



2014 Modern Studies

Intermediate 1

Finalised Marking Instructions

© Scottish Qualifications Authority 2014

The information in this publication may be reproduced to support SQA qualifications only on a non-commercial basis. If it is to be used for any other purposes written permission must be obtained from SQA's NQ Delivery: Exam Operations.

Where the publication includes materials from sources other than SQA (secondary copyright), this material should only be reproduced for the purposes of examination or assessment. If it needs to be reproduced for any other purpose it is the centre's responsibility to obtain the necessary copyright clearance. SQA's NQ Delivery: Exam Operations may be able to direct you to the secondary sources.

These Marking Instructions have been prepared by Examination Teams for use by SQA Appointed Markers when marking External Course Assessments. This publication must not be reproduced for commercial or trade purposes.

Part One: General Marking Principles for Modern Studies Intermediate 1

This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this Paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the specific Marking Instructions for each question.

- (a) Marks for each candidate response must always be assigned in line with these general marking principles and the specific Marking Instructions for the relevant question. If a specific candidate response does not seem to be covered by either the principles or detailed Marking Instructions, and you are uncertain how to assess it, you must seek guidance from your Team Leader/Principal Assessor.
- (b) Marking should always be positive ie, marks should be awarded for what is correct and not deducted for errors or omissions.

GENERAL MARKING ADVICE: Modern Studies Intermediate 1

The marking schemes are written to assist in determining the “minimal acceptable answer” rather than listing every possible correct and incorrect answer. The following notes are offered to support Markers in making judgements on candidates’ evidence, and apply to marking both end of unit assessments and course assessments.

1. Markers are asked to ensure that marks are recorded directly opposite the last line of a candidate’s response. All other marks/notes by the marker should be outwith the marks columns.
2. ‘List type’ answers to **OUTCOME 1** questions at Intermediate 1 Level, if accurate, should be awarded a maximum of 2 marks.
3. It is strongly emphasised that the references in the marking instructions indicating expected responses are for guidance only and **MUST NOT BE VIEWED AS PRESCRIPTIVE**. The performance of candidates is measured against the syllabus, outcomes and performance criteria as it is against these, rather than a checklist of responses, that they should be assessed

Total Marks Available – 60

Part Two: Marking Instructions for each Question

Section A – Political Issues in the United Kingdom

Study Theme 1A – Government and Decision Making in Scotland

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|-----|---|--------------------------------|---|
| 1 | (a) | <p>Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two descriptions must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • making laws on devolved matters eg health, education • scrutiny of the Scottish Government by MSPs asking questions at FMQs • through the use of committees • agreeing budget of Scottish Government so it can spend money on services and policies <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO1</p> | <p>An answer which only provides a list of devolved matters should be awarded a maximum of 2 marks.</p> |
| 1 | (b) | <p>Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two descriptions must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • political parties/pressure groups have websites where voters can find out about their policies • newspaper websites give people information • e-petitions allow people to show their support for a cause • use of twitter, facebook etc by parties and pressure groups • Scottish Government/local council websites <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO1</p> | |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|-----|--|------------------|--|
| 1 | (c) | <p>Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification and which shows various factors interacting.</p> <p>For full marks two explanations must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>16/17 year olds should be able to vote:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • many 16/17 year olds are well informed and interested in politics • young people should be able to take part in making decisions that affect them and will affect them in the future • it is fair and democratic to allow more people to vote • many young people have left school and are working and paying tax so should have a say in decision making • most young people are responsible and would use vote sensibly <p>16/17 year olds should not be able to vote:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • many young people are not interested so average turnout would decline • young people may not be well informed about politics so would be easily influenced by friends/family • most young people are still at school so do not have much life experience • there is not great demand from young people to be able to vote – most are interested in other things • some may cast vote ‘for a laugh’ without careful thought <p>Any other valid point</p> | 4 LO1 | <p>For full marks both sides of argument must be given.</p> <p>Credit exemplification drawn from referendum on Scottish independence as appropriate to either side of the argument</p> |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|-----|---|----------|--|
| 1 | (d) | <p>Award up to two marks for each difference depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In Source 1 it says 46% of men said they were interested in politics but in Source 2 it says 38% of women said they were interested in politics Before the Scottish Parliament election in 2011, only the Conservative Party in the Scottish Parliament was led by a woman. After the election to the Scottish Parliament in 2011, the Labour Party and the Conservative Party both chose women as leaders | 4 LO2 | |
| 1 | e | <p>Award up to two marks for each conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>The difference in the percentage of people who are interested in politics in Scotland and the UK in 2003.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4% more people were interested in politics in Scotland compared with the UK in 2013. <p>The overall change in interest in politics in Scotland between 2007 and 2013.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interest in politics in Scotland has fallen from 53% interested to only 46% in 2013. <p>Any other valid point</p> | 4 LO2 | <p>For full marks, candidates must include statistical information in their answer.</p> <p>Credit answers which make reference to approximate figures.</p> |

Study Theme 1B – Government and Decision Making in Central Government

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| 2 | a | <p>Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two descriptions must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • making laws on reserved matters eg immigration, defence, benefits • scrutiny of the UK Government by MPs asking questions at PMQs • through the use of committees • agreeing budget of the Government so it can spend money on services and policies <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4</p> <p>LO1</p> | <p>Any answer which only provides a list of reserved matters should be awarded a maximum of 2 marks.</p> |
| 2 | b | <p>Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two descriptions must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • people read newspapers to get factual information so they will know more about politics • newspapers can give a variety of opinions so people get different views about politics • newspapers publish readers' letters and opinion polls • most newspapers have websites which provide up-to-date information <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4</p> <p>LO1</p> | |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|--|--------------------------------|--|
| 2 | c | <p>Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two explanations must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following: 16/17 year olds should be able to vote:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • many 16/17 year olds are well informed and interested in politics • young people should be able to take part in making decisions that affect them and will affect them in the future • it is fair and democratic to allow more people to vote • many young people have left school and are working and paying tax so should have a say in decision making • most young people are responsible and would use vote sensibly <p>16/17 year olds should not be able to vote:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • many young people are not interested so average turnout would decline • young people may not be well informed about politics so would be easily influenced by friends/family • most young people are still at school so do not have much life experience • there is not great demand from young people to be able to vote – most are interested in other things • some may cast vote 'for a laugh' without careful thought <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO1</p> | <p>For full marks both sides of argument must be given.</p> <p>Credit exemplification drawn from referendum on Scottish independence as appropriate to either side of the argument</p> |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|--|----------|--|
| 2 | d | <p>Award up to two marks for each difference depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In Source 1 it says 46% of men said they were interested in politics but in Source 2 it says 38% of women said they were interested in politics Source 1 says "In the Cabinet formed after the election in 2010, there were 5 women Cabinet ministers out of 31." While Source 2 says After the reshuffle of the Cabinet in 2012, the number of women Cabinet ministers fell to 4 out of a total of 29 | 4 LO2 | |
| 2 | e | <p>Award up to two marks for each conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>The difference in the percentage of people who are interested in politics in Scotland and the UK in 2013.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4% fewer people were interested in politics in the UK compared with Scotland in 2013. <p>The overall change in interest in politics in Scotland between 2007 and 2013.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interest in politics in the UK has fallen from 53% interested to only 46% in 2013. <p>Any other valid point</p> | 4 LO2 | For full marks, candidates must include statistical information in their answer. Credit answers which make reference to approximate figures. |

Section B – Social Issues in the United Kingdom

Study Theme 2A: Equality in Society: Wealth and Health in the United Kingdom

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|---|--------------------------------|---|
| 3 | a | <p>Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two descriptions must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Smoking Ban • Restrictions on buying alcohol • Health-promoting policies eg “5-a-day” • Free prescriptions • Free NHS services – GPs, hospitals • Benefits system <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO1</p> | |
| 3 | b | <p>Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two explanations must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>Increase:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cost of living increasing so increase needed to pay higher prices • Poverty among some elderly people – higher pension would reduce this • Paid NI contributions – deserve to be properly looked after <p>Do not increase:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High cost of current benefit bill – if pensions frozen this will help reduce taxes • Universal benefits cost too much money and not everyone needs it • Numbers of elderly increasing – government can’t afford to pay in the future. <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO1</p> | For full marks candidates must address both sides of the issue. |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|-----|---|----------|---------------------|
| 3 | (c) | <p>Award up to two marks for each correct piece of evidence depending upon the accuracy of the links made.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>Option 1 – Increase the NMW</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increasing the NMW will reduce the pay gap between men and women – Twice as many women as men are thought to be working in low-paid jobs All age groups would see their wages rise if NMW is increased – Half of young people and half of people over 40 are considered to have low-paid jobs The government would have to pay less in top-up benefits to low paid workers if the NMW is increased – The government spends millions of pounds each year on extra benefits for low-paid workers <p>Option 2 – Do not increase the NMW</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some employers would struggle to pay higher wages and may make workers redundant – Around 2.7 million people have lost their jobs in the last 4 years as employers have had to cut their wage bills. Employers will have to save money and may cut down on training for employees – Low-skilled workers would find it difficult to get a job as employers won't be able to afford to train them. Creating new jobs should be the main concern for the government – Experts have called on the government to invest heavily in job creation. <p>Any other valid point</p> | 4 LO2 | |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|---|--------------------------------|---|
| 3 | d | <p>Award up to two marks for each correct piece of evidence depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification and shows various factors interacting.</p> <p>For full marks two pieces of evidence must be given to support the view and reference must be made to the view.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p><i>More than a quarter of people may struggle with their rent as a result of the spare room subsidy.</i></p> <p>Support because 35% said they might not be able to pay their rent (Source 2)</p> <p><i>Those with two or more spare rooms will have the biggest cuts.</i></p> <p>Support because if tenants have one spare room, their housing benefit will be cut by 14%. If they have two or more spare rooms, the cut will be 25%. (Source 1)</p> | <p>4 LO2</p> | <p>If no reference is made linking the view to the evidence award a maximum of three marks.</p> |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|---|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| 3 | e | <p>Award one mark for each correct identification of an example of exaggeration and one mark for each valid and accurate explanation.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>The percentage of men who smoke has gone down every year is exaggerated because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The source shows that in 2009 25% of men smoked and this increased to 26% in 2010. <p>Female smoking rates have never been as high as male smoking rates is exaggerated because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The source shows that in 2009 25% of both men and women smoked. | <p>4 LO2</p> | |

Study Theme 2B: Crime and the Law in Society

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|--|--------------------------------|--|
| 4 | a | <p>Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two descriptions must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Overcrowding • Lack of rehabilitation • Drug-use in prisons • Lack of activity or education for inmates • High cost compared to other punishments • Violence in prisons <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO1</p> | |
| 4 | b | <p>Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two explanations must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>Increase age:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Anti-social behaviour associated with young people drinking, raising age should reduce consumption • Improve health as alcohol does damage to the human body <p>Stay at 18:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Many responsible 18 year olds do not abuse alcohol unfair to penalise them • Other rights given at 16 eg to marry, leave school etc so why should this age limit be increased <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO1</p> | <p>For full marks candidates must address both sides of the issue.</p> |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| 4 | c | <p>Award up to two marks for each correct piece of evidence depending upon the accuracy of the links made.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>Option 1 – Use more electronic tags</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electronic tags are much cheaper than keeping an offender in prison. – Two weeks on an electronic tag costs £954 and two weeks in prison costs £1,220. • Offenders are carefully selected for release on a tag and the public will not be put at risk - Only low-risk offenders will be chosen for release so the public will not be in danger • Families can help support offenders by helping them to get a job and giving them a safe place to stay - Offenders are more likely to change their ways with the support of their families and a place to live. <p>Option 2 – Do not use more electronic tags</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 26% of young people end up being returned to prison as they break their curfew – About a quarter of young people released on a tag end up back in prison after breaking the conditions of their release. • Some think that electronic tags are a “soft option” and that offenders should serve their full sentence - Some victims are unhappy that offenders do not have to serve their full time in prison. • Without community support offenders who are released can end up back in prison - If an offender released with an electronic tag does not get support in the community, they are more likely to be sent back to prison. <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO2</p> | |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|---|----------|--|
| 4 | d | <p>Award up to two marks for each correct piece of evidence depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification and shows various factors interacting.</p> <p>For full marks two pieces of evidence must be given and reference must be made to the view.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p><i>Less than half of people in Scotland think that minimum pricing is a good idea.</i></p> <p>Support because 46% of the public are in favour of the policy (Source 1)</p> <p><i>The biggest effect would be on people who drink in pubs.</i></p> <p>Support because 38% in a survey said they would drink less in pub – the highest figure (Source 2)</p> | 4 LO2 | If no reference is made linking the view to the evidence award a maximum of three marks. |
| 4 | e | <p>Award one mark for each correct identification of an example of exaggeration and one mark for each valid and accurate explanation.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>The highest percentage of men is in the rank of Inspector is exaggerated because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The source shows that the highest percentage of men can be found at the rank of Chief Inspector <p>Almost half of Constables are women is exaggerated because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only 30% of Constables are women. | 4 LO2 | |

SECTION C – INTERNATIONAL ISSUES

Study Theme 3A – The Republic of South Africa

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|--|----------|---|
| 5 | a | <p>Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two descriptions must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Many people in the townships live in poor quality housing. • Many have health problems such as HIV/AIDS, TB, malaria. • Limited access to good quality healthcare - Cost of treatment in health service/lack of access to private hospitals for many. • Low educational attainment • High rates of unemployment • Poverty is a problem for many • Crime levels are high <p>Any other valid point.</p> | 4 LO1 | Answers which fail to make a specific reference to South African examples should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks. |
| 5 | b | <p>Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two explanations must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Many people disillusioned that some ANC Government promises have not been met – see no point in voting. • Lack of a strong opposition has resulted in voter apathy amongst non-white South Africans • May not be interested or trust politicians - eg Jacob Zuma • Link between low educational attainment and voter turnout <p>Any other valid point</p> | 4 LO1 | Answers which fail to make a specific reference to South African examples should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks. |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|--|----------|---|
| 5 | c | <p>Award up to two marks for a conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided.</p> <p>Difference in household income between provinces in 2011.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gauteng has the highest household income while Limpopo has the smallest – almost 3 times higher <p>Changes in household income between 2001 and 2011</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The annual household income in every province has increased/more than doubled eg Gauteng has increased from 78,581 to 156,243. <p>Any other valid point</p> | 4 LO2 | <p>Candidates may refer to change in income which relate to an individual Province</p> <p>Candidates should provide statistical evidence for full marks</p> |
| 5 | d | <p>Award up to two marks for each piece of evidence given depending upon the quality of argument and evidence provided.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>Support: <i>Less than 10% of the South African population is White</i></p> <p>Source 1: ... white people each make up 8.9% of the total.</p> <p>Oppose: <i>Gauteng had the highest population by Province in 2001 and 2011.</i></p> <p>Source 2 In 2001 KwaZulu-Natal had the largest share of the population at 21% while Gauteng had 19.7%</p> | 4 LO2 | <p>Candidates must make reference to the view, otherwise award a maximum of 3 marks.</p> <p>For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer.</p> |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|--|----------|---------------------|
| 5 | e | <p>Award one mark for each correct identification of an example of exaggeration and one mark for each valid and accurate explanation.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p><i>Households in Gauteng had the highest internet use compared to other provinces is exaggerated because:</i></p> <p>Source 1 says Access to the Internet in the home was highest among households in Western Cape (20.3%) compared with Gauteng (15.3%).</p> <p>More people access the internet at work than on a mobile phone is exaggerated because</p> <p>Source 2 shows that only 4.7% of households access the internet from work compared to 16.3% who access it from a mobile phone.</p> | 4 LO1 | |

Study Theme 3B: The People's Republic of China

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|--|--------------------------------|---|
| 6 | a | <p>Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two descriptions must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • People have become wealthier • Access to goods and services in line with other wealthier nations • More choice of jobs available • Can afford foreign holidays, cars and better housing • Access to better health care and education <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO1</p> | <p>Answers which fail to make a specific reference to examples from China should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks.</p> |
| 6 | b | <p>Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two explanations must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Treatment of people in Tibet • Ban on Falun Gong • Continued exile of Dalai Lama • Restrictions on religious worship • Continued use of the death penalty • Application of one child policy eg forced terminations • Lack of rights for many workers <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO1</p> | <p>Answers which fail to make a specific reference to examples from China should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks.</p> |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|---|----------|---|
| 6 | c | <p>Award up to two marks for each conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>Changes in national income in China between 2010 and 2015</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chinese national income has risen from around 3900 US\$ billion to 5200 US\$ billion. <p>Differences in national income between China and other countries</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> China has a significantly higher level of national income than any of the other countries shown China's income has increased at a faster rate than other countries shown <p>Any other valid point</p> | 4 LO2 | For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer. |
| 6 | d | <p>Award up to two marks for each piece of evidence given depending upon the quality of argument and evidence provided.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>Support: <i>The proportion of males to females continues to increase.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Source 2 shows the ratio of males to females in 2001 was approx. 106 to 100 then 120 to 100 in 2010 and will rise to 130 to 100 by 2020. <p>Oppose: <i>Better off people have been affected by the one child policy the same as everyone else.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In Source 1 it is stated that rich families have been able to get round the policy by having more than one child and paying the fine. | 4 LO2 | <p>Candidates must make reference to the view, otherwise award a maximum of 3 marks.</p> <p>For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer.</p> |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|---|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| 6 | e | <p>Award one mark for each correct identification of an example of exaggeration and one mark for each valid and accurate explanation.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p><i>There are more people over 65 than under 14</i> is exaggerated because:</p> <p>Source 2 shows 17.2% of people are under 14 while only 9.4% are over 65.</p> <p><i>Elderly people can look forward to being well looked after by the government</i> is exaggerated because:</p> <p>Source 1 shows that the Government cannot afford to care for the growing elderly population.</p> | <p>4 LO2</p> | |

Study Theme 3C – The United States of America

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|--|--------------------------------|---|
| 7 | a | <p>Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two descriptions must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • difficulty in accessing housing, jobs, money, health care • exploited by employers and only low paid jobs available • unable to speak language so limited access to job market and lack of success in education • fear of deportation • danger and discomfort crossing border <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO1</p> | <p>Answers which fail to make a specific reference to examples from the USA should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks.</p> |
| 7 | b | <p>Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two explanations must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • limited choice between political parties with only two major parties ie Democrats and Republicans • may believe that whoever is elected, end result will be the same – similarity between political parties • may not be registered to vote • may not be interested or trust politicians • may be fairly recent immigrants with poor English skills so unable to understand many of the arguments • too many elections eg for President, Senate, House of Representatives as well as state and local offices, and too many choices may deter some <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO1</p> | <p>Answers which fail to make a specific reference to examples from the USA should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks.</p> |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|---|------------------|---|
| 7 | c | <p>Award up to two marks for each conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>Differences in the gun murder death rate between ethnic groups</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whites have by far the lowest murder rate while Blacks have the highest with Hispanics less than Blacks but more than Whites. <p>The change in the gun murder death rate between 1993 and 2010</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The level of gun murder has fallen from all groups, for Blacks this has fallen from about 30 per 100,000 to about 15 per 100,000. <p>Any other valid point</p> | 4 LO2 | For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer. |
| 7 | d | <p>Award up to two marks for each piece of evidence given depending upon the quality of argument and evidence provided.</p> <p>For full marks two pieces of evidence and both sources must be used.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>Support: <i>Women are more likely than men to support the Democratic Party.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Over all years the percentage of women supporting the Democrats was above men eg in 2012 it was 52% of women but only 43% of men. <p>Oppose: <i>Married women are just as likely to support the Democratic Party as single women.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> While 48% of married women supported the Democrats 62% of unmarried women supported the Democrats. | 4 LO2 | <p>Candidates must make reference to the view, otherwise award a maximum of 3 marks.</p> <p>For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer.</p> |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| 7 | e | <p>Award one mark for each correct identification of an example of exaggeration and one mark for each valid and accurate explanation.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p><i>Some people use food stamps to buy cigarettes and alcohol is exaggerated because:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Source 1 says “Food stamps can only be used to buy food.” <p><i>Poor elderly people are the most likely to receive food stamps is exaggerated because:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Source 2 shows that poor elderly people are the least likely to receive food stamps at 35.1% while 92.5% of poor children receive food stamps. | <p>4 LO1</p> | |

Study Theme 3D: The European Union

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|---|--------------------------------|--|
| 8 | a | <p>Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two descriptions must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • protect fish stocks • protect living standards of those involved in fishing • protect consumers • investment in fishing industry • ability to sell in other countries <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO1</p> | <p>Answers which fail to make a specific reference to examples from the European Union should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks.</p> |
| 8 | b | <p>Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two explanations must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Job opportunities for people who wish to work abroad as some countries have stronger economies • better living standard as they may earn higher wages • entitled to same benefits as in their own country so will not be worse off <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO1</p> | <p>Answers which fail to make a specific reference to examples from the European Union should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks.</p> |
| 8 | c | <p>Award up to two marks for each conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>The country which shows the highest level of trust in the European Union</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poland shows most trust in the EU at 58% in 2012 and over 80% in 2007. <p>Changes in the level of people who trust the European Union between 2007 and 2012.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The level of trust has fallen in every country eg in Spain it has fallen from 77% to only 28%. <p>Any other valid point</p> | <p>4 LO2</p> | <p>For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer.</p> |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|--|--------------------------------|---|
| 8 | d | <p>Award up to two marks for each piece of evidence given depending upon the quality of argument and evidence provided.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>Support: <i>People are becoming more aware of their rights as citizens of the EU.</i></p> <p>Source 1 People are now more aware about what rights the European Union can offer.</p> <p>Oppose: <i>People in Romania are more informed about their rights than people in any other EU country.</i></p> <p>Source 2 Cyprus has the highest rate of people who are aware of rights as a citizen of the EU with 34% believing this to be the case compared to 32% of Romanians.</p> | <p>4 LO2</p> | <p>Candidates must make reference to the view, otherwise award a maximum of 3 marks.</p> <p>For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer.</p> |
| 8 | e | <p>Award one mark for each correct identification of an example of exaggeration and one mark for each valid and accurate explanation.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p><i>More motor vehicles are produced in Spain than in any other country</i> is exaggerated because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Source 2 shows that Germany produces over 5 million cars while Spain produces less than 2 million <p><i>In the UK, production of motor vehicles remains the biggest industry</i> is exaggerated because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Source 1 states that car manufacturing in the UK is not as important as it used to be as other industries such as financial services and ICT now employ more people. | <p>4 LO2</p> | |

Study Theme 3E – Development in Brazil

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|----------|--|------------------|---|
| 9 | a | <p>Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two descriptions must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor quality of housing often without basic amenities • overcrowding and poor hygiene • high levels of crime • poor level of public services <p>Any other valid point</p> | 4 LO1 | Answers which fail to make a specific reference to examples from Brazil should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks. |
| 9 | b | <p>Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification.</p> <p>For full marks two explanations must be given.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Native people's traditional way of life has been threatened by Amazon development • Land invasion of Indian reservations by loggers and miners have risen • Violence/conflict between indigenous people and loggers • Soybean production resulted in farms expanding into land where indigenous people live leading to homelessness • Increased health problems. <p>Any other valid point</p> | 4 LO1 | Answers which fail to make a specific reference to examples from Brazil should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks. |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|--|----------|---|
| 9 | c | <p>Award up to two marks for each conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>Changes in national income in Brazil between 2010 and 2015.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> National income has increased slightly between 2010 and 2015 <p>Differences in the national income between Brazil and other countries.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Brazil has a lower rate of national income than Russia OR India/-China/-Russia have higher national incomes compared to Brazil eg national income in Brazil is just over 1,000 US\$ billion while in China it is over 5,000 US\$ billion. <p>Any other valid point</p> | 4 LO2 | For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer. |
| 9 | d | <p>Award up to two marks for each piece of evidence given depending upon the quality of argument and evidence provided.</p> <p>For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>Support: The Brazilian Government plans to improve the health of children in Brazil.</p> <p>Source 1 The Ministry of Health is keen to promote health prevention, by improving maternity and infant care services</p> <p>Oppose: However spending on healthcare has stayed the same in recent years.</p> <p>Source 2 Spending on health care has been increasing since 2012 eg from just over 200,000 US\$ million to 270,000 US\$ million in 2015.</p> | 4 LO2 | <p>Candidates must make reference to the view, otherwise award a maximum of 3 marks.</p> <p>For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer.</p> |

| Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|---|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| 9 | e | <p>Award one mark for each correct identification of an example of exaggeration and one mark for each valid and accurate explanation.</p> <p>Credit reference to aspects of the following:</p> <p>The number of households in Brazil with access to the internet has doubled since 2007 is exaggerated because</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Source 2 shows that the number of households with access to the internet has not doubled since 2007 – it was 20.1 million in 2007 and increased to 31.2 million in 2010. <p>More than half of all Brazilians use the internet is exaggerated because</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Source 1 says in 2011 Brazil was ranked fifth in the world with nearly 89 million internet users which is 45% of the population. | <p>4 LO2</p> | |

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]