an engine capacity of 998 cc.

(4)



Page three

Intermediate 2 Mathematics Specimen Marking Instructions Paper 1 (Applications of Mathematics questions) Non-calculator Paper

NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS



Qu	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
4	• ¹ interpret: identify rate per mile	• ¹ 25p
	• ² interpret: identify relevant formula	• ² use of relevant formula
	• ³ process: start to evaluate formula	• ³ 100×25 + 29 × 7p
	• ⁴ process: calculate expenses	• ⁴ £27.03
7 (a)	• interpret/communicate: state route	• $Q \rightarrow S \rightarrow R \rightarrow Q \rightarrow P \rightarrow S \rightarrow T$
(b) (i)	• strategy: start to draw tree diagram	• ¹ 4 branches of tree
	• ² strategy: complete diagram correctly	• ² completed tree diagram
	$A \xrightarrow{B \xrightarrow{C \longrightarrow D}} C \xrightarrow{C \longrightarrow D} C$	
(ii)	• strategy: calculate distance for each route	• evidence of calculations
	• communicate: identify shortest route	• $A \rightarrow C \rightarrow D \rightarrow B$

Mathematics Intermediate 2 (Paper 1) Applications of Mathematics questions

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]

Intermediate 2 Mathematics Specimen Question Paper 2 (Applications of Mathematics questions; see note below)

NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS

Intermediate 2 Mathematics—Commentary to accompany Specimen Question Paper 2

The attached questions constitute the Applications of Mathematics option for Intermediate 2 Mathematics. A Specimen Question Paper for component units Intermediate 2 Mathematics 1, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 2 and Intermediate 2 Mathematics 3 was issued to centres in December 1998. When the Applications of Mathematics option is followed then the attached Applications of Mathematics questions would be used in place of the Mathematics 3 questions 6, 9, 11 and 12.

When the Intermediate 2 Mathematics examinations become operational in the year 2000, two separate versions of the papers will be printed for each of Intermediate 2 Papers 1 and 2. One of these versions will contain questions pertaining to the component units Intermediate 2 Mathematics 1, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 2 and Intermediate 2 Mathematics 3; the second will contain questions pertaining to the component units Intermediate 2 Mathematics 1, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 2 and Intermediate 2 Mathematics 1, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 2 Mathematics 2, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 2, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 2, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 1, Intermediate 2 Mathematics 2, Intermediate 2, Intermed



The income tax rates are shown in the table below	Marks	
10% on the first £1500 of taxable income 23% on the next £26 500 of taxable income 40% on taxable income over £28 000		
Jenny White earns $\pounds 16620$ per year.		
Calculate Jenny's annual salary after tax has been deducted.	(5)	
A metal bar expands when it is heated. The new length, L centimetres, of the metal bar is given by the formula		
L = B(1 + kt)		
where B centimetres is the length of the bar before heating t °C is the rise in temperature k depends on the type of metal.		
(a) Calculate L when $B = 20$, $t = 15$ and $k = 0.002$.	(3)	
(b) Find B when $L = 53$, $t = 20$ and $k = 0.003$.	(2)	
	23% on the next £26 500 of taxable income 40% on taxable income over £28 000 Jenny White earns £16 620 per year. Her annual tax allowances total £5220. Calculate Jenny's annual salary after tax has been deducted. A metal bar expands when it is heated. The new length, <i>L</i> centimetres, of the metal bar is given by the formula $L = B(1 + kt)$ where <i>B</i> centimetres is the length of the bar before heating t°C is the rise in temperature <i>k</i> depends on the type of metal. (a) Calculate <i>L</i> when <i>B</i> = 20, <i>t</i> = 15 and <i>k</i> = 0.002.	The income tax rates are shown in the table below. 10% on the first £1500 of taxable income 23% on the next £26 500 of taxable income 40% on taxable income over £28 000 Jenny White earns £16 620 per year. Her annual tax allowances total £5220. Calculate Jenny's annual salary after tax has been deducted. (5) A metal bar expands when it is heated. The new length, <i>L</i> centimetres, of the metal bar is given by the formula L = B(1 + kt) where <i>B</i> centimetres is the length of the bar before heating $t^{\circ}C$ is the rise in temperature <i>k</i> depends on the type of metal. (a) Calculate <i>L</i> when $B = 20$, $t = 15$ and $k = 0.002$. (3)

A record was kept of the number of packets of crisps sold each day in a school shop. The results are shown below.

Number of packets	Number of days
20 - 44	2
45 - 69	3
70 - 94	4
95-119	7
120-144	10
145-169	3
170-194	1

Calculate the mean number of packets sold.

12. Jim Grant borrows \pounds 3000 over 24 months with personal loan protection.

	MONTHLY REPAYMENT TABLE			
	36 months		24 months	
Amount	W	W/o	W	W/o
£,2000	£,80.63	£,71·40	£,109.62	£,98.98
£3000	£115.06	£102·46	£158.93	£143.97
£5000	£187·73	£167·56	£261.09	£236.83
£10000	£375·48	£335·13	£522·16	£473.65

W = With personal loan protection

W/o = Without personal loan protection

Use the loan repayment table shown above to calculate how much his loan will cost.

(3)

[END OF QUESTIONS]

(4)

Marks

Intermediate 2 Mathematics Specimen Marking Instructions Paper 2 (Applications of Mathematics questions)

NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS



Qu		Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •		Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
6	•1	process: calculate taxable income	•1	£11400
		strategy: know how to calculate lower rate of tax	•2	$0.1 \times f_{*}1500$
		strategy: know how to calculate middle rate of tax	•3	$0.23 \times f(11400 - 1500)$
		process: calculate tax at lower and middle rate	•4	£150 and £2277
		process: calculate total amount of tax due	•5	£2427
9 (a)	•1	process: substitute into formula	•1	$20(1 + 0.002 \times 15)$
	•2	process: start evaluation	•2	1.03
	•3	process: complete evaluation	•3	20.6
(b)	•1	process: substitute into formula	•1	$53 = B (1 + 20 \times 0.003)$
	•2	process: calculate B	•2	50

Mathematics Intermediate 2 (Paper 2) Applications of Mathematics questions

Qu		Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •		Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
11	•1	process: calculate midpoints of intervals	•1	32, 57, 82, 107, 132, 157, 182
	•2	process: multiply midpoints by frequency	•2	64, 171, 328, 749, 1320, 471, 182
	•3	process: find totals	•3	3285 and 30
	•4	process: calculate mean	•4	109.5
12	•1	interpret: identify monthly repayment	•1	£158·93
	•2	process: calculate total repayment	•2	£3814·32
	•3	process: calculate cost of loan	•3	£814·32

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]