		E				
	National Qualificat 2021 ASSI		OURCE	Mark		
X826/76/01			E	nvironn	nental S P	cience aper 1
Duration — 45 minutes					* X 8 2 6	7 6 0 1 *
Fill in these boxes and re	ad what is printe	ed below.	τ.			
Full name of centre			Towr			
Forename(s)	Sur	name			Number	of seat

Total marks — 20

Attempt ALL questions.

Write your answers clearly in the spaces provided in this booklet. Additional space for answers and rough work is provided at the end of this booklet. If you use this space you must clearly identify the question number you are attempting. Any rough work must be written in this booklet. You should score through your rough work when you have written your final copy.

Use blue or black ink.

Before leaving the examination room you must give this booklet to the Invigilator; if you do not, you may lose all the marks for this paper.





## Total marks — 20 Attempt ALL questions

Settlement X lies at the estuary of a major Scottish river, and sits on one of the largest shingle complexes in Britain. The shingle complex comprises rock debris continuously transported by the river from the Cairngorm Mountains since the last ice age, deposited as rounded stones in the river mouth. Sea level rise at the end of the last ice age flooded the estuary, leaving behind extensive deposits of shingle on the land surface as sea level fell again.

The shingle complex is constantly shaped by river and coastal processes. Shingle transported by river down to the estuary is moved westwards by coastal currents. Currently, the shingle complex extends 1 km inland and 8 km along the coast. The shingle banks closest to the shore have long provided protection to coastal communities, including Settlement X, against high tides and storms.

The shingle complex, the river, and the estuary are exceptional sites in their own right, and also as an integrated system. Two SSSI designations are in place, on account of the geomorphological nature of the shingle plus the range of specialised species it supports. Geomorphology refers to the formation and structure of a landform, such as the shingle banks.

Tourism brings valuable revenue to the area. Large numbers of wildlife enthusiasts visit the estuary each year, while the river supports salmon fishing, distilleries, canoeing and rafting companies, and local communities along its length. Golf courses sit on either side of the river, and hotels and B&Bs offer food and accommodation.

Sea level change and an increase in storm events over the last few decades have significantly eroded the shingle banks closest to the shore. In storm events, waves 'over-top' the banks, and have broken through them on occasion. Such events are now occurring almost annually and are also increasing in intensity. At the same time, the shingle banks are under threat from behind, due to increased precipitation affecting the river's flow rate and volume.

A team of coastal engineers has been commissioned to assess options for protection of the shingle complex and communities located behind them.

Using the information provided here and in the supplementary source booklet, as well as your knowledge of environmental science, attempt the following questions.



1. The UK Climate Change Risk Assessment (2017) lists risks linked to changes in temperature that are likely to impact on Scotland (Source D).

The 'warming stripe' diagram is a visual representation of changes in temperature measured in Scotland between 1884 and 2019. Each stripe represents the temperature average in Scotland over a year. Blue lines represent cooler than average temperatures and red lines represent warmer than average. The darker the line, the more the temperature differs from the average.



(a) Describe the trend shown in the diagram.

(b) Freshwater drawn from the river is used by local communities and industries.

Suggest why there is concern that climate change will impact water quality.

[Turn over

MARKS DO NOT

2

1

THIS







# MARKS DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN (continued) 2. (b) The sea lamprey is non-trophic both while it is metamorphosing from a larva into a juvenile, and when the adult migrates upriver from coastal water to spawn. Suggest what is meant by *non-trophic*. 1 [Turn over



3.	A fo	restry	plantation covering 818 hectares of the shingle complex was leased	MARKS	DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN
	to a con stab				
	(a)	(i)	Name the key agency that looks after, manages, and promotes Scotland's national forests.	1	
		(ii)	Part of the plantation lies within the shingle complex's SSSI. The forestry agency is required to prepare a conservation management plan for this area.		
			The plan includes a requirement for the periodic removal of gorse ( <i>Ulex europaeus</i> ) from the shingle. Gorse is an extremely hardy, evergreen, prickly, native shrub.		
			Suggest why there is a need to remove gorse from the shingle complex.	1	
	(b)	Envir	onmental monitoring takes place within the plantation SSSI area.		
		(i)	Explain the purpose of environmental monitoring.	1	
		(ii)	During a monitoring exercise, groundwater samples are collected from the plantation SSSI area. A range of tests are conducted on the samples, including measurements of salinity.		
			Describe how the salinity of groundwater could be measured.	2	







MARKS DO NOT WRITE IN. THIS AMAGIN
A do-nothing scenario will have severe detrimental consequences for the area. The local authority must therefore decide which coastal engineering approach to implement.
Using the evidence from the sources and your knowledge of environmental science, decide whether hard engineering or soft engineering would be most appropriate in this location.
Justify your answer.
Mard engineering
Soft engineering

## [END OF QUESTION PAPER]



#### MARKS DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

### ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR ANSWERS AND ROUGH WORK



J

#### MARKS DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

## ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR ANSWERS AND ROUGH WORK



[BLANK PAGE]

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE



[BLANK PAGE]

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

Acknowledgement of copyright

Question 1 Warming stripe diagram: © Copyright Ed Hawkins (University of Reading) and licensed for reuse under Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0)

Question 2 Lamprey: Good luck images/shutterstock.com

