

# 2015 English

## **Intermediate 2 Close Reading**

## **Finalised Marking Instructions**

© Scottish Qualifications Authority 2015

The information in this publication may be reproduced to support SQA qualifications only on a noncommercial basis. If it is to be used for any other purposes written permission must be obtained from SQA's NQ Assessment team.

Where the publication includes materials from sources other than SQA (secondary copyright), this material should only be reproduced for the purposes of examination or assessment. If it needs to be reproduced for any other purpose it is the centre's responsibility to obtain the necessary copyright clearance. SQA's NQ Assessment team may be able to direct you to the secondary sources.

These Marking Instructions have been prepared by Examination Teams for use by SQA Appointed Markers when marking External Course Assessments. This publication must not be reproduced for commercial or trade purposes.

### Part One: General Marking Principles for: English Intermediate 2 – Close Reading

This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this Paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the specific Marking Instructions for each question.

- (a) Marks for each candidate response must <u>always</u> be assigned in line with these general marking principles and the specific Marking Instructions for the relevant question. If a specific candidate response does not seem to be covered by either the principles or detailed Marking Instructions, and you are uncertain how to assess it, you must seek guidance from your Team Leader/Principal Assessor.
- (b) Marking should always be positive ie, marks should be awarded for what is correct and not deducted for errors or omissions.

#### GENERAL MARKING ADVICE: English Intermediate 2 – Close Reading

The marking schemes are written to assist in determining the "minimal acceptable answer" rather than listing every possible correct and incorrect answer. The following notes are offered to support Markers in making judgements on candidates' evidence, and apply to marking both end of unit assessments and course assessments.

Question	Expected Answer(s)	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(Fancy or ephemeral) gadgets/widgets/devices/contraptions/examples of (computer) technology	1 U	
2	Choice of:"object""against""incompatible with"incompatible withgives idea ofresponsible self-government"denounced/government"'(the ultimate)irresponsible (medium)"''attacked"''attacked"''s clobbered"Example (1), meaning (1)	2 U	
3	Just as a swamp isSo this development isvoluminouslarge-scaledangerousthreateningcapable of inundationdestructiveunproductiveof little valueunconfineduncontrolledAny one area of similarity where synonyms areused, or any two areas employing the same term.Accept for 1 mark for the comment that theterm is an overstatement.	2 E	Candidates may well answer in terms of "overwhelming"

### Part Two: Marking Instructions for each Question

Question		Expected Answer(s)		Max Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(a)	"(We are communicating in writing) as never before" (1) "we are now able to speak instantly" (1) "across cultures and among languages" (1) "millions are alert to" or "a way once restricted to an intellectual elite" (1) "millions are alert to the importance of words" (1) Any one idea, quotation (1	indicates improvement on what was previously the case (1) indicates speed/facility (which by inference was not there before) (1) indicates (by inference new) breadth of audience (1) indicates new universality of communication facility (1) Indicates increased awareness of the power of language (1) ) + extrapolation (1)	2 A	

Question		Expected Answer(s)		Max Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(b)	"so far from killing off literature"	Gives the idea of (unexpectedly) not damaging writing/word usage	2 A	
		"more closely in touch with words than any before it"	gives idea of unprecedented nature of development/improvement		
		"surging"	conveys rapid/powerful development		
		("around and) across the world"	Indicated far reaching/global aspect		
		"extraordinary"	indicates remarkable quality		
		"unstoppable"	indicates inexorable quality		
		"blizzard"	(image) suggest power/density		
		"(at a rate and on a scale that is) mind-boggling"	indicates impressive nature of development		
		"more than 100 billion entries a day on Facebook " <b>OR"</b> more than one billion tweets a week"	(statistic) indicates enormity of phenomenon		
		<b>OR</b> both these statistics	indicate (by inference welcome) diversity of phenomenon		
		"(E-book sales are) soaring"	indicates rapidity/large-scale nature of development		
		Example (1) + extrapolation	on <b>(1)</b>		

Question		Expected Answer(s)		Max Mark	Additional Guidance
5	(a)	Purists = those who are (excessively/in an old- fashioned manner) concerned with correct usage/traditionalists/people who love language/fanatics (1) Shudder = are repelled by/dislike/disapprove/are horrified (1)		2 U	
5	<b>(b)</b> Gloss of any of:		1 U		
		ungrammatical	eg incorrect		
		misspelt	eg wrongly spelled/incorrect letters		
		slang	eg colloquial/informal		
		spam	eg unwanted / unselective / inconsequential material		
		mangles	eg distorts		
		simplifies	eg makes easy		
		abbreviates	eg shortens		
5	(c)		tly) introduces the contrast (1) words, deliberately chosen" (1)	2 E	
		It shows that the writer disagrees (1) with the sticklers (1)			
		OR			
		It works like "however disagrees <b>(1)</b>	" (1) showing the writer		
		Accept for 1 mark (mo comment that the wor	ore generalised) critical rld is old-fashioned		

Que	estion	Expected Answer(s)	Expected Answer(s)		Additional Guidance
6	(a)	Idea is of superficiality and multi-tasking	Idea is of superficiality and/or rapidity and/or multi-tasking		Please do not reward "skipping", "skim", or "browse"
6	(b) Imagery		2 A		
		"magpies" <b>OR</b> "shiny object" <b>(1)</b>	suggests ease of reader's attraction to/distraction by OR shallowness or triviality of what distracts (1)		
		Word choice			
		"skipping" <b>OR</b> "skim" <b>OR</b> "browse" <b>(1)</b>	suggests brevity of attention span or lack of depth of attention to what is read <b>(1)</b>		
		Accept also a claim that "skipping" <b>(1)</b>	suggests a (new) exhilaration <b>(1)</b>		
		Example (1), analysis (1)			
7		"app" <b>(1)</b>	refers to/is an example of new development/aspect of technology or one which gives something additional (1)	2 A	
		(Any one of) "critical notes…annotations and the sound of Eliot reading" <b>(1)</b>	are something extra/additional/improving (1)		
			May be expressed as "he gives an example (1) of something which enriches the text/the reader's experience" (1)		
		Example (1), analysis (1)	Example (1), analysis (1)		

Question		Expected Answer(s)	Expected Answer(s)		Additional Guidance
8	They prove/provide (stron		ng/convincing) evidence (1)	2 A	
		that Franzen is wrong/m or that print is not invuln	isguided (here as elsewhere) erable <b>(1)</b>		
9	(a)	(Unnaturally/permanently	y) unchanged/preserved	1 U	
9	(b)	(Amused/sardonic) disar	oproval/disagreement	1 A	
10 References to "TwitterE-mail and language and usage" (1)			2 A		
		revisit previous ideas (1)	;		
		OR			
		Reference to "(the very layout of the) keyboard" (1)			
		looks forward (to section about QWERTY) (1)			
11		Gloss of:		1 U	
		old…layout…tended to jam	eg keys stuck less		
		faster typing	eg it could be done more quickly		
		fewer typos	eg there were not so many mistakes		
		"[made] life easier forsalesmen	eg helped those trying to sell it		

Que	estion	Expected Answer(s)	Expected Answer(s)		Additional Guidance
12		Appropriate/accurate/unqu OR comparison		1 A	
		<b>OR</b> example of similar situal Maybe expressed as "peop they could take photograph	ble still paint even though		
13	(a)	Terms (here wittily) associa keyboard	Terms (here wittily) associated with the computer keyboard		
13	(b)	history of the keyboard new writing or reading technology	relates to lines 54-70 relates to (eg) "the machines", "modern digital communication", "digital publishing"	2 E	
		We live in a Qwerty world	relates to (eg) "The Qwerty keyboard…stuck"/ title of the passage		
		there is no going back	relates to "now an immutable…fact"		
			OR		
			summarises the writer's line of thought throughout the passage		
		Selection (1), correspondin	Selection (1), corresponding expression/idea (1)		

### [END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]



# 2015 English

## **Intermediate 2 Critical Essay**

## **Finalised Marking Instructions**

© Scottish Qualifications Authority 2015

The information in this publication may be reproduced to support SQA qualifications only on a noncommercial basis. If it is to be used for any other purposes written permission must be obtained from SQA's NQ Assessment team.

Where the publication includes materials from sources other than SQA (secondary copyright), this material should only be reproduced for the purposes of examination or assessment. If it needs to be reproduced for any other purpose it is the centre's responsibility to obtain the necessary copyright clearance. SQA's NQ Assessment team may be able to direct you to the secondary sources.

These Marking Instructions have been prepared by Examination Teams for use by SQA Appointed Markers when marking External Course Assessments. This publication must not be reproduced for commercial or trade purposes.

### Part One: General Marking Principles for English Intermediate 2 Critical Essay

This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this Paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the specific Marking Instructions for each question.

- (a) Marks for each candidate response must <u>always</u> be assigned in line with these general marking principles and the specific Marking Instructions for the relevant question. If a specific candidate response does not seem to be covered by either the principles or detailed Marking Instructions, and you are uncertain how to assess it, you must seek guidance from your Team Leader/Principal Assessor.
- (b) Marking should always be positive ie, marks should be awarded for what is correct and not deducted for errors or omissions.
- (c) Marking Principles for Critical Essay are as follows.
  - The essay should first be read to establish whether it achieves success in **all** the Performance Criteria for Grade C, including relevance and the standards for technical accuracy outlined in Note 1 below.
  - If minimum standards are not achieved in any **one** or more of the Performance Criteria, the maximum mark which can be awarded is 11.
  - If minimum standards have been achieved, then the supplementary marking grids will allow you to place the work on a scale of marks out of 25.
  - The Category awarded and the mark should be placed at the end of the essay.

### GENERAL MARKING ADVICE: English Intermediate 2 Critical Essay

The marking schemes are written to assist in determining the "minimal acceptable answer" rather than listing every possible correct and incorrect answer. The following notes are offered to support Markers in making judgements on candidates' evidence, and apply to marking both end of unit assessments and course assessments.

- **1.** "Sufficiently accurate" can be best defined in terms of a definition of "consistently accurate".
  - Consistently accurate

A few errors may be present, but these will not be significant in any way. The candidate may use some complex vocabulary and sentence structures. Where appropriate, sentences will show accurate handling of clauses. Linking between sentences will be clear. Paragraphing will reflect a developing line of thought.

• Sufficiently accurate As above but with an allowance made for speed and the lack of opportunity to redraft.

- **2.** Using the Category descriptions.
  - Categories are not grades. Although derived from Performance Criteria at C and the indicators of excellence for Grade A, the four categories are designed primarily to assist with placing each candidate response at an appropriate point on a continuum of achievement. Assumptions about final grades or association of final grades with particular categories should not be allowed to influence objective assessment.
  - Once an essay has been deemed to pass the basic criteria, it does not have to meet all the suggestions for Category II (for example) to fall into that Category. More typically there will be a spectrum of strengths and weaknesses which span categories.
- 3. Referrals to PA
  - Essays based on wrong genre should be marked out of 25 and referred.
  - Essays in response to Section E Language should be marked out of 25 and referred.

### Part Two: Marking Instructions for each Question

#### Critical Essay

-	GRADE C Performance Criteria				
a)	Understanding				
	As appropriate to task, the response demonstrates understanding of key elements, central concerns and significant details of the text(s).				
b)	Analysis				
	The response explains in some detail ways in which aspects of structure/style/language contribute to meaning/effect/impact.				
c)	Evaluation				
	The response reveals engagement with the text(s) or aspects of the text(s) and stated or implied evaluation of effectiveness, substantiated by some relevant evidence from the text(s).				
d)	Expression				
	Structure, style and language, including use of some appropriate critical terminology, are deployed to communicate meaning clearly and develop a line of thought which is generally relevant to purpose; spelling, grammar and punctuation are sufficiently accurate.				

It should be noted that the term "text" encompasses printed, audio or film/video text(s) which may be literary (fiction or non-fiction) or may relate to aspects of media or language.

### Language Questions 13 – 15

The "text" which should be dealt with in a language question is the research which the pupil has done. Examples taken from their research must be there for you to see.

However, to demonstrate understanding and analysis related to these examples there has to be some ability to generalise from the particular, to classify and comment on what has been discovered. It is not enough merely to produce a list of words in, say, Dundonian with their standard English equivalents. This is merely description and without any further development does not demonstrate understanding of any principle underlying the choice of words.

The list of features at the head of the section is supportive. A marker would reasonably expect that some such features would be mentioned in the course of a candidate's answer.

#### Intermediate 2 Critical Essay

#### Supplementary Advice

This advice, which is supplementary to the published Performance Criteria, is designed to assist with the placing of scripts within the full range of marks. However, the Performance Criteria as published give the primary definitions. The mark range for each Category is identified.

IV 8 – 11	III 12 – 15	II 16 – 19	I 20 – 25
	Understanding	Understanding	Understanding
<ul> <li>An essay which falls into this category may do so for a variety of reasons</li> </ul>	• Knowledge of the text(s), and a basic understanding of the <b>main</b> concerns will be used.	<ul> <li>Knowledge and understanding of the central concerns of the text(s) will be used.</li> </ul>	• Secure knowledge and some insight into the central concerns of the text(s) will be demonstrated at this level.
It could be	<ul> <li>to provide an answer which is generally relevant to the task.</li> </ul>	• to provide an answer which is <b>mainly</b> relevant to the task.	and there will be a line of thought consistently relevant to the task.
<ul> <li>that it fails to achieve sufficient technical accuracy</li> <li>or that any knowledge and understanding of the</li> </ul>	Some reference to the text(s) will be made to <b>support</b> the candidate's argument.	<ul> <li>Reference to the text(s) will be used as evidence to promote the candidate's argument.</li> </ul>	Reference to the text(s) will be used <b>appropriately</b> as evidence which helps to <b>develop</b> the argument <b>fully</b> .
material is not deployed as a	<u>Analysis</u>	<u>Analysis</u>	<u>Analysis</u>
<ul> <li>or that analysis and evaluation attempted are unconvincing</li> <li>or that the answer is</li> </ul>	• There will be an explanation of the contribution of literary/linguistic techniques to the impact of the text(s)	• There will be an explanation of the effectiveness of the contribution of literary/linguistic techniques to the impact of the text(s).	• There will be <b>some</b> <b>insight</b> shown into the <b>effectiveness</b> of the contribution of the literary/linguistic techniques to the impact of the text(s).
simply too thin.	Evaluation	Evaluation	Evaluation
	• There will be <b>some</b> <b>engagement</b> with the text(s) which will state or imply an evaluation of its effectiveness.	• There will be some engagement with the text(s) which leads to a generally valid evaluative stance with respect to the text(s).	• There will be a <b>clear</b> <b>engagement</b> with the text(s) which leads to a <b>valid</b> evaluative stance with respect to the material.
	Expression	Expression	Expression
	• Language will communicate the argument clearly, and there will be appropriate critical terminology deployed. Spelling, grammar and punctuation will be sufficiently accurate.	• Language will communicate the argument <b>clearly</b> , and there will be an appropriate critical terminology deployed <b>to aid the argument</b> . Spelling, grammar and punctuation will be sufficiently accurate.	Language will communicate effectively making appropriate use of critical terminology to further the argument. Spelling, grammar and punctuation will be sufficiently accurate.

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]