



National
Qualifications
2026

**Geography
Global Issues and
Geographical Skills
Ordnance Survey Map**

THURSDAY, 23 APRIL

9:00 AM – 11:30 AM

The colours used in the printing of these map extracts are indicated in the four little boxes at the top of the map extract. Each box should contain a colour; if any does not, the map is **incomplete and should be returned to the Invigilator**



Four colours should appear above; if not then please return to the invigilator.
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ROADS AND PATHS

MT or A5M	Not necessarily rights of way
	Motorway
	Dual carriageway
	Main road
	Secondary road
	Narrow road with passing places
	Road under construction
	Road generally more than 4 m wide
	Other road, drive or track, fenced and unfenced
	Gradient steeper than 20% (1 in 5)
	Ferry; Ferry P - passenger only
	Path

RAILWAYS

	Multiple track
	Single track
	Narrow gauge, tramway or light rail system and station
	Road over, road under, level crossing
	Cutting, tunnel, embankment
	Station, open to passengers; siding

PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY

	Footpath
	Bridleway
	Byway open to all traffic
	Restricted byway (not for use by mechanically propelled vehicles)

The representation on this map of any other road, track or path is no evidence of the existence of a right of way.

OTHER PUBLIC ACCESS

	Other routes with public access
	Recreational route
	National Trail
	Permissive footpath
	Permissive bridleway
	Footpaths and bridleways along which landowners have permitted public use but which are not rights of way. The agreement may be withdrawn.
	Traffic-free cycle route
	National cycle network route number - traffic free; on road

BOUNDARIES

	National
	County (England)
	Unitary Authority (UA), Metropolitan District (Met Dist), London Borough (LB) or District (Scotland & Wales are solely Unitary Authorities)
	Civil Parish (CP) (England) or Community (C) (Wales)
	National Park

HISTORICAL FEATURES

	Site of antiquity
	Site of battle (with date)
	Roman
	Non-Roman
	Visible earthwork

Information sourced from Historic England, Historic Environment Scotland and the Royal Commission on the Ancient and Historical Monuments of Wales.

GENERAL FEATURES

	Gravel pit
	Sand pit
	Landfill site or slag/spoil heap
	Solar farm
	Place of worship
	Current or former place of worship - with tower
	Current or former place of worship - with spire, minaret or dome
	Building; important building
	Glasshouse
	Youth hostel
	Bunkhouse / camping barn / other hostel
	Bus or coach station
	Lighthouse; disused lighthouse
	Beacon
	Triangulation pillar
	Mast
	Windmill with or without sails
	Wind pump; wind turbine
	Electricity transmission line
	Boundary post
	Cattle grid
	Clubhouse
	Footbridge
	Milepost; milestone
	Monument
	Post office
	Police station
	School
	Town hall
	Normal tidal limit
	Well; spring

HEIGHTS AND NATURAL FEATURES

	Ground survey height
	Air survey height
	Contours
	Vertical face/cliff
	Outcrop
	Scree
	Loose rock
	Boulders
	Water; mud
	Sand; sand and shingle
	Vegetation limits are defined by positioning of symbols
	Coniferous trees
	Non-coniferous trees
	Coppice
	Orchard
	Scrub
	Bracken, heath or rough grassland
	Marsh, reeds or saltings

ACCESS LAND

	Firing and test ranges in the area. Danger! Observe warning notices
	Access information point
	Access land
	Access land in wooded area within sand
	Coastal margin
	England and Wales
	Scotland
	National Trust for Scotland, always open
	National Trust for Scotland, limited access - observe local signs
	Forestry and Land Scotland, normally open - observe local signs
	Woodland Trust Land

Portrayal of access land on this map is intended as a guide to land normally available for access on foot, for example access land created under the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000, and land managed by the National Trust, Forestry Commission, Woodland Trust and Natural Resources Wales.

Access for other activities may also exist. Some restrictions will apply; some land will be excluded from open access rights.

The depiction of rights of access does not imply or express any warranty as to its accuracy or completeness. Observe local signs and follow the Countryside Code.

In Scotland, everyone has access rights in law (Land Reform Scotland Act 2003) over most land and inland water, provided access is exercised responsibly. This includes walking, cycling, horse-riding and water access, for recreational and educational purposes, and for crossing land or water. Access rights do not apply to motorised activities, hunting, shooting or fishing, nor if your dog is not under proper control.

TOURIST AND LEISURE INFORMATION

	Building of historic interest
	Boat hire
	Boat trips
	Cadw (Welsh heritage)
	Camp site or Caravan site
	Castle or fort
	Cathedral or abbey
	Craft centre
	Country park
	Cycle hire
	Cycle trail
	English Heritage
	Fishing
	Forestry Commission visitor centre
	Garden or arboretum
	Golf course or links
	Historic Scotland
	Horse riding
	Information centre, seasonal
	Museum
	Mountain bike trail
	Nature reserve
	National Trust
	Other tourist feature
	Parking / Park and ride, all year / seasonal
	Phone; public, emergency
	Picnic site
	Preserved railway
	Public houses
	Public toilets
	Recreation, leisure or sports centre
	Slipway
	Theme or pleasure park
	Viewpoint
	Visitor centre
	Walks or trails
	Water activities (board)
	Water activities (paddle)
	Water activities (powered)
	Water activities (sailing)
	Watersports centre (multi-activity)
	World Heritage site or area

Scale 1: 25 000

