



# **Unit specification**

# Learning in a Different Environment (Alternative Context) (National 1)

| Unit code:  | J6SJ 71                        |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| SCQF:       | level 1 (6 SCQF credit points) |
| Valid from: | session 2022–23                |

This Unit should only be used where a learner has already achieved the original Unit, which carries the same title but without the words "Alternative Context". There should be at least one year between the delivery of the original Unit and the delivery of the "Alternative Context" version.

For this Unit, centres can use one of the Unit Assessment Support Packs provided with the original Unit, but adjust it to reflect the alternative context in which the Unit is delivered. The alternative context could relate to the delivery setting, the maturity of the learner or the activities the learner is asked to complete.

This document provides detailed information about the unit to ensure consistent and transparent assessment year on year.

This document is for teachers and lecturers and contains all the mandatory information required to deliver and assess the unit.





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## **Unit outline**

The aim of this unit is to provide learners with opportunities to explore the different learning settings they may encounter after leaving their current learning environment. The unit helps prepare learners for the different people, behaviours, routines, peers, etc that they will encounter when moving from a school to a college or other adult learning setting.

Learners who complete this unit will be able to:

- 1 prepare for a learning activity outside the centre
- 2 participate in a learning activity outside the centre
- 3 give a response to participating in a learning activity outside the centre

This unit is a mandatory unit within the Adult Learning and Transition Award (SCQF level 1). Please read this unit specification in conjunction with the unit support notes, which provide advice and guidance on delivery, assessment approaches, and developing skills for learning, skills for life and skills for work.

Exemplification of the standards in this unit is given in unit assessment support.

#### Recommended entry

Entry to this unit is at the discretion of the centre. Relevant experiences and outcomes may provide an appropriate basis for doing this unit.

### **Standards**

### **Outcomes and assessment standards**

#### **Outcome 1**

- 1 Prepare for a learning activity outside the centre by:
- 1.1 agreeing to a learning activity outside the centre
- 1.2 participating in planning a learning activity outside the centre

#### Outcome 2

- 2 Participate in a learning activity outside the centre by:
- 2.1 carrying out the planned learning activity outside the centre
- 2.2 completing the learning activity

#### **Outcome 3**

- 3 Give a response to participating in a learning activity outside the centre by:
- 3.1 communicating whether you liked or disliked the learning activity

#### Evidence requirements for the unit

You should use your professional judgement, subject knowledge and experience, and understanding of your learners, to determine the most appropriate ways to generate evidence, and which conditions and contexts to use.

Evidence for this unit could include observation checklists, logs, short recorded oral responses, photographic evidence or equivalent. You should be confident that there is enough evidence to support your judgement that the assessment standards have been met:

- outcome 1: the learner must agree which learning activity they will participate in, and plan for the activity accordingly
- outcome 2: the learner must participate in the learning activity, using the plan, and complete the activity
- outcome 3: the learner must give a response (positive or negative) to the learning activity they participated in

Learners will normally receive a high degree of support to achieve the outcomes of the unit. It is your responsibility to ensure that the level of support is appropriate for the requirements of the unit.

Unit assessment support provides exemplification of assessment.

# Skills for learning, skills for life and skills for work

This unit helps learners to develop broad, generic skills. These skills are based on <u>SQA's Skills Framework: Skills for Learning, Skills for Life and Skills for Work</u> and draw from the following main skills areas:

#### 1 Literacy

### 1.3 Listening and talking

You must build these skills into the unit at an appropriate level, where there are suitable opportunities.

# **Equality and inclusion**

This unit is designed to be as fair and as accessible as possible with no unnecessary barriers to learning or assessment.

You should take into account the needs of individual learners when planning learning experiences, selecting assessment methods or considering alternative evidence. The unit support notes provide further information.

Guidance on assessment arrangements for disabled learners and/or those with additional support needs is available on the assessment arrangements web page: www.sqa.org.uk/assessmentarrangements

# **Further information**

The following links provide useful information and background:

- National 1 web page
- ♦ Building the Curriculum 3 to 5
- ♦ Guide to Assessment
- ♦ SCQF Handbook: User Guide
- SQA Skills Framework: Skills for Learning, Skills for Life and Skills for Work
- Skills for Learning, Skills for Life and Skills for Work: Using the Curriculum Tool
- ♦ SQA e-assessment web page

# Appendix: unit support notes

### Introduction

These support notes are not mandatory. They provide advice and guidance to teachers and lecturers on approaches to delivering the unit. Please read these unit support notes in conjunction with the unit specification and appropriate assessment support materials.

### Developing skills, knowledge and understanding

You are free to select the skills, knowledge, understanding and contexts that are most appropriate.

Learners who complete this unit will be able to participate in activities involving the places, people, and situations they may encounter when learning in an environment outside of their centre.

# Approaches to learning and teaching

This section provides general advice and guidance on approaches to learning and teaching that you can use to deliver this unit.

At SCQF level 1, learners require varying degrees of support, depending on their needs. Some learners may:

- ◆ take part at an experiential or sensory level, requiring full support
- require frequent direction and support to enable them to take part
- take part independently or with intermittent support

You should give learners as much support as they need to engage with learning, teaching and assessment activities while maintaining the integrity of the outcome and assessment standards.

The following table provides examples of approaches to learning and teaching. These may also provide naturally occurring evidence that you can use to assess learners against the assessment standards.

#### **Learning in a Different Environment**

Outcome 1: prepare for a learning activity outside the centre

Outcome 2: participate in a learning activity outside the centre

Outcome 3: give a response to participating in a learning activity outside the centre

# Assessment standards

### Approaches for learning and teaching

1.1 agreeing to a learning activity outside the centre

1.2 participating in planning a learning activity outside the

centre

You should involve learners in deciding which activity they will be involved in. This could be by discussion or a simple selection between alternatives, for example point to or tick a picture, or express a preference for one activity instead of another.

Planning for the learning activity could include:

- agreeing a day and time for the learning activity
- agreeing travel arrangements, where necessary
- practicing a question to ask and/or agreeing who to ask

Types of learning activities, outside the school or at another centre, could include:

- ♦ learning at a college
- work experience placement
- working with a local provision or partnership
- outdoor learning in parks, allotments or other environments
- ♦ volunteering
- residential trip
- learning in a local sports facility, for example a gym or swimming pool

If you can't arrange any of the above, alternatives could involve:

 role-play or simulations involving other types of learning environments

Activities for this outcome could be linked to activities for the Preparing for Adult Life (National 1) unit.

| Assessment standards  | Approaches for learning and teaching   |  |
|---|--|--|
| 2.1 carrying out the planned learning activity outside the centre | Participating in the planned activity, using supports such as symbols, communication systems or other equipment, as appropriate.   |  |
| 2.2 completing the learning activity                              |  |  |
| 3.1 communicating whether you liked or                            | You should encourage learners at SCQF level 1 to:  |  |
| disliked the learning   | express an opinion   |  |
| activity  | ◆ show a preference  |  |
|   | make a decision about things they are being asked to do  |  |
|   | You can ask learners at various points during the unit whether they are enjoying what they are doing or not.   |  |
|   | Learners should use their normal communication method when participating in the unit. You should use your knowledge of the learner, and of their preferred method of communication, to record the learner's responses and their level of engagement. |  |
|   | The learner's normal communication method might involve:   |  |
|   | ◆ facial expression  |  |
|   | ◆ vocalisation   |  |
|   | verbal communication   |  |
|   | ◆ signing  |  |
|   | use of symbols or other augmentive communication systems   |  |
|   | ♦ written responses  |  |

## Approaches to assessment and gathering evidence

There is no external assessment for National 1 units. All units are internally assessed against the requirements outlined and described in the unit specification and the unit assessment support pack.

To achieve the unit, learners must achieve all the unit outcomes.

At SCQF level 1, most evidence for assessment is gathered on a naturally occurring, ongoing basis, rather than from more formal assessment methods. There are many contexts that you might use for gathering evidence, for example extra-curricular and/or outdoor learning.

Naturally occurring evidence is evidence that occurs in and as part of learning and teaching, which you can gather for assessment purposes in a variety of ways:

- observation of evidence demonstrated during an activity (using an observation checklist, visual recording, photography or equivalent)
- oral questioning before, during, and on completion of an activity (recorded using an audio-visual or audio recording or using your detailed written notes as evidence)
- learning and teaching activities that generate physical evidence for assessment
- identifying opportunities to record evidence during out-of-centre activities

You should focus on small, well-defined steps in learning. In this way, the learner is more likely to achieve success in the units and in any subsequent learning.

Learners benefit from receiving accurate and regular feedback regarding their learning. This helps to ensure they are actively involved in the assessment process. It is important that you use different approaches to assessment to suit the varying needs of learners.

### Combining assessment within unit

It may be possible to reduce the volume of assessment for this unit by designing broad assessment tasks that cover a number of assessment standards and/or outcomes at one time. However, for some learners it may be more appropriate to design assessment tasks that include smaller steps and/or repetition, which could help with the retention and reinforcement of learning.

# Developing skills for learning, skills for life and skills for work

This section highlights the skills for learning, skills for life and skills for work that learners should develop in this unit. These are based on SQA's Skills Framework: Skills for Learning, Skills for Life and Skills for Work and should be built into the unit where there are appropriate opportunities. The level of these skills will be appropriate to the level of the unit.

Some examples of potential opportunities to practise or improve these skills are provided in the following table.

| Skills for learning, skills for life and skills for work  | Approaches for learning and teaching   |
|---|--|
| 1 Literacy 1.3 Listening and talking:   | Where appropriate, learners could use their normal communication method during learning and teaching activities to:  |
| <ul> <li>listening means the ability to<br/>understand and interpret ideas,<br/>opinions and information<br/>presented orally for a purpose<br/>and within a context, drawing<br/>on non-verbal communication<br/>as appropriate</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>communicate, for example information about different learning activities and settings</li> <li>respond, for example to say whether they enjoyed the learning activity or not</li> </ul> |
| <ul> <li>talking means the ability to<br/>communicate orally ideas,<br/>opinions and information for a<br/>purpose and within a context</li> </ul>  |  |

It is important that you provide learners with opportunities to develop these broad general skills as an integral part of their learning experience.

# **Administrative information**

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### **History of changes**

| Version | Description of change | Date |
|---------|-----------------------|------|
|         |                       |      |
|         |                       |      |
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Note: please check <u>SQA's website</u> to ensure you are using the most up-to-date version of this document.

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