# Group Award Specification for: 

National Progression Award in Hand and Foot Care and Nail Art at SCQF level 5

Group Award Code: (GVOG 45)

Validation date: 02 November 2022

Date of original publication: February 2023

Version: 01

## Contents

1. Introduction ..... 1
2. Qualification structure ..... 4
2.1 Structure ..... 4
3. Aims of the qualification ..... 5
3.1 General aims of the qualification ..... 5
3.2 Specific aims of the qualification ..... 5
4. Recommended entry to the qualification ..... 6
4.1 Core Skills entry profile ..... 6
5. Additional benefits of the qualification in meeting employer needs ..... 8
5.1 Mapping of qualification aims to units ..... 9
5.2 Mapping of National Occupational Standards (NOS) and/or trade body standards ..... 10
5.3 Mapping of Core Skills development opportunities across the qualification ..... 11
5.4 Assessment strategy for the qualification ..... 12
6. Guidance on approaches to delivery and assessment ..... 14
6.1 Sequencing/integration of units ..... 15
6.2 Recognition of prior learning ..... 15
6.3 Opportunities for e-assessment ..... 16
6.4 Support materials ..... 16
6.5 Resource requirements ..... 16
7. General information for centres ..... 18
8. Glossary of terms ..... 19
9. General information for learners ..... 21
Appendix 1: Evidence requirements - Knowledge ..... 22

## 1. Introduction

The purpose of this document is to:

- Assist centres to implement, deliver and manage the qualification.
- Provide a guide for new staff involved in offering the qualification.
- Inform course managers teaching staff, assessors, learners, employers and higher education institutes (HEIs) of the aims and purpose of the qualification.
- Provide details of the range of learners the qualification is suitable for and progression opportunities.

The new National Progression Award (NPA) in Hand and Foot Care and Nail Art was devised in response to significant changes in National Occupational Standards (NOS), industry practice and a consultation carried out with presenting centres which indicated NPAs should reflect specialist areas which offer 'bite sized' segments of learning, that meet the needs of learners, deliverers, NOS and reflect industry practice.

The NPA in Hand and Foot Care and Nail Art is one of a suite of NPAs which have been devised in conjunction with, and subsumed within, the National Certificate (NC) in Beauty Therapy Skills qualification at SCQF level 5 . It will give the opportunity for part-time learners to achieve a 'bite size' qualification which may then be combined with additional NPA qualifications/units, collectively leading to the achievement of the NC in Beauty Therapy Skills qualification. The NPA will also give the opportunity for learners to specialise in a particular area, developing skills reflective of industry practice.

Learners will study skin and nail conditions and disorders; absolute and relative contraindications to hand and foot, and nail art treatments, structure of the skin and nails, and identify anatomy of the hand and foot to include the physiological effects of massage.

They will develop skills in manicure and pedicure, to include filing, buffing, cuticle work, exfoliation, massage and polish application; Polish types - light, dark, French and gel; and will prepare the nail plate for nail art treatment - filing, cuticle work, removal of product from the nail plate and perform nail art treatments, to include base coat, application of nail art design, topcoat. Techniques are stamping, dotting, striping, foiling, application of gems, glitter, transfers.

They will learn the importance of working together as part of the salon team to meet the needs of clients, develop employability skills such as time keeping, treatment timing, customer care and personal presentation. There will also be the opportunity to consider good citizenship through recycling products and consumables, waste control measures and having an appreciation of the sustainability of product brands used.

The NPA in Hand and Foot Care and Nail Art replaces the NPA in Manicure and Pedicure (GF7K 45) qualification. The table below shows the entries and awards for this qualification from 2017-2022:

## Qualification - NPA in Manicure and Pedicure (GF7K 45)

| 2017/18 |  | 2018/19 |  | 2019/20 |  | 2020/21 |  | 2021/22 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Entries | Awards | Entries | Awards | Entries | Awards | Entries | Awards | Entries | Awards |
| 45 | 33 | 60 | 44 | 43 | 31 | 126 | 73 | 79 | 63 |

National Occupational Standards (NOS) are developed by key employment sectors within the United Kingdom. These standards set the competences required for job roles within a particular employment sector. Aspects of the NOS from the Beauty Therapy suite have been incorporated into this course. As a result, the competence, knowledge and understanding achieved by learners broadly reflect these standards. Mapping to NOS is available in section 4.2.

The NPA in Hand and Foot Care and Nail Art is suitable for direct entrants who have no previous qualification, experience or prior knowledge in this subject area and who wish to gain an introductory qualification. It also offers a progression route for learners from the NPA in Beauty and Hairstyling at SCQF level 4 (new), NPA in Cosmetology (G8GX 44) (lapsing); NPA in Beauty Skills (GF7F 44) (lapsing), or equivalent.

Learners who successfully complete the qualification may progress to the Scottish Vocational Qualification (SVQ) in Beauty Therapy at SCQF level 5, NC in Beauty Therapy Skills at SCQF level 5 (new), NC in Beauty Care and Make-up at SCQF level 5 (lapsing), other NPA awards, further study or to junior level employment with training.

The chart below shows progression opportunities. Lapsing awards have not been included.

## Beauty Progression Chart



## 2. Qualification structure

The NPA in Hand and Foot Care and Nail Art at SCQF level 5 has been designed so that it meets SQA's Design Principles:

- The minimum number of units a NPA can contain is two.
- NPAs will have minimum credit value of 12 SCQF credit points. There is no maximum.
- NPAs may have - mandatory units only, mandatory and optional units.

A mapping of Core Skills development opportunities is available in section 5.3.

### 2.1 Structure

Mandatory units - Learners must achieve all mandatory units (3 SQA credits; 18 SCQF credit points).

| $\mathbf{4}$ code | $\mathbf{2}$ code | Unit title | SQA <br> credit | SCQF <br> credit <br> points | SCQF <br> level |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J6L7 | 45 | Hand and Foot Care | 2 | 12 | 5 |
| J6L6 | 45 | Apply Nail Art | 1 | 6 | 5 |

## 3. Aims of the qualification

This National Progression Award (NPA) in Hand and Foot Care and Nail Art qualification has been designed to provide learners with an introductory beauty qualification in a specialised area, reflective of the skills required by the beauty industry. It provides a flexible approach within a national framework and will prepare learners for further study within this vocational area at SCQF level 5.

### 3.1 General aims of the qualification

1. Providing learners with an introduction to the beauty industry.
2. Provide a flexible approach within a national framework.
3. Encouraging the development of a positive and professional work ethic.
4. Providing the opportunity for learners to develop skills reflective of beauty industry requirements.
5. Providing opportunities to develop a range of Core Skills.
6. Providing opportunities to develop transferable skills.

### 3.2 Specific aims of the qualification

7. Developing practical beauty skills in a specialised area.
8. Developing good working practices reflective of up-to-date information.
9. Developing an understanding of relevant health and safety requirements.
10. Developing an understanding of relevant anatomy and physiology.
11. Developing communication and customer care skills.
12. Encouraging the use of reflective practice to promote continuous improvement.
13. Preparing learners for further study in Beauty or related industries.

## 4. Recommended entry to the qualification

Entry to this qualification is at the discretion of the centre. However, due to health and safety considerations it is recommended that the minimum age for this qualification is 16 years of age at the time of registration. The following information on prior knowledge, skills, experience or qualifications that provide suitable preparation for this qualification has been provided by the Qualification Design Team (QDT) as guidance only.

Learners would benefit from having attained the skills, knowledge and understanding required by one or more of the following or equivalent qualifications and/or experience:

- NPA in Beauty and Hairstyling at SCQF level 4 (new).
- NPA in Cosmetology (G8GX 44) (lapsing).
- NPA in Beauty Skills (GF7F 44) (lapsing).


### 4.1 Core Skills entry profile

The Core Skill entry profile provides a summary of the associated assessment activities that exemplify why a particular level has been recommended for this qualification. The information would be used to identify if additional learning support needs to be put in place for learners whose Core Skills profile is below the recommended entry level or whether learners should be encouraged to do an alternative level or learning programme.

| Core Skill | Recommended <br> SCQF entry <br> profile | Associated assessment activities |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Communication | 4 | Learners will be required to produce <br> and respond to simple, detailed <br> written and oral communication in <br> familiar contexts. For example, <br> learners will be required to follow <br> given tasks, carry out practical <br> activities and customer skills duties <br> which involve listening and talking to <br> customers and produce and present <br> responses to written and/or oral <br> assessment. They will consult with <br> clients, compile treatment plans <br> which meet treatment aims and <br> provide appropriate aftercare and <br> relevant home care and product <br> advice. |
| Numeracy |  | Learners will use simple numerical <br> data in everyday contexts. For <br> example, to measure the amount of <br> product for each treatment to <br> minimise waste. |


| Core Skill | Recommended <br> SCQF entry <br> profile | Associated assessment activities |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Information and Communication | 4 | Learners will be required to use <br> Technology (ICT) <br> applications to process and obtain <br> information. For example, Learners <br> will use ICT to access and gather <br> information to support assessment <br> and present information. |
| Problem Solving | 4 | Learners will be required to use a <br> process to deal with a problem, <br> situation or issue that is <br> straightforward. For example, <br> learners will consult with clients and <br> use the information gathered to <br> develop appropriate treatment plans <br> for a range of treatments to meet <br> client requirements considering <br> absolute and relative <br> contraindications, required <br> adaptations to treatment and giving <br> appropriate advice should contra- <br> actions occur. |
| Working with Others |  | Learners will be encouraged to take <br> responsibility for improving their own <br> performance through self-evaluation <br> and reflective practice. |
|  |  | Learners will work alone or with <br> others on tasks with minimum <br> directive supervision. They will show <br> an awareness of own and/or others' <br> roles, responsibilities and <br> requirements in carrying out work. <br> For example, learners will be <br> required to work in a realistic <br> working environment with colleagues <br> and clients to provide a variety of <br> treatments reflective of industry <br> standard procedure and timings. |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## 5. Additional benefits of the qualification in meeting employer needs

This qualification was designed to meet a specific purpose and what follows are details on how that purpose has been met through mapping of the units to the aims of the qualification. Through meeting the aims, additional value has been achieved by linking the unit standards with those defined in national occupational standards and/or trade/professional body requirements. In addition, significant opportunities exist for learners to develop the more generic skill, known as Core Skills through doing this qualification.

### 5.1 Mapping of qualification aims to units

## General aims:

| Code | Unit title | Aim 1 | Aim 2 | Aim 3 | Aim 4 | Aim 5 | Aim 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J6L7 45 | Hand and Foot Care | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| J6L6 45 | Apply Nail Art | X | X | X | X | X | X |

## Specific aims:

| Code | Unit title | Aim 7 | Aim 8 | Aim 9 | Aim 10 | Aim 11 | Aim 12 | Aim 13 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J6L7 45 | Hand and Foot Care | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ |
| J6L6 45 | Apply Nail Art | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ |

### 5.2 Mapping of National Occupational Standards (NOS) and/or trade body standards

National Occupational Standards (NOS) are developed by key employment sectors within the United Kingdom. These standards set the competences required for job roles within a particular employment sector.

Aspects of the NOS from the Beauty Therapy and Nails suites have been incorporated into this course. As a result, the competence, knowledge and understanding achieved by learners broadly reflect these standards.

The following relevant NOS reflected in this award are:

| NOS Code | NOS title |
| :--- | :--- |
| SKAHDBRBNST1 | Implement and maintain safe, hygienic and effective working practices. |
| SKAHDBRBNS1 | Consult, assess, plan and prepare for hair, barbering, beauty, nails, wellbeing and holistic services. |
| SKABN1 | Provide manicure treatments. |
| SKABN2 | Provide pedicure treatments. |
| SKANT1 | Create and apply nail art designs. |


| Code | Unit title |  |  | ¢ m c c | N N ¢ ¢ | $\underset{\text { E }}{\text { E }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J6L7 45 | Hand and Foot Care | X | X | X | X |  |
| J6L6 45 | Apply Nail Art | X | X | X | X | X |

### 5.3 Mapping of Core Skills development opportunities across the qualification

## Communication

| Unit code | Unit title | Written (Reading) | Written (Writing) | Oral |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J6L7 45 | Hand and Foot Care |  | Signposted | Signposted |
| J6L6 45 | Apply Nail Art |  | Signposted | Signposted |

## Numeracy

| Unit code | Unit title | Using Number | Using Graphical Information |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| J6L7 45 | Hand and Foot Care |  |  |
| J6L6 45 | Apply Nail Art |  |  |

Information and Communication Technology (ICT)

| Unit code | Unit title | Accessing Information | Providing/Creating Information |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| J6L7 45 | Hand and Foot Care |  |  |
| J6L6 45 | Apply Nail Art |  |  |

## Problem Solving

| Unit code | Unit title | Critical Thinking | Planning and <br> Organising | Reviewing and <br> Evaluating |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| J6L7 45 | Hand and Foot Care |  | Signposted | Signposted |
| J6L6 45 | Apply Nail Art |  | Signposted | Signposted |

## Working with Others

| Unit code | Unit title | Working Co-operatively with <br> Others | Reviewing Co-operative <br> Contribution |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| J6L7 45 | Hand and Foot Care | Signposted |  |
| J6L6 45 | Apply Nail Art | Signposted |  |

### 5.4 Assessment strategy for the qualification

| Unit | Assessment: <br> Outcome 1 | Assessment: <br> Outcome 2 | Assessment: <br> Outcome 3 | Assessment: <br> Outcome 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hand and Foot Care 45) | Closed-book conditions. <br> Holistically assessed with <br> outcome 2. | Closed-book conditions. <br> Holistically assessed with <br> outcome 1. | Observed practical <br> assessment on a <br> minimum of two <br> occasions. <br> demonstrate their <br> knowledge of conditions <br> affecting the skin and <br> nails of the hands and <br> feet, hand and foot <br> anatomy and the <br> physiological effects of <br> massage. | Learners must <br> demonstrate their <br> knowledge of conditions <br> affecting the skin and <br> nails of the hands and <br> feet, hand and foot <br> anatomy and the <br> physiological effects of <br> massage. <br> minimum of two <br> occasions. |
| Practical assessment |  |  |  |  |
| must include two |  |  |  |  |
| manicure and two |  |  |  |  |
| pedicure treatments. |  |  |  |  |$\quad$| Practical assessment |
| :--- |
| must include two |
| manicure and two |
| pedicure treatments. |
| assessed - light, dark, |
| French and gel. |$\quad$| All polish types must be |
| :--- |
| assessed - light, dark, |
| French and gel. |


| Unit | Assessment: <br> Outcome 1 | Assessment: <br> Outcome 2 | Assessment: <br> Outcome 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Apply Nail Art <br> (J6L6 45) | Closed-book conditions. <br> Learners must demonstrate their <br> knowledge of skin and nail <br> structures and conditions. | Observed practical assessment <br> on a minimum of three occasions <br> nail art treatments on the hands <br> and/or feet. <br> Across the three occasions, both <br> hands and feet must be covered. | Observed practical assessment <br> on a minimum of three occasions <br> nail art treatments on the hands <br> and/or feet. <br> Across the three occasions, both <br> hands and feet must be covered. |
|  |  | A minimum of five different <br> techniques should be <br> demonstrated across the three <br> observations and can be <br> combined as appropriate on each <br> client. Nail enamel and/or gel <br> polish may be used to create the <br> design. | A minimum of five different <br> techniques should be <br> demonstrated across the three <br> observations and can be <br> combined as appropriate on each <br> client. Nail enamel and/or gel <br> polish may be used to create the <br> design. |
| Performance evidence for <br> outcomes 2 and 3 should be <br> holistically assessed reflective of <br> industry standard procedure and <br> timings. | Performance evidence for <br> outcomes 2 and 3 should be <br> holistically assessed reflective of <br> industry standard procedure and <br> timings. |  |  |

## 6. Guidance on approaches to delivery and assessment

The NPA in Hand and Foot Care and Nail Art has been designed to provide learners with an introduction to the beauty industry. It will encourage the development of a positive and professional work ethic and provide learners with the opportunity to develop skills reflective of beauty industry requirements. Successful learners will be competent in a range of skills which will prepare them for further study in Beauty or related industries.

Learners should receive an induction to each unit explaining its content including detail of required knowledge and performance evidence to be produced, enabling learners to understand fully what is required.

Learners should have the opportunity to learn and develop their practical skills in a realistic working environment where they will experience workplace conditions, deal with customers, develop good working practices and learn the importance of teamwork.

Learning and teaching should incorporate both knowledge and practical to facilitate understanding and relevance of the knowledge enabling learners to carry out safe and effective treatments. The assessor should provide demonstrations followed by learner practice of consultation, treatment planning and treatment skills on peers to gain competence and confidence before advancing to clients. It is recommended that learners work on a variety of peers and clients to gain experience.

Learners should have product knowledge relating to the product range being used within the Centre to enable them to select and use appropriate products and make recommendations to clients. Learners may be encouraged to research other product ranges and make comparisons to enhance their learning.

Opportunities should be taken within the course to integrate knowledge of relevant current legislation in a realistic context. Learners should be aware of how legislation affects everyday practice in the salon. They will develop an understanding of their responsibilities in respect of relevant legislation and be able to check their own work practices and working area for any risks to themselves and others.

The use and purpose of reflective practice and evaluation to promote continuous improvement and how it informs future treatments should be encouraged. It is therefore important that learners get support and feedback from their assessor on their progress. Feedback should highlight aspects where learners did well and areas that require to be improved (feedback and feedforward).

The award encourages the combined assessment of knowledge across units within the award; the holistic assessment of performance evidence within units reflective of industry standard procedure and timings and the combined assessment of performance across units where practicable to reduce assessment load for both learners and centres and reduce client footfall.

Learners must receive sufficient training to prepare them for assessment to enable them to demonstrate competence of the standards required.

Centres are reminded that prior verification of centre-devised assessments would help to ensure that the national standard is being met. Where learners experience a range of assessment methods, this helps them to develop different skills that should be transferable to work or further and higher education.

The evidence requirements are fully expressed in the Statement of Standards section of each unit specification.

Evidence produced by learners must be valid, sufficient, reliable, authentic and current and relate directly to specific criteria.

It is recognised that alternative forms of recording assessment evidence will evolve using information and communications technologies. Regardless of the form of recording used, the guiding principle must be that information about practice must comply with legal requirements and best sector practice in relation to confidentiality. All evidence must be traceable for internal and external verification purposes. Additionally, assessors must ensure they are satisfied the evidence presented is traceable, auditable and authenticated and meets unit evidence requirements.

### 6.1 Sequencing/integration of units

The sequence of delivery of the units is for individual centres to decide. Centres may wish to consider the assessment balance in conjunction with the delivery mode. Within this NPA there is the opportunity to integrate the delivery of units.

Centres are encouraged to combine assessment where practicable to avoid unnecessary repetition and over-assessment.

The opportunity exists to combine the assessment of both knowledge and observed practical performance for the units within this NPA; each however may be carried out in isolation or combined. The method chosen should reflect the delivery option taken.

A table providing a summary of the knowledge evidence requirements for this NPA, is included as Appendix 1.

### 6.2 Recognition of prior learning

SQA recognises that learners gain knowledge and skills acquired through formal, non-formal and informal learning contexts.

In some instances, a full group award may be achieved through the recognition of prior learning. However, it is unlikely that a learner would have the appropriate prior learning and experience to meet all the requirements of a full group award.

The recognition of prior learning may not be used as a method of assessing in the following types of units and assessments:

- HN Graded Units.
- Course and/or external assessments.
- Other integrative assessment units (which may or not be graded).
- Certain types of assessment instruments where the standard may be compromised by not using the same assessment method outlined in the unit.
- Where there is an existing requirement for a licence to practice.
- Where there are specific health and safety requirements.
- Where there are regulatory, professional or other statutory requirements.
- Where otherwise specified in an assessment strategy.

More information and guidance on the Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) may be found on our website www.sqa.org.uk.

The following sub-sections outline how existing SQA unit(s) may contribute to this group award. Additionally, they also outline how this group award may be recognised for professional and articulation purposes.

### 6.2.1 Credit transfer

| Old units <br> NPA in Manicure and Pedicure <br> (GF7K 45) | New units <br> NPA in Hand and Foot Care and <br> Nail Art | Credit <br> transfer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Manicure (F4C3 11) | Hand and Foot Care (J6L7 45) | None |
| Pedicure (H1WW 11) | Hand and Foot Care (J6L7 45) | None |
| Creative Nail Finishes to Hand and | Apply Nail Art (J6L6 45) | None |
| Foot (FW0D 10) |  |  |

### 6.3 Opportunities for e-assessment

Some of the units may lend themselves to a blended approach of e-learning/assessment. Where e-assessment is used, the assessment conditions contained within each unit should be followed.

### 6.4 Support materials

A list of existing Assessment Support Packs (ASPs) is available to view on SQA's website.

### 6.5 Resource requirements

Centres will require a suitable realistic working environment in which learners can perform practical activities in conditions that reflect a real work environment. Simulation is not acceptable for any of the units within this qualification. The realistic working environment will require sufficient equipment, products, consumables and client base to give learners plenty of opportunity for practise to become assessment ready, and assessment of each unit contained within the NPA in Hand and Foot Care and Nail Art. Learners should have access to ICT, a variety of current publications and online resources to encourage and support a level of independent study.

Risk assessment should be carried out for all activities as required. Personal protective clothing will be essential, for example, uniforms, aprons, single use gloves (non-latex). Appropriate safe storage facilities will be needed for all equipment, products and consumables.

Centres are required to have effective internal assessment and verification procedures to ensure standardisation of assessment, to ensure learners are assessed fairly and consistently, and that standards are being met.

The occupational expertise of those involved in the assessment and quality assurance processes is key to ensure valid, fair and reliable assessment.

The assessor and internal verifier must be occupationally competent. They should:

- hold an appropriate professional/technical qualification which demonstrates an in-depth technical knowledge of the qualification and/or its units and the standard of competencies required, for example National Certificate (NC) in Beauty Care at SCQF level 6, Scottish Vocational qualification (SVQ) in Beauty at SCQF level 6, Higher National Certificate (HNC)/Higher National Diploma (HND) in Beauty Therapy or equivalent.
- be able to interpret current working practices, technologies and products within the area of work and be committed to upholding the integrity of the qualification and/or its units.
- demonstrate competence in assessment and/or internal verification of the subject.
- have access to and engage with, continuous professional development activities, to keep up to date with developments and any issues relevant to the qualification and/or its units.


## 7. General information for centres

## Equality and inclusion

The unit specifications making up this group award have been designed to ensure that there are no unnecessary barriers to learning or assessment. The individual needs of learners will be taken into account when planning learning experiences, selecting assessment methods or considering alternative evidence. Further advice can be found on our website www.sqa.org.uk/assessmentarrangements.

## Internal and external verification

All assessments used within this/these qualification(s) should be internally verified, using the appropriate policy within the centre and the guidelines set by SQA.

External verification will be carried out by SQA to ensure that internal assessment is within the national guidelines for these qualifications.

Further information on internal and external verification can be found in SQA's Guide to Assessment (www.sqa.org.uk/GuideToAssessment

## 8. Glossary of terms

Embedded Core Skills: is where the assessment evidence for the unit also includes full evidence for complete Core Skill or Core Skill components. A learner successfully completing the unit will be automatically certificated for the Core Skill. (This depends on the unit having been successfully audited and validated for Core Skills certification.)

Finish date: The end of a group award's lapsing period is known as the finish date. After the finish date, the group award will no longer be live and the following applies:

- candidates may not be entered for the group award.
- the group award will continue to exist only as an archive record on the Awards Processing System (APS).

Lapsing date: When a group award is entered into its lapsing period, the following will apply:

- the group award will be deleted from the relevant catalogue.
- the group award specification will remain until the qualification reaches its finish date at which point it will be removed from SQA's website and archived.
- no new centres may be approved to offer the group award.
- centres should only enter candidates whom they expect to complete the group award during the defined lapsing period.

SQA credit value: The credit value allocated to a unit gives an indication of the contribution the unit makes to an SQA group award. An SQA credit value of 1 given to an SQA unit represents approximately 40 hours of programmed learning, teaching and assessment.

SCQF: The Scottish Credit and Qualification Framework (SCQF) provides the national common framework for describing all relevant programmes of learning and qualifications in Scotland. SCQF terminology is used throughout this guide to refer to credits and levels. For further information on the SCQF visit the SCQF website at www.scqf.org.uk.

SCQF credit points: SCQF credit points provide a means of describing and comparing the amount of learning that is required to complete a qualification at a given level of the Framework. One National Unit credit is equivalent to 6 SCQF credit points. One National Unit credit at Advanced Higher and one Higher National Unit credit (irrespective of level) is equivalent to 8 SCQF credit points.

SCQF levels: The level a qualification is assigned within the framework is an indication of how hard it is to achieve. The SCQF covers 12 levels of learning. HNCs and HNDs are available at SCQF levels 7 and 8 respectively. Higher National Units will normally be at levels 6-9 and graded units will be at level 7 and 8 . National Qualification Group Awards are available at SCQF levels 2-6 and will normally be made up of National Units which are available from SCQF levels 2-7.

Subject unit: Subject units contain vocational/subject content and are designed to test a specific set of knowledge and skills.

Signposted Core Skills: refers to opportunities to develop Core Skills arise in learning and teaching but are not automatically certificated.

## History of changes

It is anticipated that changes will take place during the life of the qualification and this section will record these changes. This document is the latest version and incorporates the changes summarised below. Centres are advised to check SQA's APS Navigator to confirm they are using the up to date qualification structure.

NOTE: Where a unit is revised by another unit:

- No new centres may be approved to offer the unit which has been revised.
- Centres should only enter candidates for the unit which has been revised where they are expected to complete the unit before its finish date.

| Version <br> number | Description | Date |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Acknowledgement

SQA acknowledges the valuable contribution that Scotland's colleges have made to the development of this qualification.

Template version: July 2020

## 9. General information for learners

This section will help you decide whether this is the qualification for you by explaining what the qualification is about, what you should know or be able to do before you start, what you will need to do during the qualification and opportunities for further learning and employment.

This group award will provide you with an introductory beauty qualification and prepare you for progression within this vocational area. It will also give you the opportunity to specialise in a particular area, developing skills reflective of industry practice.

You will study skin and nail conditions and disorders; absolute and relative contraindications to hand and foot, and nail art treatments, structure of the skin and nails, and identify anatomy of the hand and foot to include the physiological effects of massage.

You will develop skills in manicure and pedicure, to include filing, buffing, cuticle work, exfoliation, massage and polish application; Polish types - light, dark, French and gel; and will prepare the nail plate for nail art treatment - filing, cuticle work, removal of product from the nail plate and perform nail art treatments, to include base coat, application of nail art design, topcoat. Techniques are stamping, dotting, striping, foiling, application of gems, glitter, transfers.

You will learn the importance of working together as part of the salon team to meet the needs of clients, develop employability skills such as time keeping, treatment timing, customer care and personal presentation. There will also be the opportunity to consider good citizenship through recycling products and consumables, waste control measures and having an appreciation of the sustainability of product brands used.

A variety of assessment methods will be used for this qualification. You will be required to produce evidence to demonstrate your knowledge and skills. Knowledge may be assessed for example, by written, oral or electronic methods. Assessment of practical skills will be observed and will be supported by observation records and accurately completed consultation records.

The National Progression Award (NPA) in Hand and Foot Care and Nail Art will also help you develop aspects of Core Skills. There is no automatic certification of Core Skills or Core Skill components in this group award.

The NPA in Hand and Foot Care and Nail Art is suitable for direct entrants who have no previous qualification, experience or prior knowledge in this subject area and who wish to gain an introductory qualification. It also offers a progression route from NPA Beauty and Hairstyling at SCQF level 4) (new), NPA Cosmetology (G8GX 44) (lapsing), NPA Beauty Skills (GF7F 44) (lapsing), or equivalent.

Those who successfully complete the qualification may progress to the Scottish Vocational Qualification (SVQ) in Beauty Therapy at SCQF level 5, National Certificate (NC) in Beauty Therapy Skills at SCQF level 5 (new), NC in Beauty Care and Make-up at SCQF level 5 (lapsing), other NPA awards, further study or to junior level employment with training.

Full details of specific evidence requirements are contained in the individual unit specifications which will be available to view on the SQA website.

## Appendix 1: Evidence requirements - Knowledge

| ence Requirements: Knowled |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The evidence required will be assessed in closed-book conditions. |  |  |
| Full details of specific evidence requirements are contained in the individual unit specifications which will be available to view on the SQA website. |  |  |
| Recognise and describe characteristics of: Skin conditions - sensitive, dehydrated, dry. | X | X |
| Recognise and describe characteristics of: Nail conditions - peeling, brittle, overgrown cuticles, hangnails, eggshell nails. | X | X |
| Identify: Skin disorders - allergies, psoriasis, eczema, dermatitis, corns, bunions, callus. | X | X |
| Identify: Nail disorders - leukonychia, longitudinal furrows, onychophagy. | X | X |
| Identify and describe: Structure of the skin - epidermis, dermis, subcutaneous layer, sweat gland, sebaceous gland, hair follicle, arrector pili muscle, dermal papilla. | X | X |
| Identify and describe: Structure of the nail - free edge, nail plate, nail bed, nail wall, lunula, cuticle, hyponychium, matrix. | X | X |
| Identify: Muscles of the hand, lower arm, foot and lower leg - flexor carpi radialis, extensor carpi radialis, flexor digitorum, extensor digitorum, thenar, hypothenar, tibialis anterior, gastrocnemius, soleus. | X |  |
| Identify: Bones of the hand, lower arm, foot and lower leg - carpals, metacarpals, phalanges, radius, ulna, tarsals, metatarsals, phalanges, tibia, fibula. | X |  |
| Recognise the effects of massage techniques and their effects on the skin, nails, muscles - effleurage, petrissage. | X |  |
| Identify and describe absolute and relative contraindications to hand and foot treatments.* | X | X |

## *Note:

Absolute contraindication: An absolute contraindication is a condition that prevents the service from being carried out and may require referral. Relative contraindication: A relative contraindication is a condition which requires assessment of suitability for the service and/or if adaptions are required.

Skills Active, National Occupational standards, (2021), Glossary - SKABBR2 Provide facial skincare treatments, Skills Active, UK, page 9.

