

**2006 Mathematics**

**Intermediate 1 Units 1, 2 & 3 Paper 2**

**Finalised Marking Instructions**

© The Scottish Qualifications Authority 2006

The information in this publication may be reproduced to support SQA qualifications only on a non-commercial basis. If it is to be used for any other purposes written permission must be obtained from the Assessment Materials Team, Dalkeith.

Where the publication includes materials from sources other than SQA (secondary copyright), this material should only be reproduced for the purposes of examination or assessment. If it needs to be reproduced for any other purpose it is the centre's responsibility to obtain the necessary copyright clearance. SQA's Assessment Materials Team at Dalkeith may be able to direct you to the secondary sources.

These Marking Instructions have been prepared by Examination Teams for use by SQA Appointed Markers when marking External Course Assessments. This publication must not be reproduced for commercial or trade purposes.

## General Marking Principles

These principles describe the approach to be taken when marking Intermediate 1 Mathematics papers. For more detailed guidance please refer to the notes which are included with the Marking Instructions.

1. Marks must be assigned in accordance with the Marking Instructions. The main principle in marking scripts is to give credit for the skills demonstrated and the criteria met. Failure to have the correct method may not preclude a candidate gaining credit for the calculations involved or for the communication of the answer.
2. The answer to one part of a question, even if incorrect, must be accepted as a basis for subsequent dependent parts of the question. Full marks in the dependent part(s) may be awarded provided the question is not simplified.
3. The following should not be penalised:
  - working subsequent to a correct answer (unless it provides firm evidence that the requirements of the question have not been met)
  - omission or misuse of units (unless marks have been specifically allocated for the purpose in the marking scheme)
  - bad form, eg  $\sin x^\circ = 0.5 = 30^\circ$
  - legitimate variation in numerical values/algebraic expressions.
4. Solutions which seem unlikely to include anything of relevance must nevertheless be followed through. Candidates still have the opportunity of gaining one mark or more provided the solution satisfies the criteria for the mark(s).
5. Full credit should only be given where the solution contains appropriate working. Where the correct answer may be obtained by inspection or mentally, credit may be given, but reference to this will be made in the Marking Instructions.
6. In general markers will only be able to give credit for answers if working is shown. A wrong answer without working receives no credit unless specifically mentioned in the Marking Instructions. The rubric on the outside of the question papers emphasises that working must be shown.
7. Sometimes the method to be used in a particular question is explicitly stated; no credit should be given where a candidate obtains the correct answer by an alternative method.
8. Where the method to be used in a particular question is not explicitly stated, full credit must be given for alternative methods which produce the correct answer.
9. Do not penalise the same error twice in the same question.
10. Do not penalise a transcription error unless the question has been simplified as a result.
11. Do not penalise the inadvertent use of radians in trigonometry questions, provided their use is consistent within the question.

## **Practical Details**

The Marking Instructions should be regarded as a working document and have been developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' responses to a particular paper. While the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details can change depending on the content of a particular examination paper in a given year.

1. Each mark awarded in a question is referenced to one criterion in the marking scheme by means of a bullet point.
2. Where a candidate has scored zero marks for any question attempted, "0" should be shown against the answer in the place in the margin.
3. Where a marker wishes to indicate how s/he has awarded full marks, the following should be used:
  - (a) Correct working should be ticked, ✓ .
  - (b) Where working subsequent to an error is followed through, if otherwise correct and can be awarded marks, it should be marked with a crossed tick, ✗.
  - (c) Each error should be underlined at the point in the working where it first occurs.
4. **Do not write any comments, words or acronyms on the scripts.**

**Mathematics Intermediate 1: Paper 2, Units 1, 2 and 3**

| Question No  | Marking Scheme<br>Give 1 mark for each •  | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •   |
|--|---|---|
| 1  | <b>Ans: 12430 pesos</b><br><br>• <sup>1</sup> strategy/process: correctly multiply 650 by 19·13<br><br>• <sup>2</sup> process: round to nearest ten         | • <sup>1</sup> 12434·5<br><br>• <sup>2</sup> 12430<br><br><p style="text-align: right;"><b>2 marks</b></p>                          |
| <b>NOTES:</b><br><br>1 Answers acceptable for partial credit (no working necessary)<br>(a) 12434, 12435, 12400 <span style="float: right;">award 1/2</span><br>(b) 30 (650 ÷ 19·13 to nearest 10) <span style="float: right;">award 1/2</span><br><br>2 For 12440 with no evidence of 12434(·5) or 12435 <span style="float: right;">award 0/2</span>  |   |   |
| 2  | <b>Ans: <math>5·4 \times 10^{-6}</math></b><br><br>• <sup>1</sup> process: express in standard form<br><br>• <sup>2</sup> process: express in standard form | • <sup>1</sup> $5·4 \times 10^n$<br><br>• <sup>2</sup> $5·4 \times 10^{-6}$<br><br><p style="text-align: right;"><b>2 marks</b></p> |
| <b>NOTE:</b><br><br>$54 \times 10^{-7}$ , $0·54 \times 10^{-5}$ , $5 \times 10^{-6}$ <span style="float: right;">award 1/2</span>  |   |   |
| 3  | <b>Ans: <math>t &gt; 9</math></b><br><br>• <sup>1</sup> process: collect constants<br><br>• <sup>2</sup> process: solve inequality for t                    | • <sup>1</sup> $4t > 36$<br><br>• <sup>2</sup> $t > 9$<br><br><p style="text-align: right;"><b>2 marks</b></p>                      |
| <b>NOTES:</b><br><br>1 For answers without valid working<br>eg (i) $t > 9$ without working<br>(ii) $4 \times 9 - 7 > 29 \rightarrow t > 9$ <span style="float: right;">award 0/2</span><br><br>2 Answers acceptable for partial credit (valid working must be shown)<br>(i) $4t > 36 \rightarrow t > 9$<br>(ii) $4t > 36 \rightarrow t = 9$ or $4t = 36 \rightarrow t = 9$ <span style="float: right;">award 1/2</span><br>(iii) $4t > 22 \rightarrow t > 5·5$ or $t > \frac{22}{4}$ |   |   |

| Question No   | Marking Scheme<br>Give 1 mark for each •  | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •  |                 |                                     |   |      |     |     |                    |     |     |    |     |     |                            |     |     |
|---|---|--|-----------------|-------------------------------------|---|------|-----|-----|--------------------|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----------------------------|-----|-----|
| 4   | <b>Ans: 455</b><br>• <sup>1</sup> strategy: correct method<br>• <sup>2</sup> process: carry out calculations correctly  | • <sup>1</sup> • <sup>2</sup> 455<br>(award 1 for correct method<br>or $260 \div 4 = 65$<br>or $260 \times 7 = 1820$<br>or $7 \div 4 = 1.75$ )<br><b>2 marks</b> |                 |                                     |   |      |     |     |                    |     |     |    |     |     |                            |     |     |
| 5 (a)   | <b>Ans: 15</b><br>• <sup>1</sup> process: identify mode   | • <sup>1</sup> 15<br><b>1 mark</b>   |                 |                                     |   |      |     |     |                    |     |     |    |     |     |                            |     |     |
| (b)   | <b>Ans: <math>\frac{3}{40}</math></b><br>• <sup>1</sup> process: find probability   | • <sup>1</sup> $\frac{3}{40}$<br><b>1 mark</b>   |                 |                                     |   |      |     |     |                    |     |     |    |     |     |                            |     |     |
| <b>NOTES:</b><br>1 Accept 3:40, 3 out of 40, 3 in 40, 3 – 40, 0.075 , 7.5%  |   |  |                 |                                     |   |      |     |     |                    |     |     |    |     |     |                            |     |     |
| (c)   | <b>Ans: 16.3</b><br>• <sup>1</sup> communicate: 3 correct entries in table<br>• <sup>2</sup> strategy: know to divide $\Sigma fx$ by 40<br>• <sup>3</sup> process: all calculations correct (must include division of $\Sigma fx$ ) | • <sup>1</sup> any three of 90, 57, 40, 652 (or consistent total)<br>• <sup>2</sup> $652 \div 40$<br>• <sup>3</sup> 16.3<br><b>3 marks</b>                       |                 |                                     |   |      |     |     |                    |     |     |    |     |     |                            |     |     |
| <b>NOTES:</b><br><table border="0" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left; width: 33%;">1 <u>Answer</u></th> <th style="text-align: left; width: 33%;"><u>requirement for 1st mark met</u></th> <th style="text-align: left; width: 33%;"><u>requirement for 1st mark not met</u></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>16.3</td> <td>3/3</td> <td>2/3</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>652 \div 40 = 16</math></td> <td>3/3</td> <td>2/3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16</td> <td>1/3</td> <td>0/3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>93(.....) [<math>652 \div 7</math>]</td> <td>2/3</td> <td>1/3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> 2 When candidate calculates mean in (a) then award 0/1 for (a) and all 3 marks for (c) are available for calculating the mean. |   |  | 1 <u>Answer</u> | <u>requirement for 1st mark met</u> | <u>requirement for 1st mark not met</u> | 16.3 | 3/3 | 2/3 | $652 \div 40 = 16$ | 3/3 | 2/3 | 16 | 1/3 | 0/3 | 93(.....) [ $652 \div 7$ ] | 2/3 | 1/3 |
| 1 <u>Answer</u>   | <u>requirement for 1st mark met</u>   | <u>requirement for 1st mark not met</u>  |                 |                                     |   |      |     |     |                    |     |     |    |     |     |                            |     |     |
| 16.3  | 3/3   | 2/3  |                 |                                     |   |      |     |     |                    |     |     |    |     |     |                            |     |     |
| $652 \div 40 = 16$  | 3/3   | 2/3  |                 |                                     |   |      |     |     |                    |     |     |    |     |     |                            |     |     |
| 16  | 1/3   | 0/3  |                 |                                     |   |      |     |     |                    |     |     |    |     |     |                            |     |     |
| 93(.....) [ $652 \div 7$ ]  | 2/3   | 1/3  |                 |                                     |   |      |     |     |                    |     |     |    |     |     |                            |     |     |

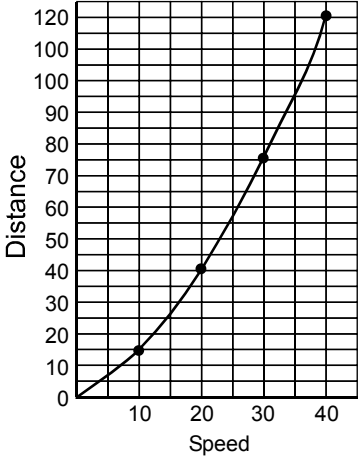
| Question No   | Marking Scheme<br>Give 1 mark for each •  | Illustrations of evidence for<br>awarding a mark at each •   |
|---|---|--|
| 6   | <b>Ans: 240 litres</b><br><br>• <sup>1</sup> strategy: know to multiply $l \times b \times h$<br><br>• <sup>2</sup> strategy/process: find volume in $\text{cm}^3$<br>(or $\text{m}^3$ )<br><br>• <sup>3</sup> process: convert to litres | • <sup>1</sup> evidence of $l \times b \times h$ involving<br>50cm, 1.2 m and 40cm<br><br>• <sup>2</sup> 240 000 ( $\text{cm}^3$ )<br>(or 0.24 ( $\text{m}^3$ ))<br><br>• <sup>3</sup> 240<br><br><b>3 marks</b> |
| <b>NOTES:</b><br><br>1 Answer acceptable for partial credit (no working necessary)<br>(a) 2400 ( $50 \times 1.2 \times 40$ ) award 1/3<br>(b) 2.4, 2 litres 400 award 2/3 |   |  |
| 7 (a)   | <b>Ans: <math>2x - 5y</math></b><br><br>• <sup>1</sup> process: multiply out brackets<br><br>• <sup>2</sup> process: collect like terms   | • <sup>1</sup> $3y + 2x - 8y$ or $2x - 8y$<br><br>• <sup>2</sup> $2x - 5y$<br><br><b>2 marks</b>   |
| <b>NOTES:</b>   |   |  |
| (b)   | <b>Ans: <math>4(2d + 3)</math></b><br><br>• <sup>1</sup> process: identify common factor<br><br>• <sup>2</sup> process: factorise   | • <sup>1</sup> 4 or $2d + 3$<br><br>• <sup>2</sup> $4(2d + 3)$<br><br><b>2 marks</b>   |
| <b>NOTES:</b><br><br>1 $2(4d + 6)$ , $8(d + 1.5)$ award 1/2   |   |  |

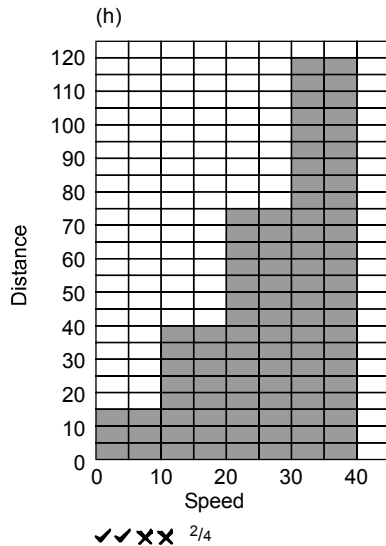
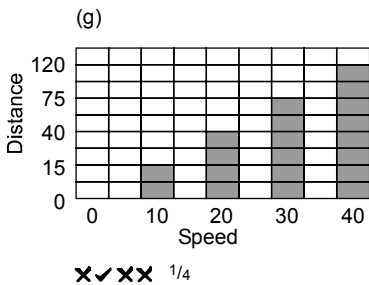
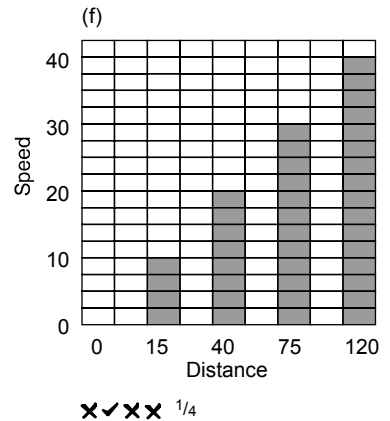
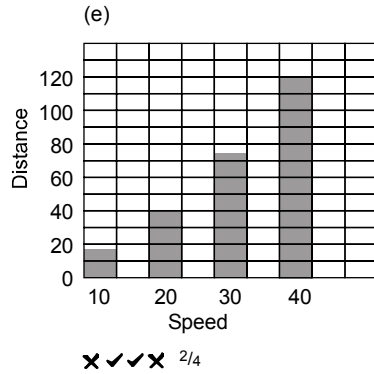
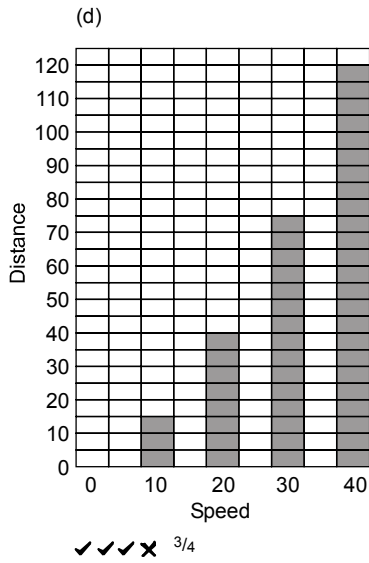
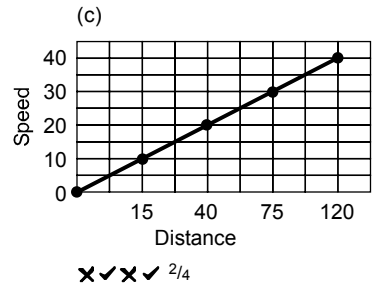
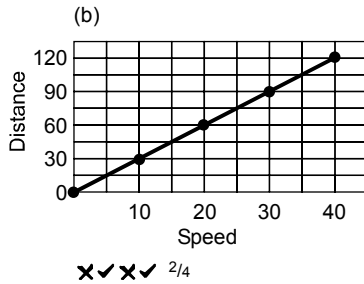
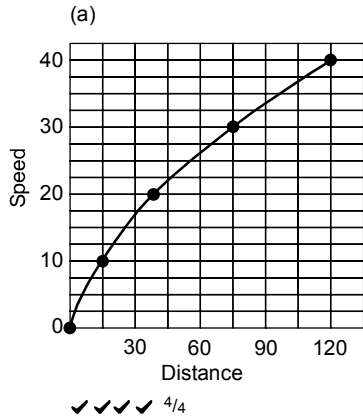


| Question No | Marking Scheme<br>Give 1 mark for each •  | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •  |
|-------------|---|--|
| 9           | <b>Ans: 1.3m</b><br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> strategy: correct form of Pythagoras Theorem</li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> process: calculate <math>1 \cdot 1^2 + 0 \cdot 7^2</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> process: calculate <math>\sqrt{1 \cdot 7}</math></li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> <math>1 \cdot 1^2 + 0 \cdot 7^2</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> 1.7</li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> 1.3...</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>3 marks</b></p> |

**NOTES:**


- | 1 | <u>Answer</u>                               | <u>with working</u> | <u>without working</u> |
|---|---|---------------------|------------------------|
|   | 1.3   | 3/3                 | 3/3                    |
|   | 0.8 (48...) [ $1 \cdot 1^2 - 0 \cdot 7^2$ ] | 2/3                 | 0/3                    |
|   | 0.77 [ $1 \cdot 1^2 \times 0 \cdot 7^2$ ]   | 2/3                 | 0/3                    |
- 2 If candidate uses trigonometry then award marks as follows
- <sup>1</sup> eg  $P = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{1 \cdot 1}{0 \cdot 7} \right) \rightarrow \sin P = \frac{1 \cdot 1}{WP}$
  - <sup>2</sup>  $WP = \frac{1 \cdot 1}{\sin P}$
  - <sup>3</sup> 1.3

| Question No   | Marking Scheme<br>Give 1 mark for each •   | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •  |  |              |                 |                 |                   |                     |               |                       |                        |
|---|--|--|--|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 10  | <p><b>Ans:</b></p>  <p>•<sup>1</sup> strategy: use suitable scale</p> <p>•<sup>2</sup> communicate: scales labelled correctly</p> <p>•<sup>3</sup> process: three points correctly plotted</p> <p>•<sup>4</sup> process: line graph drawn</p> | <p>•<sup>1</sup> see note 1 for acceptable scales.</p> <p>•<sup>2</sup> “speed” on one axis “distance” on other axis</p> <p>•<sup>3</sup> three points correctly plotted</p> <p>•<sup>4</sup> other two points correctly plotted and line graph drawn</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>4 marks</b></p> |  |              |                 |                 |                   |                     |               |                       |                        |
| <p><b>NOTES:</b></p> <p>1 Acceptable scales</p> <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;"></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>speed</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>distance</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>horizontal axis</td> <td>1 box = 5, 10 mph</td> <td>1 box = 15, 20 feet</td> </tr> <tr> <td>vertical axis</td> <td>1 box = 2, 2.5, 5 mph</td> <td>1 box = 5, 10, 15 feet</td> </tr> </table> <p>2 See next page for examples of some common answers</p> |  |  |  | <u>speed</u> | <u>distance</u> | horizontal axis | 1 box = 5, 10 mph | 1 box = 15, 20 feet | vertical axis | 1 box = 2, 2.5, 5 mph | 1 box = 5, 10, 15 feet |
|   | <u>speed</u>   | <u>distance</u>  |  |              |                 |                 |                   |                     |               |                       |                        |
| horizontal axis   | 1 box = 5, 10 mph  | 1 box = 15, 20 feet  |  |              |                 |                 |                   |                     |               |                       |                        |
| vertical axis   | 1 box = 2, 2.5, 5 mph  | 1 box = 5, 10, 15 feet   |  |              |                 |                 |                   |                     |               |                       |                        |



Spaces between bars not necessary in bar graphs



| Question No   | Marking Scheme<br>Give 1 mark for each •   | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •  |
|---|--|--|
| 12  | <p><b>Ans: 25m</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> strategy: know that hypotenuse is 20</li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> strategy: know how to use sine ratio</li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> strategy: know how to solve equation</li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> process: carry out trigonometric calculation</li> <li>•<sup>5</sup> strategy: add 10 to previously calculated value</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> </li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> <math>\sin 50^\circ = \frac{x}{20}</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> <math>x = 20 \sin 50^\circ</math></li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> <math>15(\cdot 3\dots)</math></li> <li>•<sup>5</sup> <math>25(\cdot 3\dots)</math></li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>5 marks</b></p> |
| <p><b>NOTES:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Correct answer without working <span style="float: right;">award 0/5</span></li> <li>2 4·8 (radians), 24·1 (grad) [working must be shown] <span style="float: right;">award 5/5</span></li> <li>3 Where an incorrect trig ratio is used, working should be followed through with the possibility of awarding 4/5</li> <li>4 Do not award the 4<sup>th</sup> mark for<br/>eg <math>20 \sin 50^\circ = 15.3 = \sqrt{15.3} = 3.9</math></li> </ul> |  |  |

| Question No | Marking Scheme<br>Give 1 mark for each •   | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •  |
|-------------|--|--|
| 13          | <p><b>Ans: 20%</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> strategy: find increase</li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> strategy: know to express increase as fraction of 250</li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> strategy: know to multiply fraction by 100</li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> process: carry out all calculations correctly</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> 50</li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> <math>\frac{50}{250}</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> <math>\frac{50}{250} \times 100</math></li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> 20</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>4 marks</b></p> |

**NOTES:**

|     |  |                        |
|-----|--|------------------------|
| 1   | Correct answer without working                       | award 4/4              |
| 2   | <u>with working</u>                                  | <u>without working</u> |
| (a) | $\frac{50}{300} \times 100 = 16(\cdot 6\dots)$ or 17 | 3/4                    |
| (b) | $\frac{300}{250} \times 100 = 120$                   | 0/4                    |
| (c) | $\frac{250}{300} \times 100 = 83(\cdot 3\dots)$      | 0/4                    |
| (d) | $\frac{50}{100} \times 250 = 125$                    | 0/4                    |
| (e) | $\frac{50}{100} \times 300 = 150$                    | 0/4                    |
| (f) | $\frac{50}{100} \times 550 = 275$                    | 0/4                    |

| Question No | Marking Scheme<br>Give 1 mark for each •  | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •   |
|-------------|---|---|
| 14          | <p><b>Ans: 21.9m<sup>2</sup></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> strategy: know to calculate area of semi-circle</li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> strategy: substitute correct radius into area formula</li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> strategy: know to subtract area of semi-circle from area of rectangle</li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> process: carry out all calculations correctly (must include a circle calculation and either the squaring of a number or a division by 2)</li> <li>•<sup>5</sup> process: round to one decimal place</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•<sup>1</sup> <math>A = \frac{1}{2} \pi r^2</math></li> <li>•<sup>2</sup> <math>\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 3^2</math></li> <li>•<sup>3</sup> <math>(8 \times 4.5) - \left(\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 3^2\right)</math></li> <li>•<sup>4</sup> 21.862...(<math>\pi</math>)<br/>(21.87 (3.14))</li> <li>•<sup>5</sup> 21.9</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>5 marks</b></p> |

**NOTES:**

1 First 2 marks not available if  $C = \pi d$  is used

| 2 Examples of some common answers                    | <u>with working</u> | <u>without working</u> |
|--|---------------------|------------------------|
| (a) $36 - \frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 3^2 = 21.9$  | 5/5                 | 4/5                    |
| (b) $36 - \pi \times 3^2 = 7.7$                      | 4/5                 | 0/5                    |
| (c) $36 - \frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 6^2 = -20.5$ | 4/5                 | 0/5                    |
| (d) $36 - \pi \times 6^2 = -77.1$                    | 3/5                 | 0/5                    |
| (e) $36 - 3 \cdot 14 \times 6^2 = -77.0$             | 3/5                 | 0/5                    |
| (f) $36 - \frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 6 = 26.6$    | 3/5                 | 0/5                    |
| (g) $36 - \pi \times 6 = 17.2$                       | 2/5                 | 0/5                    |

3 Unrounded or incorrectly rounded versions of the above answers should be awarded 1 mark less than those shown above.

4 5<sup>th</sup> mark only available where candidate is required to round circle calculation to one decimal place.

**TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 2**  
**50**

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]