

## Assessor's Guidelines for the SVQ2 Providing Financial Services SCQF level 5

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## About this guide

This guide provides some practical examples of how to assess your candidates for the **SVQ2 Providing Financial Services SCQF level 5**. You may be able to think of other ways of assessing your candidates and recording your decisions about their competence.

Using assessments based on these examples does not guarantee successful verification — it is still your responsibility to ensure that internal quality assurance procedures are followed.

## Introduction

This introduction provides a brief overview of SVQs and how they are assessed in the workplace. If you are already familiar with the concept of SVQs, you may wish to go to the next section.

## About SVQs and the SCQF

Scottish Vocational Qualifications (SVQs) are work-based qualifications which set the level of occupational competence for each sector of the economy and are usually delivered in the workplace or in partnership with a college or other training provider. The qualifications have been designed by standards-setting bodies made up of experienced practitioners who represent employers, professional bodies, trade unions, education and voluntary organisations.

Each standards-setting body is responsible for developing national standards which define *what* employees (or potential employees) must be able to do, *how well*, and *in what circumstances*, to show that they are competent in their work.

Each SVQ which a standards-setting body develops has to fit into a broad framework which allows qualifications in the UK and throughout Europe to be compared.

There are SVQs for nearly all occupations in Scotland and they are available at SVQ levels 1–5. SVQs are currently notionally placed in the SCQF as the individual SVQs may be at differing SCQF levels and have differing amount of credit points, depending on the structure and context of the SVQ. SVQs are a means of recognising the skills and knowledge people need in employment, ie job competence. Successful completion of an SVQ provides clear evidence that the learner works to nationally recognised occupational standards.

Each Unit defines one aspect of a job or work-role, and says what it is to be competent in that aspect of the job. To be awarded a full SVQ, candidates must achieve each of the SVQ Units which make it up by demonstrating that they are competent in that aspect of the job. The Units which make up the SVQ can also be taken as freestanding awards. Some SVQs or SVQ Units are incorporated into other awards or programmes including HNCs and Modern Apprenticeships.

Explanation of levels							
SVQ1 (SCQF level 4)	Competence involves the application of knowledge and skills in the performance of a range of varied work activities, most of which may be routine or predictable.						
SVQ2 (SCQF level 5)	Competence involves the application of knowledge and skills in a significant range of varied work activities, performed in a variety of contexts. At this level, there will be activities, which are complex or non-routine and there is some individual responsibility and autonomy. Collaboration with others, perhaps through membership of a work group or team, may often be a requirement.						
SVQ3 (either SCQF level 6 or 7)	Competence involves the application of knowledge and skills in a broad range of varied work activities, most of which are complex and non-routine. There is considerable responsibility and autonomy, and control or guidance of others is often present.						
SVQ4 (either SCQF level 8 or 9)	Competence involves the application of knowledge and skills in a broad range of complex technical or professional work activities, performed in a wide variety of contexts and with a substantial degree of personal responsibility and autonomy. Responsibility for the work of others and the allocation of resources is often present.						
SVQ5 (SCQF level 11)	Competence involves the application of skills and a significant range of fundamental principles across a wide and often unpredictable variety of contexts. Very substantial personal autonomy and often significant responsibility for the work of others and for the allocation of substantial resources feature strongly, as do personal accountability.						

For further information on SCQF go to www.scqf.org.uk.

### How are standards defined in SVQs?

All SVQs consist of standards which can be broken down into various parts.

**Units** define the broad functions carried out in the sector, and are made up of a number of Elements. These **Elements** describe the activities which employees have to perform, and will require candidates to demonstrate certain skills or Knowledge and Understanding.

The quality of performance in what people must be able to do — how well they have to perform — is described by **Performance Criteria**. These may also be called **statements of competence** or **what candidates should do**.

The section on **behaviours** describes how a candidate should **act** or **conduct** themselves during their performance.

The section on **Knowledge and Understanding** says what candidates must know and understand, and how this knowledge applies to their jobs.

You may also come across standards containing statements on **scope**. These statements could, for example, list the equipment that candidates are expected to be familiar with and use in their occupational area.

Increasingly, you may see changes to this format as standards become more userfriendly and are written in plain English. For example, there may be some standards containing **Range Statements** or **Evidence Requirements**, but over time these should disappear. You may, however, find that information on the context, nature and amount of evidence which is required to prove competence (which used to be given in Range Statements and Evidence Requirements) is now defined in the **assessment guidance** for the qualification. Assessment guidance is drawn up by the awarding body and is packaged along with the standards to form the SVQ.

## Who is involved in SVQs?

There are several roles:

•	the candidate	the person who wants to achieve the SVQ (eg an employee)
•	the assessor*	the person who assesses the candidates and decides if they are competent (eg supervisor)
•	the internal verifier*	an individual nominated by the centre (eg a company) who ensures that assessors apply the standards uniformly and consistently (eg supervisor's line manager)
•	the External Verifier*	an individual appointed by SQA who ensures that standards are being applied uniformly and consistently across all centres offering the SVQ

\*Assessors and verifiers in centres will be asked by SQA to prove they have the appropriate occupational competence to assess and verify the SVQ. Occupational competence has been defined by the standards-setting body in the Assessment Strategy for this SVQ(s) — see SQA's website: **www.sqa.org.uk**.

Assessors and verifiers are also expected to obtain an appropriate qualification in assessment and verification — this can be the Learning and Development Units (the national standards for assessment and verification), or an alternative qualification which SQA also recognises.

# The steps involved in assessing a candidate for an SVQ

In deciding whether a candidate should achieve an SVQ, you will go through these stages:

- planning for assessment
- generating and collecting evidence of the candidate's competence in the Units
- judging the evidence of the candidate's ability and making an assessment decision based on the evidence
- recording the assessment decision and the candidate's achievement

## 1 The SVQ2 Providing Financial Services SCQF level 5

The SVQs in Providing Financial Services have been developed by the Financial and Legal Skills Partnership (FLSP) and are intended for people in organisations within the Financial Services sector, eg insurance, banking, investment, etc.

These people may be carrying out front/back office/telephone and internet based operations in sales, banking, claims, pensions and insurance. They will require skills and knowledge relating to regulatory requirements, professional standards of ethics, codes of practice, company policies and procedures as well as the products and services provided by their organisation.

The SVQs are designed to be assessed in the workplace, or in conditions of the workplace. Examples of the settings or centres in which the SVQs are likely to be delivered include banks, building societies, insurance, pension or investment companies or organisations dealing with the handling of debt recovery. Partnership arrangements may also be formed between employers and colleges/training providers.

## Structure of the SVQ

This section lists the Units which form the **SVQ2 in Providing Financial Services at SCQF level 5**. Candidates must complete a total of **six** Units which must include the **three** mandatory (Core Competence) Units. At least **two** Units must be completed from any of the Technical Options Groups B2 to H2 and **one** further Unit must be selected from any Technical or Cross-sector Group from B2 to J2.

#### SVQ2 Providing Financial Services SCQF level 5 (GH5R 22)

SQA ref	SCQF level	SCQF credit points	SSC ref	Title
H5EY 04	5	5	FSPFCC01	Develop Yourself to Improve and Maintain Workplace Competence in a Financial Services Environment
H5F0 04	5	5	FSPFCC02	Plan and Organise Your Work in a Financial Services Environment
H5F2 04	5	5	FSPFCC04	Ensure You Comply with Regulations in the Financial Services Environment

#### **Mandatory Units**

#### **Optional Routes**

#### Technical Group B2 — Bank and Building Society Accounts options

SQA ref	SCQF level	SCQF credit points	SSC ref	Title
H5F3 04	5	4	FSPBA01	Set up Bank Accounts for Customers
H5F5 04	5	4	FSPBA03	Authorise Financial Transactions Using Telecommunications
H5F6 04	5	4	FSPBA04	Operate a Sterling Counter Till
H5F7 04	5	5	FSPBA05	Operate a Multi-Currency Till
H5FB 04	5	4	FSPBA09	Process Documentation for Bank or Building Society Accounts
H5FC 04	5	4	FSPIO14	Build Effective Relationships with Clients in a Financial Services Environment
H5FE 04	5	4	FINRFSGF1	Provide Information to Customers in a Financial Services Environment
H5FF 04	5	4	FINPFSGFS02	Deal with Requests to Cancel Financial Services Products or Services

## Technical Group C2 — Customer Payments for Financial Products and Services options

SQA ref	SCQF level	SCQF credit points	SSC ref	Title
H5FJ 04	5	4	FSPCP01	Process Customers' Financial Transactions
H5FK 04	5	4	FSPCP02	Assess and Use Financial Information to Reconcile Accounts
H5FL 04	6	4	FSPCP03	Operate Credit Control Procedures
H5FM 04	5	4	FSPCP04	Prepare and Pursue Statements of Account for Financial Products and Services
H5FN 04	5	4	FSPCP05	Operate Payment by Instalments
H5FE 04	5	4	FINRFSGF1	Provide Information to Customers in a Financial Services Environment

#### Technical Group D2 — General Insurance options

SQA ref	SCQF level	SCQF credit points	SSC ref	Title
H5FS 04	5	6	FSPGI01	Process Straightforward New Insurance Claims Notifications
H5FT 04	5	6	FSPGI02	Settle Straightforward Insurance Claims
H5FV 04	5	6	FSPGI03	Deal with Straightforward Claims for Insured Losses
H5FX 04	5	5	FSPGI05	Process Straightforward Claims for Uninsured Losses
H5G2 04	5	6	FSPGI09	Agree Settlement of Straightforward Claims for Uninsured Losses
H5G4 04	5	6	FSPGI11	Process Straightforward Insurance Business as an Intermediary
H5G5 04	5	6	FSPGI12	Process Straightforward Insurance Renewals as an Intermediary
H5G6 04	5	6	FSPGI13	Process Straightforward Mid-term Insurance Amendments
H5GB 04	5	5	FSPGI18	Underwrite Straightforward New Risks
H5GC 04	5	5	FSPGI19	Process Insurance Policy Documentation
H5GD 04	5	5	FSPGI20	Process Straightforward Insurance Renewals
H5GE 04	5	5	FSPGI26	Underwrite Straightforward Policy Alterations
H5FE 04	5	4	FINRFSGF1	Provide Information to Customers in a Financial Services Environment

#### Technical Group E2 — Investment Operations options

SQA ref	SCQF level	SCQF credit points	SSC ref	Title
H5H7 04	5	5	FSPIO10	Assess and Use Financial Information to Reconcile Stakeholder Investment Accounts
H5H9 04	5	4	FSPIO12	Process Payments Relating to Stakeholder Investment Transactions or Accounts
H5FC 04	5	4	FSPIO14	Build Effective Relationships with Clients in a Financial Services Environment
H5FE 04	5	4	FINRFSGF1	Provide Information to Customers in a Financial Services Environment

#### Technical Group F2 — Life, Pensions and Investments options

SQA ref	SCQF level	SCQF credit points	SSC ref	Title
H5HA 04	5	3	FSPLPI01	Process Straightforward New Life, Pensions and Investment Business Quotations
H5HB 04	5	4	FSPLPI02	Underwrite Straightforward Alterations to Life, Pensions and Investment Contracts
H5HC 04	5	4	FSPLPI03	Process Straightforward Requests for Payment Against Life, Pensions and Investment Contracts
H5HG 04	5	5	FSPLPI07	Process Documentation for Straightforward Life, Pensions and Investment Contracts
H5FC 04	5	4	FSPIO14	Build Effective Relationships with Clients in a Financial Services Environment
H5FE 04	5	4	FINRFSGF01	Provide Information to Customers in a Financial Services Environment

#### Technical Group G2 — Financing and Credit options

SQA ref	SCQF level	SCQF credit points	SSC ref	Title
H5HY 04	5	4	FSPFC09	Process Applications for Financing and Credit Facilities
H5J0 04	5	4	FSPFC10	Process Documentation for Financing and Credit Facilities
H5FC 04	5	4	FSPIO14	Build Effective Relationships with Clients in a Financial Services Environment
H5FE 04	5	4	FINRFSGF1	Provide Information to Customers in a Financial Services Environment

## Technical Group H2 — Administration for Mortgage and/or Financial Planning Intermediaries options

SQA ref	SCQF level	SCQF credit points	SSC ref	Title
H5J1 04	5	4	FSPAMFP01	Provide an Administrative Service for Mortgage and/or Financial Planning Clients
H5J3 04	5	4	FSPAMFP02	Process Instructions for Straightforward Mortgage and Financial Business Planning
H5J4 04	5	4	FSPAMFP03	Contribute to Reports for Mortgage and/or Financial Planning Clients
H5FE 04	5	4	FINRFSGF1	Provide Information to Customers in a Financial Services Environment

#### **Optional Units**

#### Cross-sector Group J2 — Financial Services Customer Care options

SQA ref	SCQF level	SCQF credit points	SSC ref	Title
FE1V 04	5	5	CFACSB2	Deliver Reliable Customer Service
F941 04	5	6	CFACSC3	Resolve Customer Service Problems
H5JW 04	5	5	FSPFCS02	Deal with Customers by Telephone in a Financial Services Environment
H5K9 04	5	4	FSPFSSP01	Promote the Organisation's Additional Financial Services Products and/or Services
FM4F 04	9	10	CFAMLA3	Develop Your Personal Networks
H5KB 04	6	6	CFASLS71	Generate and Follow Up Sales Leads
H5KC 04	5	6	CFASLS73	Sell Products or Services Over the Telephone
H5KD 04	5	6	CFASLS72	Sell Products or Services Face-to-Face
H5KE 04	5	6	CFASLS28	Develop, Implement and Monitor Sales Call Plans

#### An Assessment Strategy for the SVQ

As part of its review of the SVQ(s), the standards-setting body the Financial and Legal Skills Partnership (FLSP) has developed an Assessment Strategy which defines a range of requirements:

- the occupational expertise of assessors and verifiers
- a definition of simulation
- definition of the workplace
- information on a model of independent assessment or external quality control

The relevant parts of the Assessment Strategy are published on SQA's website (**www.sqa.org.uk**), and both SQA and centres must comply with these requirements.

#### Why would people be interested in the SVQ?

People will take SVQs for a variety of reasons: to gain promotion, to prove their job competence, or for personal development. There will be other reasons too. One of the first things to do is to find out why your candidates want to do the SVQ, and to advise them of the appropriateness of the qualification. If anyone is acting as a coach or mentor to your candidates, they might help you to do this.

## How do candidates begin?

#### Choosing the SVQ

You should make sure that candidates get guidance before starting out on an SVQ — they need advice to ensure that their existing job remit, skills, experience, and their plans for progression, are matched to the SVQ selected. It does not have to be you as the assessor, who carried out the matching process, but whoever has responsibility for this should ensure that the assessment opportunities available to the candidate are also considered.

#### Example 1

Sam Bruce has recently joined a retail bank working in a branch in a large town. Previously Sam was at college where he gained some awards at SCQF level 5 but none were related to banking or business studies. To date he has completed his formal induction course, including the completion of in-house assessments relating to regulations, ethics and compliance. He will now follow a structured on the job training programme in the branch. The branch handles customer calls as well as serving customers face to face and Sam's role will primarily involve meeting customers who wish to open accounts and handling subsequent telephone queries from these new customers. The bank has recently set up a scheme where all new entrants can complete a vocational qualification if they wish and Sam has decided that he wants to join this scheme.

Sam attended a meeting with the Learning and Development Adviser for his region to discuss which vocational qualification he might complete. It was agreed, as his job involved working face to face with the bank's customers in a retail banking environment, the SVQ2 in Providing Financial Services at SCQF level 5 would be the most appropriate qualification for him to undertake, as he will have plenty opportunity to generate sufficient evidence to prove his competence in this area.

The Bank and Building Society Accounts route was identified as the best technical route for Sam to follow, therefore it was agreed that he would undertake three Units from within this group:

- 1 Set up Bank Accounts for Customers
- 2 Provide Information to Customers in a Financial Services Environment
- 3 Build Effective Relationships with Clients in a Financial Services Environment

The bank does not carry out the assessment function in-house but have set up a contract with an approved centre to provide assessment and verification services for them. Sam's line manager will contribute to this process. The approved centre will provide Sam with an assessor who will work in partnership with Sam and his line manager to guide them through the qualification and assist Sam to gather and present his evidence in an online portfolio. Many pieces of evidence will come from existing work outputs which are held electronically on the bank's systems and can be cross referenced in his online portfolio. Sam's assessor will guide him, based on previously completed matching activities, on the types of electronic work outputs he might be able to cross refer to in his portfolio.

The bank expects staff to complete their vocational qualification in approximately a year and the Learning and Development Adviser will meet with Sam, his assessor and line manager quarterly to monitor progress towards this target.

#### Example 2

Lee has worked in an insurance company call centre for a year but does not have any formal qualifications. To date she has completed the call centre training programme which involved an intensive induction programme followed by regular workshops which all team members attend. She has also completed some programmes on the company's online learning system and has successfully completed all the company's internal compliance assessments which are accredited by a professional body. She feels that she is now ready to gain a more formal qualification that would record her competence and recognise the skills and knowledge she already has but does not want to have to commit to taking formal exams at this point in time, though she may want to do so in the future.

Arrangements were made for Lee to meet with the team coach responsible for Learning and Development to discuss the options available that could meet her needs. During this meeting a matching process was carried out to identify Lee's skills and experience as well as her current job role. At the end of this process it was agreed that, as her job concentrated on providing support to customers by telephone, the SVQ2 in Providing Financial Services at SCQF level 5 would be the most appropriate qualification for her to undertake, as she could readily generate sufficient evidence to prove her competence in this area.

After some discussion it was apparent that the General Insurance route would be the most suitable route for Lee to take, therefore it was agreed that she would undertake two Units from within this group:

- 1 Process Straightforward Insurance Renewals
- 2 Process Insurance Policy Documentation

and as her work is telephone based, it would be most appropriate if her third Unit was:

3 Deal with Customers by Telephone in a Financial Services Environment

The insurance company operates as an Approved Centre and has its own in-house assessment and verifiers who can support Lee through the award. The centre already has a cross matching template in place which shows where in-house activities such as the company's externally accredited regulatory assessments can contribute to the evidence for some of the Units that have been selected.

Lee will continue to attend in-house training activities which may also generate evidence and she will complete some online learning programmes as well as attending the weekly team training sessions.

Lee's company also have a process where the team leader meets quarterly with the candidate and their assessor at the conclusion of an assessment event to review progress and identify any further assistance that might be required.

## **2** Preparing to assess the SVQ

This section offers practical advice on how to begin to go about assessing your candidates for the SVQ. This advice is offered as examples of good practice — you may develop your own approaches to assessing your candidates which also work well.

## Your role and your candidate's role

Assessing the SVQ will involve several stages. Both you and the candidate should be clear on your roles in the assessment process before you begin.

#### Your role

- ensure candidates understand what is to be assessed and how it is to be assessed
- ensure the conditions and resources required for assessment are available
- help candidates to identify and gather evidence
- observe and record candidates carrying out the activities described in the standards — records should say what has been observed, how it was carried out, and what it demonstrates
- assess products of the candidate's own work
- question candidates and record results
- help candidates to present evidence
- authenticate the evidence candidates provide
- judge evidence and make assessment decisions
- identify gaps or shortfalls in candidates' competence
- provide feedback to candidates throughout the assessment process
- record achievement

#### Candidate's role

- prepare for assessment become familiar with the standards, what is to be assessed and how it is to be assessed
- help to identify sources of evidence and how these could be assessed
- carry out activities, and/or produce products of own work, and/or answer questions
- gather and present evidence
- receive and act on feedback from the assessor

## Planning

In planning for assessment, you will find it helpful to meet with your candidate and plan what is to be assessed, in what way, and when and where the assessment is to take place. This discussion can be confirmed in the form of an agreed assessment plan between you and your candidate.

You should treat assessment plans as working documents — they can be updated and changed as you review progress with your candidate.

As you are planning assessment, don't forget to make the most of opportunities to *integrate* assessment. This means planning to assess an activity which draws on the contents of different Units. Many activities carried out by candidates in the Financial Services industry as part of their day-to-day work will generate evidence for more than one Unit in this SVQ. Depending on the activities being assessed and the Units selected by the candidate/their organisation it is feasible that an activity could generate evidence for all six units being assessed. The assessor and candidate have to decide the level of integration in a portfolio — it can be as few as two units or it could be all six units in the award.

To support the maximisation of integration, all the exemplars in these Guidelines are based on integrating assessment across six units but the templates can be adapted to support assessment for a fewer number of units if desired.

In financial services organisations, there is usually a wealth of existing evidence that the candidate will have generated as part of the organisation's performance management and compliance processes and you should encourage the maximum reuse of this existing evidence. As an assessor, you should identify whether some cross matching templates are in place and, if not, you should consider developing these in consultation with the candidate and their manager as this will not only help the candidate(s) you are working with now, but future candidates working towards the award you are assessing.

You should bear in mind that financial services organisations have very strict rules about copying of evidence (forms, records of conversations, letters or emails to customers, etc) from their systems and it is unlikely that this will be permitted. Therefore as an assessor, you will have to be prepared to review products of evidence online and support the candidate to ensure they include the right level of recording and cross referencing to work held elsewhere in their portfolio of evidence.

If you are a new assessor working towards your LD9 unit (the national standards in assessment and verification) you will need copies of completed assessment plans as part of your evidence.

To help you plan for assessment, we have produced an excerpt from an integrated assessment plan for an SVQ in which all the Units in the SVQ are considered whenever an assessment activity is undertaken.

You will notice that we have included spaces to enter dates when the assessment plan has been reviewed. Any gaps identified during these reviews should be discussed with your candidates and noted for action in an update to the assessment plan.

Given that observation can be dependent on the business situation of the day (ie types of calls being received) not all the potential evidence will actually be generated during the assessment event, but you can see there is scope for a significant range of performance criteria, behaviours or knowledge to be evidenced as you assess candidates. As you work through the assessment process, your later plans are likely to be more unit specific focusing on highlighting the gaps you plan to cover, but at the outset, you are likely to find a more generic plan will enable you to maximise the amount of evidence you can capture from a single observation. Such early progress will also be motivational for the candidate.

### Assessment plan

	urself to Improve and Maintain Workplace		ncial Serv	rices Enviro	onment		01 (H5E)	,
	ganise Your Work in a Financial Services Comply with Regulations in the Financia						02 (H5F0 04 (H5F2	
	Accounts for Customers						)1 (H5F3 (	,
	rmation to Customers in a Financial Serv	vicos Environmont					GF1 (H5F	
	ve Relationships with Clients in a Financial Service		\ <del>1</del>				4 (H5FC (	,
Date of	Activities	Method of assessment/		potential evid	dence for	10101		/4)
planned	A cuviles	Sources of evidence	H5EY	H5F0	H5F2	H5F3	H5FE	H5FC
assessment			04	04	04	04	04	04
16/04/13	Assessor to listen into live calls handled by the candidate	Direct observation		P2, 3, 7-11	P2, 3, 6	P1-12	P1-10	P2-9
				K2, 5, 6, 8	K2, 7	K1-15	K1-9	K1, 2, 6, 7
				B2,3	B1	B1-6	B1-6	B1-4
	Assessor to listen back to previous calls identified by the candidate as potential evidence. For this visit, candidate to	Direct observation		P3, 7- 11	P2, 3, 6	P1-12	P1-10	P3-9
	focus on identifying calls where they are responding to routine queries relating to			K2, 5, 8	K2, 7	K1-15	K1-9	K1, 2, 6, 7
	the opening of accounts			B2, 3	B1	B1-6		
							B1-6	B1-4
	Assessor to review previous candidate's performance review statistics, call monitoring and PDP reports for the	Products	P1, 5, 6-8	P1, 6, 8				
	previous period		K8, 9, 11-14, 18, 19	K5, 7	-	-	-	K4, 5
			B2, 3	B1				

Units								
	Irself to Improve and Maintain Workplace		ncial Servi	ices Enviro	onment	FSPFCC	01 (H5EY	04)
Plan and Org	ganise Your Work in a Financial Services	Environment				FSPFCC	02 (H5F0	04)
Ensure You	Comply with Regulations in the Financial	Services Environment				FSPFCC	04 (H5F2	04)
Set up Bank	Accounts for Customers					FSPBA02	1 (H5F3 0	4)
<b>Provide Infor</b>	rmation to Customers in a Financial Servi	ces Environment				FINRFSG	GF1 (H5FI	E 04)
Build Effectiv	e Relationships with Clients in a Financia	al Services Environmen	nt			FSPIO14	(H5FC 0	4
Date of	Activities	Method of assessment/	Provides	potential evid	dence for	-		
planned		Sources of evidence	H5EY	H5F0	H5F2	H5F3	H5FE	H5FC
assessment			04	04	04	04	04	04
	Candidate to access online test scores in	Products	P9	P11	P1-6	P11, 12	P9-10	P1, 9
	in-house Regulatory and Compliance							
	modules re Data Protection; Money		K19	K9	K1-7	K1-15	K1-9	K1-7
	Laundering; Opening and servicing				54			
	customer accounts for review by the				B1			
	assessor Candidate to provide a personal	Personal statement	P7	P1, 8, 9	P2, 3, 6	P1-12	P2-4, 6,	P6-9
	statement on how they carry out their	reisonal statement		F1, 0, 9	FZ, 3, 0	F 1-12	9, 10	F0-9
	role when opening accounts on a face-to-						5, 10	
	face basis for review by the assessor		K10-12,	K2, 5, 6,		K1, 4, 5,		K2, 7
			19	8,9		7, 10-12		-

Assessor's signature:	Frances Black	1st review due:	1/05/13
Candidate's signature:	Sam Bruce	2nd review due:	01/06/13
Date of agreement:	28/03/2013	Date of completion:	01/07/13

### Selecting methods of assessment

The methods of assessment you use should be valid, reliable and practicable.

- By *valid* we mean that the assessment method should be appropriate to the standards.
- By *reliable* we mean that the assessment method should ensure consistent results when used with different candidates, different assessors and on different occasions.
- By *practicable* we mean that the method ensures that the assessment makes best use of available resources, equipment and time.

Before you assess a candidate, you must make sure that the methods of assessment you have chosen to use, along with any assessment materials (such as questions and sample answers) have been agreed within your centre through its system of internal quality assurance. This system is often called *internal verification* — its purpose is to help to ensure that assessment methods are valid, reliable and practicable.

There are both benefits and challenges when you are assessing SVQs in the workplace, or in conditions of the workplace. When you select methods of assessment, you should try to offer the candidate the benefits of workplace assessment and minimise any potential difficulties.

The benefits might be:

- candidates can be assessed in the workplace cost and time minimised
- good rapport/relationship can be built between assessor and candidates
- assessment can progress at the candidates' own pace
- flexibility of planning assessment to fit the needs of those involved in the process
- no formal assessment necessary as credit is given on performance
- familiarity of work environment and tasks to be carried out
- support of other experienced staff
- promotes confidence and loyalty
- useful part of on

The challenges might be:

- pressures of work
- confidentiality issues including organisational restrictions on accessing client information
- interference/disruptions from surroundings
- lack of opportunities to gather evidence in the workplace at a given point in time
- lack of privacy
- time constraints
- sufficiency of access for assessors
- organising assistance of others involved in the assessment process

#### Example

You might agree with a candidate working in a call centre who is looking to generate evidence about how they explain to a customer the features, terms and conditions of an account and confirm that the customer has understood them that you will listen into calls. Live call monitoring often needs to be set up in advance using specific equipment so you will need to ensure this is all in place.

There is the possibility that at the time you undertake live call monitoring with them, the type of calls being received may not generate the evidence required. To allow for this, you can also agree with the candidate that the observation does not always need to be undertaken in a live situation. Whilst preparing for their assessment, the candidate can identify recent calls that they believe meet the criteria to and bring these to your attention, typically by taking note of the relevant call references at the time of the call. You can then listen to the replay of the call using the organisation's monitoring systems to undertake the assessment activity at a later date.

### Methods of assessment

Assessment may involve a range of assessment methods. For SVQs, some of the most commonly used methods are observation, product evidence, and questioning.

#### Observation

Observation by an assessor is considered to be the most valid and reliable method of assessment. It can be organised in a variety of ways:

- working alongside the candidate
- arranging to visit when naturally-occurring activities are carried out by the candidate
- reviewing live or telephone recording of activities being undertaken previously
- arranging for activities to take place

Observation by the assessor can often be supplemented by other types of assessment methods such as questioning. For example, it may be appropriate to ask oral questions of candidates as they carry out naturally-occurring activities.

#### Example 1

Observation can be used to demonstrate the candidate's competence in dealing with a customer on the phone. They can show that they are able to build rapport remotely, communicate effectively, ask appropriate questions, gather sufficient information and provide clear and concise information to the customer. During the call, you will also be able to assess their understanding of the organisations products and/or procedures and their knowledge of legal and ethical issues relating to subject matter of the call.

#### Example 2

Observation can be used to demonstrate the candidate's competence in navigating around the organisation's computer based systems to locate and update customer information and generate appropriate documentation to send to the customer or another department/section in the organisation.

#### **Product evidence**

As candidates work towards achieving the SVQ, they will produce evidence in the form of products of their work. The nature of this evidence can vary widely depending on what the candidate's job entails, but examples of product evidence include:

- Accurate online updating of customer information on an organisation's record systems.
- Written communication sent, or requested to be sent, to the customer or other connected parties.

#### Questioning

Candidates have to show that they can meet the knowledge specifications for the SVQ. For this SVQ, Knowledge and Understanding is specified for each Unit. Much of a candidate's knowledge and understanding will be apparent from what they do or produce as part of their work, but this will not always be the case, and questioning can be a useful way of confirming what candidates know and understand.

Questions can be asked in a variety of forms, such as oral questions, short answer written questions, and multiple choice.

Due to the practical nature of the Financial Services qualification, it is suggested that where additional questioning is required oral (as opposed to written) questions should be used to test candidates' knowledge and understanding.

- **Q** Give some examples of the types of information you might request from a customer to establish their identity before you proceed to handle their call.
- A Designated letters/numbers from the password they have set up, details of payees/frequency of existing standing orders they have on their account, confirmation of their date of birth, postcode and the year they opened their account.
- **Q** A customer has recently opened their account but you are still waiting to complete the process as you are missing a piece of identification to confirm their address. The customer comes in with a two year old mobile phone bill and asks you use this as identification

At the same time they ask that you deposit £12,000 in cash into their account now, what would you do and why?

A Explain to the customer that your organisation only accepts identification that is more recently dated (different organisations have different rules but many will not accept address verification documents that are older than three months and many will not accept mobile phone accounts in any event, you would need the candidate to know the rules for their organisation).

You will not accept funds into an account until all the identification procedures are completed. In any event, opening an account with such a large of amount of cash is also potentially suspicious, typically it might indicate money laundering and you should to refer the situation to the appropriate person.

#### Other methods of assessment

These methods, like questioning, are often used for authentication. See Section 3 for more about authenticating candidates' evidence.

#### **Personal statements**

You might sometimes find it helpful to ask a candidate to give an account of why they did an activity in a certain way or how they produced a product of their work. This is often referred to as a *personal statement*. You should take care to ensure that by asking candidates to produce such statements, you are not asking them to demonstrate competence beyond what is required by the standards. You should also be selective in the use of personal statements, and make sure they have not been produced as a substitute to a more valid, reliable and practical method of assessment.

#### Example

Personal statements are useful in supporting other evidence presented such as product evidence. The candidate can write about why a call has to be handled in a particular way, any timescales which must be met and the importance of ensuring why the information given is complete and accurate and why correctly updated records of calls matter.

#### Witness testimony

For practical reasons, you may not be able to observe all the activities carried out by your candidates, but might feel that other people may be able to provide a statement on what your candidates have been doing or producing as part of their work. Statements of this kind are called *witness testimony*, and are often used to support other evidence produced by candidates. If witness testimony is used, you should, ideally, identify witnesses and opportunities for using their testimony as part of assessment planning.

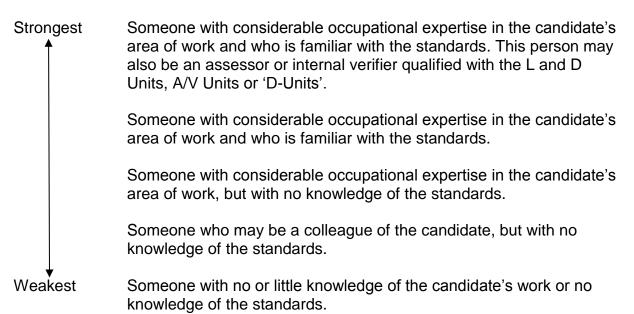
You should bear in mind that the weight of the evidence will vary, depending on the knowledge and expertise of the person providing the witness testimony. You will have to take these factors into account as you make your judgement.

Given that assessors are responsible for judging and signing off all evidence, they must ensure that any witness testimony comes from a reliable and credible source. The ideal witness will be:

- experienced in the area of work carried out by the candidate
- familiar with the standards to be met, and
- in possession of relevant qualification(s)

Line managers/team leaders can often be called on to give witness testimony. This is particularly useful where the assessor is from another organisation as it further validates the assessor's assessment of the extent to which organisational policies and procedures have been followed and appropriate behaviours have been consistently displayed. It can also help with ensuring the organisation, and specifically the line managers, remain engaged with the assessment process and its outputs.

However, where no one in the workplace meets all the above criteria the assessor must make a judgement on a person's suitability based on other equivalent factors (position in organisation, length of service, proven ability to meet standards, etc).



Witness testimony is unlikely to be sufficient in itself for a decision about the candidate's competence, and would normally be supplemented by questioning candidates.

#### Example

In a situation where the candidate is required to produce documentation for customers in circumstances that arise only occasionally, a witness testimony could be used to verify that the candidate consistently produces accurate documents in line with company policies and procedures. The assessor might also ask some questions of the candidate to confirm their understanding of the activities they have undertaken.

#### Simulation

*Simulation* is any structured assessment exercise involving a specific task which reproduces real-life situations.

On some occasions, it may not be practical to assess a candidate in real work. Examples might be where the standards require candidates to carry out emergency or contingency procedures, or where client confidentiality is an issue, or where a candidate's job role does not cover all aspects of the qualification.

The Financial and Legal Skills Partnership has defined what it regards as simulation, and has specified in the standards when simulation is and is not acceptable. The standards also state when candidates must demonstrate competence in the workplace.

For more details on simulation and what constitutes performance in the workplace, look at the Assessment Strategy on SQA's website: **www.sqa.org.uk**.

Simulation can be used as an acceptable method of assessment in cases where infrequent occurrences are identified as these occurrences might never happen during the course of the SVQ. Examples might include:

- Identify suspicious or irregular transactions and take the appropriate action.
- Take appropriate action in a type of transaction that arises irregularly.

#### Other sources of evidence

Other sources of evidence can be previous experience or learning, case studies or assignments. When working with financial services organisations, where there is typically a great deal of training and development activity carried out, you should explore what acceptable evidence might have been generated through these activities.

SQA's *Guide to Assessment* (see section 5) has more advice on methods of assessment and how to ensure that your assessment is valid, reliable and practicable.

## **3 Generating evidence**

The methods of assessment you use should generate sufficient evidence to demonstrate the candidate's competence.

We described earlier the circumstances in which you might choose to use different methods of assessment. Starting on the next page, this section gives you examples of forms which you can use to record and present evidence of:

- observation (by the assessor)
- questions and candidate responses
- personal statement (produced by the candidate)
- witness testimony

There are blank forms which you can copy and use in assessment in Appendix 1.

### **Observation**

For observation, note that the form asks you to record the skills and activities observed. This helps you to make a judgement on how the activity was carried out and what it demonstrates and how to match this to the performance criteria, knowledge and skills and behaviours.

#### **Observation record**

Units									
Develop Yourself	to Improve and Maintain Worl	place Competence in a Financia	al Services Environr	nent FS	PFCC01	1 (H5EY	04)		
	e Your Work in a Financial Se					2 (H5F0 (			
0	bly with Regulations in the Fin			FS	PFCC04	4 (H5F2 (	)4)		
	unts for Customers					(HSF3 04	,		
	on to Customers in a Financial	Services Environment		FII	NRFSGF	1 (H5FE	04)		
Build Effective Rel	lationships with Clients in a Fi	nancial Services Environment				H5 <sup>`</sup> FC 04			
Candidate:	Sam Bruce	Date of observation:	16/04/13		· · · ·		/		
Evidence index n	number: 01								
Skills/activities o	bserved:			H5EY	H5F0	H5F2	H5F3	H5FE	H5FC
				04	04	04	04	04	04
During my call mo	nitoring between 1400 and 14	30 I listened to one live inbound	call and one live	1			1	1	
		e candidate had previously iden							
		Il call audio available on review							
reference.	,		5						
On joining the can	didate's calls, the candidate h	ad his desktop fully open with a	ll relevant		P2,		P11	P10	P2, 9
		ere answered immediately they			11				,
		dards introduction and full identi							
		were also concluded using the B			K9		K15	K2	K7
	eaving customers feeling valu				_		_		
- ign in neeeigen	······································								
Call 16041322779	2 (Inbound call)					P2, 6	P9,	P1, 2,	P3, 8,
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	debit switching from previous b	ank Correct			, •	11	5, 6,	9
		team and customer updated C						7, 8,	-
		levant questions asked, ascerta						9, 10	
		d clearly to customer who took						0, 10	
		ing to the payment process clea				K7	K2, 6,	K2, 5,	K2, 6,
		ecked; customer notes screen up					8, 11,	6, 7, 9	7
		an entry in the shared diary to re					15	0, 1, 0	'
direct debit switch									
					B3	B1	B1-6	B1-6	B2-3
								2.0	
				1	1	1	1	1	1

Skills/activities observed:	H5EY	H5F0	H5F2	H5F3	H5FE	H5FC
	04	04	04	04	04	04
Call 090413227717 (Inbound call of 9 <sup>th</sup> April accessed from the archive)			P2, 6	P2-5,	P1-10	P3, 4,
New account holder opened account recently has been charged for exceeding agreed limits due				P7, 8,		7-9
to an uncleared cheque. Had thought the account was offset against new deposit account.				11		
Account features and rules of uncleareds/offset explained clearly, Sam identified the account does						
not fully meet customer requirements, excellent customer rapport such that customer decides to			K7	K1, 2,	K1, 2,	K2, 6,
switch to new account type rather than close the account. Sam unable to respond to customer				4, 6,	K5-9	7
request to write off account charges as beyond authority but contacted authorising team leader				8, 9,		
with customer on hold and having secured agreement, confirms fee reversal to customer.				14, 15		
Customer talked through new paperwork that will be generated for their signature and						
arrangements for sending/returning this confirmed. New customer passwords set up and all						
paperwork generated to send to customer/customer screens and notes updated.		B3	B1	B1-6	B1-6	B2-4
Call 1604132277109 (Outbound call made on 16 <sup>th</sup> April)						
As there were no inbound calls in the queue, Sam called up his diary and identified customer			P2, 6	P3,	P6, 9	P2-5,
callback he had promised to carry out today and made a call to a customer he had promised to				11		8, 9
call today re the opening of their account to update them on the progress made. Prior to the call,						
Sam identified on reference had not been received. In the call he ascertained the delay was due			K7	K1,	K1, 2,	K2, 6,
to the customer still waiting for the return of their passport from a visa application. Explored				10,15	6, 9	7
alternative acceptable ID with the customer but concluded best option at present was to wait for						
he passport to be returned. Made sure the customer knew the passport could be taken in to any			B1	B1-6	B3-5	B2-3
convenient branch. Checked everything else was in order and the customer had no queries.						
Updated all customer records. Agreed to call customer again in 5 days.						
Assessor's comments and feedback to candidate:						
Evidence was generated during your normal working routine and on this occasion you have demons	strated co	ompeten	ce in dea	ling with	your cust	tomers
by telephone. Next time, we shall arrange to observe you dealing with customers face to face and a	sk your s	superviso	or to prov	ide a witr	ness testi	mony
covering your performance relating to conducting an account opening interview.						
I can confirm the candidate's performance was satisfactory.						

Assessor's signature: Frances Black	Date: 16/04/13
Candidate's signature: Sam Bruce	Date: 16/04/13

#### **Questions and candidate responses**

This form can be used to record any questions you might ask the candidate to establish what they know and understand. You should note the candidate's responses on this form too.

Note that there is a space near the top of the form for you to record when, where, how and why you asked the questions.

Where you want to give the candidate written questions, this form could also be used.

### Record of questions and candidate's answers

H5F0 04 — Plan an H5F2 04 — Ensure H5F3 04 — Set up H5FE 04 — Provide	d Organise You You Comply wit Bank Accounts Information to	prove and Maintain Workplace r Work in a Financial Services I h Regulations in the Financial S for Customers Customers in a Financial Servic ships with Clients in a Financia	Environment Services Environment ces Environment		ervices I	Environr	nent		
Candidate:	Sam Bruce	•	/04/13		ence ind	lex num	nber	C	)5
<b>Circumstances of assessment:</b> To gather evidence where not apparent through performance evidence								I	
				F88M 04	F8HD 04	F88P 04	F8FL 04	F89O 04	F8FR 04
identification whee A: We use our in-he	en opening an a buse systems th r to check the va	heck you carry out to confirm a ccount over the telephone at link to recognised external so alidity of the address the custom address.	ources such as the				P6 K10		
<ul> <li>Q. If you undertook such a search and the customer was not on the Electoral register at that address what would you do?</li> <li>A. I do not have the authority to open an account in that case, so I would transfer the call to my team leader, having explained to the customer that there were a few more guestions that needed to be asked.</li> </ul>						P4 K4			
delivery? A: Customers are a office. All data co	sked to comple ollected is put of the analysis. T	cedures and systems for check a customer feedback form wh the system, a report is produc here is a separate complaints h	nich goes to head ed showing the					К1	K2, 4, 5
Candidate's signatu	re	Sam Bruce	Assessors signa	ture	• 	Fra	nces B	lack	•

#### Candidate's personal statement

If a personal statement is being used as evidence, it should be completed by the candidate. The statement should record what they did, how and why they chose to carry out an activity or produce work in a certain way. Where other people may have been present during an activity and they may be able to provide witness testimony, the candidate should record how the statement links to other evidence in the column provided.

Units									
Develop Yourself	to Improve and Maintain	Workplace Competence in a Fin	nancial Services En	vironme	nt FS	SPFCCO	1 (H5E)	( 04)	
		al Services Environment				SPFCC0			
		e Financial Services Environme	nt			SPFCC0	· ·	,	
	unts for Customers					SPBA01	•	,	
		ancial Services Environment				NRFSG	•	,	
		n a Financial Services Environm			F٤	SPIO14	(H5FC 0	)4)	
Candidate:	Sam Bruce	Date of observation:	16/04/13						
Evidence index r	number: 03	Links to other evidence	01, 04						
Details of statem	ent			H5EY 04	H5F0 04	H5F2 04	H5F3 04	H5FE 04	H5FC 04
by phone if I am on accounts on the tele	the rota to handle in-bound ephone. On these calls, we	unts for customers, this can either d calls. This statement covers how have to encourage the customer to m feel welcome and valued as new	I handle opening o chat with us so we					P1,2 K2,3	P3 K2
In all calls, I have to and help prompts a		creens open so I can access the rel	levant input screens		P2				P2
I follow the prompts and gather information from the customer so that I can meet their needs and comply with legal and company regulations. Information required includes, personal details, identity checks and what they require from the account. This allows me to ensure I offer the customer the best account to suit their needs and explain all the account features/answer their questions. I will ask follow up questions if I am not sure about any responses.					P11	P2, 6 K3,7	P1-3, 6, 11 K5, 8, 10,15	P5, 7, 10 K9	P3, 4, 9 K1, 6, 7
I keep up-to-date with all products and services and regulatory updates in order to explain their terms and conditions as well as their different features to the customer so they can make an informed decision about the most suitable account for them.					P5	P7 K2, 8	P8 K7	P1, 4	
they understand ev	erything and are satisfied w	e customer I confirm the arrangeme vith them and tell them what will ha ve and what they have to sign and	ppen next and				P7 K6		

Details of statement	H5EY	H5F0	H5F2	H5F3	H5FE	H5FC
	04	04	04	04	04	04
I input all the information into the relevant screens to record their personal details and all the products and services discussed and any advice given and at the conclusion, I send of the generation request so that the documentation is produced and sent to the customers				P8	P6 K6	
I end the call by thanking the customer for calling us and checking if I can call them back in 10 days to make sure they have all the forms they need and that the account is opening as planned. If the customer agrees on call back I enter it into the diary schedule for the relevant day, otherwise I note their files as to why the call back was declined and ensure a 28 day feedback form is sent out to them.						P8 K5
Sometimes customers ask about accounts I do not deal with in which case I identify which team deals with these accounts and transfer the call to that team, ensuring that I explain to the customer what is happening and introduce the call to the new team and transfer the input records to date to that call handler.			К2	P4 K4	P3, 4 K5, 8	P7

Signed (candidate): Sam Bruce

Date 17/05/13

#### Witness testimony

Remember when you begin to use witness testimony that it must be capable of being authenticated — even if the testimony itself is being used to authenticate a candidate's claim to competence.

To make sure the witness testimony is genuine, you must ensure that you have a record of who is acting as a witness, their relationship to the candidate (eg supervisor, client) address, telephone number and the date. There are spaces for this information in the form.

### Witness testimony

Units											
Develop Yourself to Imp	prove and Maintain Work	place Competence in a Financial Se	ervices Environ	ment	FSP	FCC01	(H5EY 0-	4)			
Plan and Organise Your					FSPFCC02 (H5F0 04)						
Ensure You Comply with	h Regulations in the Fina		FSPFCC04 (H5F2 04)								
Set up Bank Accounts for		FSP	BA01 (H	5F3 04)	-						
Provide Information to C		FIN	RFSGF1	(H5FE (	)4)						
<b>Build Effective Relations</b>		FSP	1014 (H	5FC 04)							
Candidate:											
Name of Witness	Jo Monk	Designation/									
	<b>-</b> . <b>-</b>	Relationship to	Branch Serv	rices							
Contact Number	Ext 7211	candidate									
Evidence index number	er: 02	Links to other evidence	01, 04								
Details of testimony:				H5EY	H5F0	H5F2	H5F3	H5FE	H5FC		
				04	04	04	04	04	04		
		s work outputs and call performance			P11						
		wing the work outputs and sample o									
		ompany and regulatory requirements	s when setting								
up bank accounts for cu	stomers whilst using his	own time effectively.									
During these reviews I h	ave found that Sam der	nonstrated that he was very compete	ant in this								
		roducts and services he is authorise			P1		P1-	P1,	P1-4,		
		ns of the products clearly and concis					15	2,5,7,	P9		
ensures that the custom		no of the products clearly and concle					10	8,10	1.5		
								K1-3,	K1, 2,		
							K1,2,	5-7	6, 7		
Sam is aware of the info				4-15		0, 1					
bank account, payment			P2,6		P6						
company policy and lega			,0		K9	K2, 6,					
									7		

Details of testimony:		H5EY 04	H5F0 04	H5F2 04	H5F3 04	H5FE 04	H5FC 04
Regularly he has:		04	04	P2, 6	P1-	P3, 4,	P1, 3,
contacted another member of staff for guidance and support					12	7	4, 5
answered customer's questions clearly using a range of communication style				K2, 4,	K1-2,	K7-9	7-9 K1-3,
made arrangements for payments to be set up (Direct Debits and/or Standing	l Orders)			7	4-15	117-5	6-7
discussed Data Protection Act regarding disclosure							
carried out the necessary checks required by law							
Promptly passed calls over to other teams where product request is outside h limits	is authorisation						
In one instance, Sam's diligence was such that he identified a transaction wh fraudulent and in breach of money laundering requirements and immediately the correct Fraud Unit resulting in the Bank being able to gather useful intellig avoiding the completion of a fraudulent transaction	escalated the call to			K5	P12 K3		P7
Sam is very effective member of my team who meets deadlines and commitm whenever possible. He takes pride in her work and understands why it is imper accurate and complete information ready to be further processed by more set staff. Sam is particularly diligent in keeping his own product knowledge up to colleagues and customers in a professional manner and adapts his approach different customers and their needs.	ortant to produce nior members of date. He works will		P6, 9, 10 B1-3	B1	B1-6	B1-6	P1 B1-4
I can confirm the candidate's evidence is authentic and accurate	Date: 30/05/2013						
Signed by witness Jo Monk	Date. 30/05/2013						

Witness (please tick the appropriate box):

Holds LD9, A1/A2 or D32/D33 qualifications

 $\boxtimes$  Is familiar with the SVQ standards to which the candidate is working

### Filling the gaps

There may come a time when your candidate has provided evidence for most of the Unit (or SVQ), but there are some gaps. For example, you may find that certain situations, such as handling contingencies, have not arisen during assessment. Often these will relate to dealing with health and safety issues, or unexpected problems with workflow like delays in receiving information from another part of the organisation.

In this SVQ, such gaps are likely to occur in generating evidence for:

- Identifying and reporting suspicious fraudulent activity to appropriate authority
- Resolve any ambiguities or discrepancies
- Identify unresolved queries and pass on to the person responsible

You may be able to overcome these by:

- Simulation to demonstrate competence
- Storyboards to confirm knowledge and understanding of how the candidate would deal with a scenario if it arose
- Questioning

### **Guidance and support to candidates**

At all times during the assessment process — from planning through to making your assessment decision — feedback should be ongoing, clear and constructive. Feedback should be given against the national standards by relating it to the evidence provided, including the knowledge specifications.

Where there are any shortfalls in a candidate's competence, you should discuss these with your candidate and make plans for re-assessment.

## Judging candidate evidence and making an assessment decision

In judging candidate evidence, you must be satisfied that your candidates can work consistently to the required standard, and that the evidence they have produced is their own. You must consider whether your candidate understands and applies the knowledge evidence and how this links to performance evidence.

Evidence must:

- be relevant to the SVQ
- be authentic
- show current competence
- be sufficient to help you form a decision about the candidate's competence

### Insufficient evidence

You have to judge whether the candidate has produced enough evidence required by the standards for you to reach a decision about their evidence.

Where there is insufficient evidence, you should say this to your candidate. You should tell them that it is not that they are not yet competent — there is simply not enough evidence on which to make a decision.

In this situation, your feedback to your candidates must help them produce more evidence and/or plan for further assessment.

### Authenticating candidates' evidence

Authentication is required where you have not observed candidates' performance at first hand.

In many instances, given the log on and audit trails in financial services organisation's systems, authentication will be relatively straight forward, however there may be situations where you need to further validate the authenticity of evidence.

You can check whether a candidate has produced evidence which they claim shows their competence by questioning them or, if this is appropriate, asking them to produce a personal statement, using witness testimony, or seeking peer reports from other colleagues of the candidate.

### Example

You are not sure that the candidate has produced a document that they have presented as evidence. In order to satisfy yourself that the document is the candidate's own work you must find a way to authenticate this evidence. You could do this by:

- holding a discussion with the candidate on how and why they produced the document
- questioning them on their skills and knowledge of this area
- asking the candidate to produce a personal statement on how and why they produced the documentation
- requesting a witness testimony if someone else was present at the time the document was produced.

### 4 Recording achievement

You should retain all evidence — clearly referenced — for internal and external verification.

The candidate's evidence is normally kept in a file, often called a *portfolio*. These documents help you and your candidates to collect, present and cross-reference the evidence to the national standards. They are also a means of recording your assessment decisions, and they tell an External Verifier what stage a candidate has reached in achieving the SVQ.

You should always avoid asking candidates to print off items or take screenshots just to put them in a portfolio — a clear note of where the evidence can be found (for example, the call reference, date and time) should be sufficient for the External Verifier to follow it up during a visit.

Recording documents do not need to be paper-based — it is possible to use an electronic format for collecting and structuring the evidence. Whatever format you and your candidates choose to use, the documents must show what evidence was generated, the assessment decisions you made, how the evidence meets the standards, and where the evidence can be located. You should avoid photocopying items simply to put them in a portfolio — a clear explanation of where the evidence can be found (for example, in a filing cabinet) may be sufficient for the External Verifier to follow it up and include it in the visit.

There are various reasons why record-keeping is so important:

- it provides a way of tracking a candidate's progress in achieving an SVQ
- it helps candidates to make claims for certification of their competence
- internal verifiers and External Verifiers use the records to sample assessment decisions
- it helps us to monitor the quality assurance of our qualifications

If your candidates' evidence is incomplete, or cannot be located, or if there is inaccurate cross-referencing to the standards, there is a risk that an internal verifier or External Verifier will be unable to confirm your assessment decisions.

To help you and your candidate present evidence and record your assessment decision, we have provided examples of the forms which you and your candidate might use to compile the portfolio.

- Completing the Unit progress record
- Using the evidence index
- Completing the Element achievement record

These forms are also used in SQA's portfolio.

### Completing the Unit progress record

You should complete this form each time your candidate achieves a Unit from the SVQ by adding your signature and the date next to the relevant Unit.

At this stage, candidates should make sure they have completed the recording documents correctly and that their evidence can be easily located. Only then should they circle the relevant Unit number at the top of the form. This enables both of you to see at a glance what stage the candidate is at in their SVQ.

### Unit progress record

### Qualification and level SVQ2 Providing Financial Services SCQF level 5

#### Candidate Sam Bruce

To achieve the whole qualification, you must prove competence in 3 **mandatory** Units and 3 **optional** Units.

#### Unit checklist

Mandatory	H5EY 04	H5F0 04	H5F2 04	
<b>Optional</b>	H5F3 04	> H5FC 04	H5FE 04	

### Mandatory Units achieved

Unit number	Title	Assessor's signature	Date
H5EY 04	Develop Yourself to Improve and Maintain Workplace Competence in a Financial Services Environment		
H5F0 04	Plan and Organise your Work in a Financial Services Environment		
H5F2 04	Ensure you Comply with Regulations in the Financial Services Environment	Frances Black	05/07/13

### **Optional Units achieved**

Unit number	Title	Assessor's signature	Date
H5F3 04	Set up Bank Accounts for Customers	Frances Black	05/07/13
H5FC 04	Build Effective Relationships with Clients in a Financial Services Environment		
H5FE 04	Provide Information to Customers in a Financial Services Environment		

### Using the index of evidence

The purpose of the index of evidence is to help you locate and work through the candidate's evidence. It should give you a summary of what evidence the candidate has collected, and where (eg in a portfolio) it can be found.

The index of evidence should be completed by entering:

- the index number for each piece of evidence
- a description of each piece of evidence
- the place or location where it can be found
- the initials of the internal verifier and the date (if they have sampled the candidate's evidence)

Ideally, it should be candidates themselves (with your support and encouragement) who complete the index.

You must make sure that the information in the evidence index is accurate when your candidates' portfolios are presented for assessment and verification — particularly the information about where the evidence can be located. This is important because we suggest that anything which has been produced as day-to-day work is kept in its normal location, but anything which has been produced through assessment for the SVQ, eg observation checklists, is filed in the candidate's portfolio. In this way, your candidate can avoid having to photocopy work products just for the sake of including them in a portfolio. It also means that evidence produced as a result of assessment is kept safely in a central file.

If the index of evidence is not completed with an accurate description and location of the evidence, there is a risk that an internal verifier or External Verifier might be unable to confirm your assessment decisions.

### Index of evidence

**SVQ title and level** SVQ2 Providing Financial Services SCQF level 5

Evidence number	Description of evidence	Included in portfolio (Yes/No) If no, state location	Sampled by the IV (initials and date)
01	Observation record	Yes	MS 14/07/13
02	Witness testimony	Yes	
03	Personal statement	Yes	
04	Products — Notes and records of customer details and printout of Professional Body accredited in- house Compliance knowledge assessment Papers 1–6	Retained on company IT system (confidential)	MS 14/07/13
05	Questions	Yes	

### Completing the Unit achievement record

To help you and your candidates cross-reference the evidence to the standards of the SVQs, we have provided records similar to those produced in the SQA portfolio. Use one record for each Element. The grids should be completed by:

- entering the evidence index number in the first column
- giving a brief description of the evidence in the second
- ticking the relevant boxes for the Performance Criteria (or statements of competence as they are sometimes known)
- ticking the relevant boxes for the behaviours
- entering the areas of knowledge and understanding the piece of evidence covers

If integrated assessment is used (linking PC or knowledge across different Units) the evidence should be cross-referenced back to the relevant Units.

We have provided a completed example to show how to use the record.

### Unit achievement record

Evidence index no	Description of evidence	PC/performance statements								Behaviours									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6
01	Observation		✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
02	Witness testimony	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	$\checkmark$	✓
03	Personal statement	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	✓	~	✓		✓	✓	✓			$\checkmark$							
04	Products	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>					✓		✓	✓	✓								
05	Questions				✓		✓												

Unit H5F3 04 — Set up Bank Accounts for Customers

Evidence index no	Description of evidence	Knowledge and Understanding														
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
01	Observation	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	✓		✓		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓
02	Witness testimony	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
03	Personal statement		✓		✓	✓	~		✓		✓					✓
04	Products		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
05	Questions				✓						~					

### Notes/comments

All evidence is contained in the candidate's online portfolio with appropriate cross referencing where items are held on the bank's systems – these are items of a confidential nature and/or cannot be copied due to the bank's internal security arrangements.

Having held a discussion with the witness who supplied the testimony, I am satisfied that the evidence presented is reliable and gives an accurate account of the candidate's competence and knowledge.

The candidate has satisfied the assessor and internal verifier that the performance evidence has been met.

Candidate's signature	Sam Bruce	Date	04/07/13	
Assessor's signature	Frances Black	Date	04/07/13	
Internal verifier's signature	Molly Stevens	Date	25/07/2013	

### **5** Further information

### What else should I read?

The publications listed here provide additional information on how to implement SVQs. Details of these and other SQA publications are available on our website at **www.sqa.org.uk** on the 'Publications, Sales and Downloads' section. They can be ordered from SQA's Business Development and Customer Support Team — telephone 0303 333 0330. Please note that there may be a charge for some of these publications.

Assessor/Verifier Units: assessment guidance

External Verification: A Guide for Centres

Guide to Assessment

Introduction to Assessment Arrangements for Schools and Colleges

SQA's Quality Framework: a guide for centres

**Operational Help Centre** 

The Operational Guide for Centres has been replaced by the online Operational Help Centre on **www.sqa.org.uk** 

### **Appendix 1: Blank recording forms**

### Unit progress record

### Qualification and level

### Candidate

To achieve the whole qualification, you must prove competence in three **mandatory** Units and three **optional** Units.

#### Unit checklist

Mandatory	FSPFCC01 (H5EY 04)	FSPFCC02 (H5F0 04)	FSPFCC04 (H5F2 04)	
Optional				

### Mandatory Units achieved

Unit number	Title	Assessor's signature	Date
FSPFCC01 (H5EY 04)	Develop Yourself to Improve and Maintain Workplace Competence in a Financial Services Environment		
FSPFCC02 (H5F0 04)	Plan and Organise Your Work in a Financial Services Environment		
FSPFCC04 (H5F2 04)	Ensure You Comply with Regulations in the Financial Services Environment		

### **Optional Units achieved**

Unit number	Title	Assessor's signature	Date

### Index of evidence

SVQ title a	nd level		
Evidence number	Description of evidence	Included in portfolio (Yes/No) If no, state location	Sampled by the IV (initials and date)

### Unit achievement record

### Unit

Evidence Index No		Per	forma	ance										Beh	naviou	urs								
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6					
01	Observation																							
02	Witness testimony																							
03	Personal statement																							
04	Products																							
05	Questions																		<u> </u>					

Evidence Index No	Description of evidence	Kno	wledge	e and l	Jnder	standir	ng									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
01	Observation															1
02	Witness testimony															
03	Personal statement															1
04	Products															
05	Questions															

Unit

Notes/comments	

The candidate has satisfied the assessor and internal verifier that the performance evidence has been met.

Candidate's signature	Date	
Assessor's signature	Date	
Internal verifier's signature	Date	

### Assessment plan

# UnitsDevelop Yourself to Improve and Maintain Workplace Competence in a Financial Services EnvironmentFSPFCC01 (H5EY 04)Plan and Organise Your Work in a Financial Services EnvironmentFSPFCC02 (H5F0 04)Ensure You Comply with Regulations in the Financial Services EnvironmentFSPFCC04 (H5F2 04)

Date of	Activities	Sources of evidence		potential e	vidence fo	or	
planned assessment				H5F0	H5F2		
assessment			04	04	04		

Date of	Date of Activities Method of assess		Provides	potential e	vidence fo	r	
planned		Sources of evidence	H5EY	H5F0	H5F2		
assessment			04	04	04		
Assessor's	signature	1:	st review	due			
Candidate's	signature	2	nd review	due			
Date of agreement		D	ate of co	mpletion			

### Personal statement

Jnits							
	ntain Workplace Competence in a Financia	al Services Envi	ronmont	FSDI		(H5EY 04	<b>1</b> )
Plan and Organise Your Work in a Fi	ntalli Workplace Competence in a Financia		IOIIIIEII			(H5F0 04	
	in the Financial Services Environment					H5F2 04	
				I OFI	0004(	1131 2 04	+)
Candidate	Date of observation						
Evidence index number	Links to other						
	evidence		T			1	1
Details of statement		H5EY		H5F2			
		04	04	04			

Candidate's signature

Date \_\_\_\_\_

### **Observation record**

11									
Units	aintain Workplace Competence in a Financial S	onvicos Envir	onmont	ESDE			1)		
Plan and Organise Your Work in a F		ervices Erivin	Jimeni	t FSPFCC01 (H5EY 04) FSPFCC02 (H5F0 04)					
Ensure You Comply with Regulation	is in the Financial Services Environment			FSPFCC04 (H5F2 04)					
				1 01 1	0001(		')		
Candidate	Data of choomyotion								
Evidence index number	Date of observation								
Skills/activities observed		H5EY	H5F0	H5F2					
Skiis/activities Observed		04	04	04					
			01	0.					

Assessor's comments and feedback to candidate:

I can confirm the candidate's performance was satisfactory.

Assessor's signature	Date	
Candidate's signature	Date	

### Witness testimony

Plan and Organise Your Work in a Fina Ensure You Comply with Regulations ir					2 (H5F0 (   (H5F2 (	
Candidate	Date of Evidence					
Name of Witness Contact Number	Designation/ Relationship to					
Evidence index number	candidate Links to other					
Evidence index number	evidence					
Details of testimony:		H5EY 04	H5F0 04	H5F2 04		

Lean confirm the condidate's suidenes is suthentic and essurate						
I can confirm the candidate's evidence is authentic and accurate						
Signed by witness	Date					

I can confirm the candidate's performance was satisfactory.

Witness (please select the appropriate box):

Holds L and D Unit 9D/9D1, A1/A2 or D32/D33 qualifications

Is familiar with the SVQ standards to which the candidate is working

### Record of questions and candidate's answers

Plan and Organise Your	Work in a	Iiantain Workplace Competence i Financial Services Environment ons in the Financial Services Envir		ces Envi	ironmen	FSF	PFCC02	(H5EY 2 (H5F0 ( 4 (H5F2 (	) (4)
Candidate:		Date of assessment:		Evidence index num					
Circumstances of asse	ssment:								
				H5EY 04	H5F0 04	H5F2 04			
Q:				_					
A:									
Q.									
Α.									
Q:									
A:									
Candidate's signature			Assessors sign	Assessors signature			1	1	1