

2015 Latin Advanced Higher Interpretation Finalised Marking Instructions

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Part One: General Marking Principles for Latin Advanced Higher Interpretation

This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this Paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the specific Marking Instructions for each question.

- (a) Marks for each candidate response must <u>always</u> be assigned in line with these general marking principles and the specific Marking Instructions for the relevant question. If a specific candidate response does not seem to be covered by either the principles or detailed Marking Instructions, and you are uncertain how to assess it, you must seek guidance from your Team Leader/Principal Assessor. You can do this by posting a question on the Marking Team forum or by e-mailing/phoning the e-marker Helpline.
- (b) Marking should always be positive ie, marks should be awarded for what is correct and not deducted for errors or omissions.

GENERAL MARKING ADVICE: Latin Advanced Higher Interpretation

The marking schemes are written to assist in determining the "minimal acceptable answer" rather than listing every possible correct and incorrect answer. The following notes are offered to support Markers in making judgements on candidates' evidence, and apply to marking both end of unit assessments and course assessments.

Part Two: Marking Instructions for each Question

SECTION A - CICERO AND LETTER-WRITING

| Que | estion |) | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|-----|--------|------|--|-------------|------------------------|
| 1. | (a) | | Full names/Pompey's titles/formal style (1) Cicero showing Pompey great respect/ flattering him (1) formality of relationship(1) any other valid point | 3 | |
| 1. | (b) | (i) | Pompey's personal response lukewarm Cicero had taken the trouble to write a long letter to him not much praise for Cicero defeating Catiline any other valid point Award one mark for each of two valid points | | |
| 1. | (b) | (ii) | knowing he has done his dutyany other valid point | 1 | |
| 1. | (c) | | wants to 'test the waters' in Rome after long absence Cicero already compromised by SCU controversy wanted to distance himself from Cicero's actions resented Cicero's success disappointed he had not been recalled to deal with conspiracy any other valid point Award one mark for each of two valid reasons | 2 | |

| Que | stion | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|-----|-------|---|-------------|------------------------|
| 1. | (d) | Writing to a friend (Atticus)/any other valid point (1) Content: • diverse subject matter – personal and political • reference to shared knowledge and acquaintances • any other valid point Style: informal colloquial/conversational expressions eg ain tandem (line 1) "What are you saying, then?"; sed quis ad hos? (lines 18-19) "but what is it to them?"; ad te postridie (line 28) "I'll come to you the next day"; quid enim tua? (line 28) "but what's it to you?" Candidates do not require to give the English of any of these expressions to score a mark | | |
| | | Humour eg, • me asinum Germanum fuisse (line 23); • iam dudum enim circumrodo quod devorandum est (lines 3-4) Candidates do not require to give the English of either of these expressions to score a mark | | |
| | | Greek words: palinode (line 5); apotheosis (line 15) Candidates may give either the original Greek | | |
| | | or the English translation Newly coined words: • subturpicula (line 4) " a little bit shameful"; subringentur (line 16) "pull a somewhat wry face"/"grimace a little" Candidates do not require to give the English of either of these expressions to score a mark • confidential/confessional tone • exclamations • direct speech/dialogue • any other valid point Candidates should refer to both content and style. Award one mark for each valid point | | |
| | | Maximum 6 marks | | |

| Que | Question | | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|-----|----------|------|---|-------------|------------------------|
| 2. | (a) | | Cicero in exile Clodius, hostile to Cicero (since Bona Dea trial) Clodius elected tribune exploited issue of illegal execution of Catilinarians passed bill outlawing anyone who executed Roman citizens without trial target was Cicero/as Cicero did atmosphere of violence any other valid point Award one mark for each of four valid points | 4 | |
| 2. | (b) | | emphasis by position – nullum (line 3), nihil (line 7) tricolon (crescendo)/list of three adjectives intimus, proximus, familarissimus (lines 5-6) negative vocabulary – nullum (line 3), decipi (line 4), nihil (line 7), defuit (line 8) strong/morally charged vocabulary – peccatum (line 3), nefas (line 4) antithesis – betrayed twice over balanced clause – aut sibiaut mihi(line 6) any other valid point Award up to two marks for each valid point / example and comment Maximum 4 marks | 4 | |
| 2. | (c) | (i) | even out of office/no longer tribune (1) Clodius can keep up campaign against Cicero (1) | 2 | |
| 2. | (c) | (ii) | a new tribune will be got ready (1) to veto proposals for his recall (1) | 2 | |

| Que | Question | | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|-----|----------|--|--|-------------|------------------------|
| 2. | (d) | | Agree: • put own safety first • left wife to cope alone • left family unprotected • put political considerations ahead of safety of his family • did not choose suicide as an honourable way out • in Cicero's nature to be a coward • any other valid point Disagree: • little option given violence • lack of support • any other valid point Candidates may choose to agree or disagree Award one mark for each relevant reason. NB. If candidates supply an extended discussion of one valid point, they may be awarded 2/3 marks. Maximum 3 marks. | Mark 3 | Guidance |
| | | | | | |

| Que | stion | 1 | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|-----|-------|---|--|-------------|------------------------|
| 3. | (a) | | Supporting: weak Cicero 11 virginity most valuable asset Pliny 20 defined by relationship to men Pliny 20 marriages arranged by men Pliny 20 token of exchange between men/cemented male friendships Pliny 20, Cicero 19 women's behaviour monitored by men Cicero 19 patronised by male attitudes Cicero 11 sole purpose is to produce children Pliny 20 any other valid point Challenging: signs of genuine love, esteem, respect Cicero 11 strong personalities could exert influence Cicero 11 & 19 some scope for independent action/responsibility Cicero 11 any other valid point * Candidates may also comment that evidence is limited to upper classes and male perspective. They must refer to all three letters but may argue either for or against or a mixture of both. Award up to two points for developed discussion of each relevant point. Maximum 7 | Mark 7 | Guidance |
| | | | marks. | | |

| Que | estion | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|-----|--------|--|-------------|------------------------|
| 3. | (b) | Seneca: impressionistic/snap-shot variety/diversity of images and sounds – hubbub, commotion recreation of busy scene lots of verbs, accumulation of clauses – simultaneous activity generous use of adjectives a lot of detail humour exclamations – dramatic first/second person imperatives – engages reader any other valid point Award one mark for each relevant point / example. Maximum of 3 marks | 3 | |
| 3. | (c) | Pliny: narrative of events/linear verbs reflect pace of events/violence blow by blow account graphic description of wounds shocked reaction of loyal slaves moral vocabulary/judgement any other valid point Award one mark for each relevant point / example Maximum of 3 marks | 3 | |
| 3. | (d) | Candidates may choose either author and may score up to two marks if they give two valid reasons for their choice. | 2 | |

| Que | Question | | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|-----|----------|--|--|--------------------|---------------------|
| 4. | (a) | | Candidates must refer to all three writers If only two writers are covered, award a maximum of 11/17 If only one writer is covered, award a maximum of 6/17 | 20 | |
| | | | Candidates may argue that letters reflecting social and political tension are more compelling AND/OR that the less dramatic have plenty of features to recommend them AND/OR that tensions may lurk beneath the surface of blander material Consideration should be given to the terms of the question but this may be covered within general comment Must make reference to the text For effective structure award up to three marks | | |
| 4 | (b) | | Candidate must refer to all three writers If only two writers are covered, award a maximum of 11/17 If only one writer is covered, award a maximum of 6/17 Candidates should refer to style as well as content It would be appropriate to consider the merits of spontaneity versus a more studied, polished style Must make reference to the text For effective structure award up to three marks | 20 | |
| | | | (Sc | (65) aled to 10 | 0) |

Section B – Ovid and Latin Love-Poetry

| Que | stion | 1 | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|-----|-------|-----|--|-------------|------------------------|
| 1. | (a) | | watch through the night rest on the ground guard gates/doors make long marches/journeys make dangerous/challenging journeys cope with extremes of weather (snow, frost, wind, rain) any other valid point Award one mark for each of five valid points | 5 | |
| 1. | (b) | | sleeping (1) soporatoshostes/maritorum somnis/sopitis hostibus (1) Candidates may, as an alternative, supply unarmed (1) inermemanu (1) | 2 | |
| 1. | (c) | | Mars as war – the outcome of war is uncertain (1) Mars as war god – adultery with Venus (1) | 2 | |
| 1. | (d) | (i) | Ovid: | 3 | |

| Que | Question | | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|-----|----------|------|--|-------------|------------------------|
| 1. | (d) | (ii) | Life: no ambition beyond farm wants simple life no desire to travel home loving not interested in money or possessions continuation of life pacifist escapist carpe diem any other valid point. Award one mark for one valid point Love: romantic wants to protect girl wants to spare girl tears total loyalty to her die in her arms love is for the young any other valid point. Award one mark for one valid point. Award one mark for one valid point. Award one mark for one further point about life or love. | 3 | Guidance |

| Que | Question | | Expected Answer(s) | | Additional Guidance |
|-----|----------|------|--|---|------------------------|
| 2. | (b) | | Roman love-poet (1) Ovid rates Gallus very highly as a love-poet may consider him playing a vital part in developing Roman love-poetry genre any other valid point (1) | 2 | |
| 2. | (c) | (i) | cups/goblets filled with Castalian water (1) fountain on Mt. Parnassus/spring of the Muses to inspire him (1) any other valid point | 2 | |
| 2. | (c) | (ii) | Apollo god of poetry (1) serves the water to the poet like a waiter (1) NB Candidates may decide that there is no humour in these lines. This is a valid response. They will still score the full two mark allocation if they refer to the content of line 36 in detail (as in (c) (ii) above) | 2 | |

| Que | Question | | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|-----|----------|--|---|-------------|------------------------|
| 2. | (d) | | Poem 14: fame through his poetry while alive the poetry itself is free from death be read by anxious lovers as an authority on love after death the poet will still survive through his poetry any other valid point Award one mark for each of two valid points | 5 | |
| | | | (2) Poem 20: | | |
| | | | has had to share his girl with the public poems made her a public figure prostituted by his art his poems trumpeted her beauty his poems pimped her charms attracted other lovers poems made men envy his success never meant such light stuff to carry weight his praise of Corinna/Corinna herself was fiction any other valid point | | |
| | | | Award three marks for each of three valid points (3) | | |

| Question | | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|-----|---|-------------|------------------------|
| 3. | (a) | mistress jealous of all women poet meets (1) accuses him of affair with her maid (Cypassis) (1) would he pick a drudge? would a gentleman make love to a slave girl? her lash-scarred back the mistress's favourite devoted to her mistress she would blab to the mistress any other valid point (1) Candidates should offer one of these points with a reason why they think it is the most convincing argument | 3 | |
| 3. | (b) | Possible scenario: Catullus at party/social event/dinner party his mistress/future mistress there with man/lover/husband Catullus hears her laugh/sees her beauty in agony of jealousy because he is not the man with her dizzy with love/lust any other valid point Candidates should mention social event and mistress + other man to score two marks A third mark to be awarded for any other valid point | 3 | |
| 3. | (c) | violent (tear clothes, smash doors, pull plaits, punch her) (1) Propertius: will write about her beauty but fickleness his writing will make her blench people will read about her fickleness for ever in his poetry he will not use violence One mark should be awarded for one valid point | 2 | |

| Question | | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|-------------------------------|---|-------------|------------------------|
| 3. | (d) | Verse 1. (Addressed to Lydia) | 5 | |
| | | Lydia praises Telephus's handsomeness Horace is "crotchety" with jealousy physical details – "liver" heat/cooking imagery – "simmering" | | |
| | | Verse 2. (Addressed to Lydia) | | |
| | | Horace is out of sorts, mentally and physically physical details – "tears on cheeks", "inward maceration" heat/cooking imagery – "slow fires" | | |
| | Verse 3. (Addressed to Lydia) | | | |
| | | focus shifts to her body/her beauty (flattery) her "white shoulders" bruised by drunken Telephus her lips bruised by a love bite from Telephus jealous of Telephus' physical contact with her Horace: heat/cooking image – "charred" | | |
| | | Verse 4. (Addressed to Lydia) | | |
| | | warning from Horace Telephus described as a "savage" who has been violent to her such a man will not be faithful to her he is selfish in hurting her beautiful mouth Horace describes the mouth as "delicious" and imbued with "nectar" by Venus (flattery) jealous that Telephus is enjoying her lips not him | | |
| | | Verse 5 (Addressed to Lydia AND the reader) | | |
| | | Horace philosophises about the ideal relationship no need for jealousy his dream for her and himself? a couple with a relationship based on "unbroken love" and no quarrels loving until death (Epicurean view) Candidates may be awarded one mark for | | |
| | | dealing briefly with one relevant issue in each of the five verses. | | |
| 3. | (e) | Candidates may choose any of the four poems and may score up to two marks if they give two valid reasons for their choice. | 2 | |

| Question | | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|-----|--|-------------|------------------------|
| | | EITHER | | |
| 4. | (a) | Candidates must discuss the love-poetry of Ovid and TWO other poets | 20 | |
| | | If only two poets are covered, award a maximum of 11/17 If only one poet is covered, award a maximum of 6/17 | | |
| | | Candidates must deal with a reasonable selection of attractive aspects for a modern reader | | |
| | | for example: realism, humour, characterisation, imagery, 'plot', setting, powers of description, format, relevance to life/love today, poet's personality, mistress's personality, mythology, any other valid aspect | | |
| | | Must discuss whether they would like to have read more of one or both poets (they may choose not to read more of either) | | |
| | | Must give reasons for their opinion | | |
| | | Must make reference to the text | | |
| | | For effective structure, award up to three marks | | |

| Question | |) | Expected Answer(s) | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|-----|---|---|-------------|---------------------|
| | | | OR | | |
| 4. | (b) | | Candidates must discuss the "fire of love" theme in THREE love-poets | 20 | |
| | | | If only two poets are covered, award a maximum of 11/17 If only one poet is covered, award a maximum of 6/17 | | |
| | | | Candidates may deal with different types of "fiery passion" and their varying effects on each lover's relationship with his mistress/es | | |
| | | | It is to be expected that candidates will discuss how the nature of the "fire" changes with time/experience, including "the fire" going out | | |
| | | | The candidate must deal with the "to what extent" component of the question | | |
| | | | The candidate may find much/little/no evidence of fiery passion in a selected poet | | |
| | | | Must give reasons for their opinion | | |
| | | | Must make reference to the text | | |
| | | | For effective structure, award up to three marks | | |
| | | | (65) (scaled to 100) | | |

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]



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Part Two: Marking Instructions for each Question

Livy

| Question | | on Expecte | Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|----------------------------------|--|----|------------------------|
| | | Block / sub-block | Essential idea | | |
| 1 | а | captivaeum prisoner taken to him | | 3 | |
| 1 | b | adeoforma ut /converteretoculos | so beautiful, turned eyes | 3 | |
| 1 | С | quacumque incedebat* | wherever she went | *2 | |
| 2 | а | Scipioparentesque | Scipio asked about parents | 3 | |
| 2 | b | interCeltiberorum | learned she was engaged to chieftain | 3 | |
| 3 | а | parentibusaccitis | parents and fiancé summoned | 3 | |
| 3 | b | cumamore* | heard he was dying of love | *2 | |
| 3 | С | "iuvenis" inquit* | "young man", he said | *2 | |
| 3 | d | cum sponsaesset | when fiancée brought to me | 3 | |
| 3 | е | audiremesse | I heard she was dear | 3 | |
| 3 | f | servataest* | she was saved for you | *2 | |
| 3 | g | utposset | to be given to you | 3 | |
| 4 | а | hancpaciscor | I ask one thing in payment | 3 | |
| 4 | b | amicussis | be a friend to Romans | 3 | |
| 5 | а | cum adulescens / deosinvocaret | young man called on gods | 3 | |
| 5 | b | gaudio perfusus* | joyful | *2 | |
| 5 | С | dextramtenens | holding Scipio's hand | 3 | |
| 5 | d | adreferendam* | to reward him | *2 | |
| 5 | е | parentesappellati* | parents were called | *2 | |
| 6 | а | hisdonis* | happy with gift/s | *2 | |
| 6 | b | dimissus domum* | sent home | *2 | |
| 6 | С | implevitScipionis | filled the ears of his fellow tribesmen with praise for Scipio | 3 | |
| 6 | d | venisseiuvenem | young man like god/s | 3 | |
| 6 | е | vincentembenignitate | conquering with arms and kindness | 3 | |
| 7 | | itaquerevertit | returned with cavalry | 3 | |

Total 66

*maximum 2 marks

Scaled to 50 marks

Virgil

| Question | | on | Expected Answer/s | | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|----|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| | | | Block / sub-block | Essential idea | | |
| 1 | а | | haecdedit | (Aeneas) spoke these words | 3 | |
| 1 | b | | portisingens | striding out from gate/s | 3 | |
| 1 | С | | telumquatiens | brandishing spear/weapon | 3 | |
| 1 | d | | simulruunt | A and M rushing | 3 | |
| 1 | е | | omniscastris | crowd pouring from camp | 3 | |
| 2 | а | | *tummiscetur | plain thrown into confusion with dust | *2 | |
| 2 | b | | pulsuquetellus | earth stirred up by trampling feet | 3 | |
| 3 | а | | viditTurnus | Turnus seeing them coming | 3 | |
| 3 | b | | *videre Ausonii | Italians seeing (them) | *2 | |
| 3 | С | | gelidusquetremor | tremor/fear running through bones | 3 | |
| 3 | d | | primaaudiit | Juturna hearing before Latins | 3 | |
| 3 | е | | *agnovitque sonum | recognising the sound | *2 | |
| 3 | f | | *etrefugit | fled trembling | *2 | |
| | | | | | | |
| 4 | а | | *ille volat | Aeneas speeding | *2 | |
| 4 | b | | campoqueaperto | driving column over plain | 3 | |

Total 40

*maximum 2 marks

Scaled to 50 marks

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]