-SQA-SCOTTISH QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY

Hanover House 24 Douglas Street

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE MODULE DESCRIPTOR

-Module Number-	0064066		-Session-1986-87		
-Superclass-	RC				
-Title-	SIMPLE HARMONIC MOTION (x ¹ / ₂)				
-DESCRIPTION-					
Type and Purpose	A <u>general</u> module (¹ <i>I</i> ₂) which introduces the student to the principles and applications of the laws governing simple harmonic motion.				
Preferred Entry Level	04005 Introduction to Dynamics 01086 Mathematics: Calculus (B)				
Learning Outcomes	The student should:				
	1.	use the basic equations of sim	ple harmonic motion;		
	2.	apply equations of motion to a one degree of freedom;	vibrating system with		
	3.	apply equations of motion to a system with one degree of free viscous damping.	in undamped vibrating edom and with		
Content/ Context	Corresponding to the Learning Outcomes:				
	1.	concept of SHM and the relati displacement, velocity and acc frequency and periodic time.	onship between celeration. Amplitude,		
		Solution of problems using the	basic equations.		
	2.	degrees of freedom; stiffness, parallel and series stiffness. Mass, spring systems. Torsional and beam systems. Undamped natural frequency, one degree of freedom.			
	3.	viscous damping; critical damp ratio, underdamped and overce damped natural frequency, log	bing, viscous damping lamped systems, garithmic decrement.		

Suggested Learning and	The u shou	use of basic units and a checking procedure Ild be stressed throughout the module.				
Teaching Approaches	A sys poss	systems approach should be used whenever ossible.				
	Altho the m form expe adva	Although formal presentation of material will form a part of the module, practical student-centred experimentation will form an integral part of the learning process. It is expected that the presentation of this material will take advantage of technical innovation.				
	The use of computer software is recommended for problem solving and reinforcement.					
	A tutorial system utilising problems of increasing difficulty should be an integral part of problem solving activities.					
	Principles should be reinforced by practical demonstrations, exploiting modern methods and instrumentation.					
Assessment Procedures	All learning outcomes must be validly assessed.					
	The student must be informed of the tasks which contribute to summative assessment. Any unsatisfactory aspects of performance should, if possible, be discussed with the student as and when they arise.					
	Acceptable performance in the module will be satisfactory achievement of the performance criteria specified for each learning outcome.					
	The following abbreviations are used below:					
	LO IA PC	Learning Outcomes Instrument of Assessment Performance Criteria				
	LO1	IA	Short answer exercise with calculations.			
	PC	The student:				
		(a)	satisfactorily outlines the relationships between the parameters involved in SHM;			
		(b)	from given data applies appropriate formulae and performs relevant calculations to obtain valid solutions to problems on SHM.			

- LO2 IA Short answer exercise with calculations.
- PC From given data, the student applies appropriate formulae and performs relevant calculations to obtain solutions to problems on undamped vibrating systems with one degree of freedom. Problems to include parameters such as:
- (a) parallel and series stiffness;
- (b) torsional systems;
- (c) beam systems.
- LO3 IA Assignment report.
- PC The student satisfactorily:

writes a brief report of an experimental investigation on a vibrating system with one degree of freedom and with viscous damping. The report should demonstrate the application of appropriate formulae and performance of relevant calculations. Relevant conclusions should de drawn from the results.

02/10/98