

# Candidate Guidance for SVQ2 Business and Administration SCQF level 5

**Award Code: GK6X 22** 

#### Candidate name:

Publication code: Z0381

#### Note

The National Occupational Standards which form the basis of this award were developed by the Council for Administration. This document is for candidate use only and should not be used as a substitute for the National Occupational Standards.

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# Introduction

The candidate guidance has been developed to provide you with all the information you will require to complete your SVQ. The guidance has been split into three main sections:

Section 1 — General information about SVQs Section 2 — How to compile your portfolio Section 3 — Sample forms

In addition to the candidate guidance, a candidate portfolio has been produced. The candidate portfolio is made up of all relevant Units to the SVQ (you only need to keep the Units which you are completing within your own portfolio) and blank sample forms, which you can print as many times as you require.

It is important that you read this guidance prior to undertaking your SVQ, as it will help to assist you in the production of your portfolio.

# Section 1 — General information about SVQs

#### Introducing SVQs

The qualification you are undertaking is a Scottish Vocational Qualification (SVQ).

SVQs are work-based qualifications which assess the skills and knowledge people have and need to perform their job role effectively. The qualifications are designed using national occupational standards.

For each industry sector there is a Sector Skills Council or Body (SSC/SSB) which is made up of representatives from the industry or profession and it is the SSC/B's responsibility to develop the National Occupational Standards.

These standards define what employees, or potential employees, must be able to do, how well and in what circumstances to show they are competent in their work.

The Standards Skills Body for Business and Administration is: The Council for Administration.

Access to SVQs is open to all and you can be assessed either against a particular Unit(s) or against the full SVQ. There are no entry requirements, no prescribed method of delivery and no age limits.

SVQs are available at five levels of achievement which reflect the various technical and supervisory skills, knowledge, and experience which employees should have as they progress in their industry.

#### Who offers SVQs?

An organisation which offers SVQs is called a centre. This may be a school, college, university, employer, training provider or a combination of these. The centre has responsibility for the quality of the qualification and is required to work within an awarding body's policies and guidelines.

The Scottish Qualifications Authority (SQA) is your awarding body for this SVQ. This means that we are an organisation approved by government to design qualifications and awards. An awarding body endorses candidates' certificates so that an employer can be sure the qualification has gone through a rigorous and effective assessment process. SQA provides qualifications throughout the world and was formed by the merger of the Scottish Examinations Board (SEB) and the Scottish Vocational Education Council (SCOTVEC).

#### What is the structure of the Business and Administration SVQ?

All SVQs have a common structure and consist of national occupational standards which are broken down into Units and within each Unit there is a list of performance indicators and a set of knowledge statements.

Units	Units define the broad functions carried out in your particular job.
Performance Indicators	The level and quality of how you should carry out these functions is determined by a number of statements called <b>Performance Indicators. Performance Indicators</b> are used to judge your ability to meet a national standard for the task you are carrying out.
Evidence Requirements	<ul> <li>There are two categories of evidence used in SVQ assessment. These are:</li> <li>Performance Evidence — this includes the outcomes of performance (work products) and observation of performance</li> <li>Supporting Evidence — the answers that you give to questions (either written or spoken, put to you by your assessor) and the witness testimony of other people with whom they work.</li> <li>For SVQ qualifications, candidates should be aiming to provide performance evidence for the Performance Indicators.</li> </ul>
Knowledge	The section on knowledge states what you must know and understand and how this knowledge applies to your job. You must demonstrate to your Assessor that you have the required knowledge for each Unit that you complete.

To achieve the whole SVQ qualification, you must prove competence in three mandatory Units plus five optional Units which are shown in the following table.

Please note the table below shows the Sector Skills Council identification codes listed alongside the corresponding SQA Unit numbers. It is important that the SQA Unit numbers are used in all your recording documentation and when your results are communicated to SQA. Sector Skills Council identification codes are **not valid** in these instances.

To achieve SVQ2 Business and Administration SCQF level 5 you must complete **eight** Units in total.

All three Mandatory Units must be completed and at least three Units from **Group B**, the remaining two Units may be selected from **Group B** or **Group C** (see rules of combination below table).

SVQ2 Business and Administration SCQF level 5 — GK6X 22  Group A — Mandatory Units				
SQA Number	SSC Number	Unit Title	SCQF level	SCQF credit
FD8W 04	S201	Agree how to Manage and Improve own Performance in a Business Environment	5	4
FD8X 04	S202	Undertake Work in a Business Environment	5	2
F93W 04	S205	Prepare to Communicate in a Business Environment	5	3
Group B	Optional U	nits: 3-5 Units must be selected		
FD8Y 04	S203	Plan How to Solve Business Problems	5	4
FD90 04	S204	Work with Other People in a Business Environment	5	3
F93T 04	S211	Produce Documents in a Business Environment <sup>a</sup>	5	4
FD9W 04	S212	Prepare Text from Notes b	6	4
FD9X 04	S213	Prepare Text from Notes Using Touch Typing (40 Wpm) <sup>b</sup>	5	3
FD9T 04	S214	Prepare Text from Shorthand (60 Wpm) °	5	8
FD9V 04	S215	Prepare Text from Recorded Audio Instruction (40 Wpm) d	5	4
FD9N 04	S222	Support the Organisation and Co-Ordination of Events <sup>e</sup>	5	5
FD9P 04	S223	Support the Organisation of Business Travel or Accommodation <sup>f</sup>	5	3
FD9R 04	S224	Support the Organisation of Meetings <sup>g</sup>	5	4
H983 04	S206	Use Voicemail Message Systems	5	1
FD92 04	S207	Use a Diary System	5	3
FD93 04	S208	Take Minutes	5	4
FD94 04	S209	Handle Mail	5	3
F93X 04	S210	Provide Reception Services	5	3
FD96 04	S250	Meet and Welcome Visitors	5	3
H984 04	S216	Collate and Organise Data	5	3
FD98 04	S217	Research Information	5	4
H559 04	S218	Store and Retrieve Information Using a Filing System	5	3
FD99 04	S219	Provide Archive Services	5	2

SQA Number	SSC Number	Unit Title	SCQF level	SCQF credit
FD9A 04	S226	Support The Management and Development of an Information System	7	7
F93V 04	S220	Use Office Equipment	5	3
H985 04	S221	Maintain and Issue Stock Items	5	3
FD9F 04	S225	Respond to Change in a Business Environment	5	3
FD9G 04	S227	Administer HR Records	5	3
FD9H 04	S228	Administer the Recruitment and Selection Process	5	4
FD9J 04	S251	Administer Parking Dispensations	5	4
FN6W 04	S253	Process Court Documentation	6	6
FN9M 04	S254	Contribute to Maintaining Security and Protecting Individuals' Rights in the Custodial Environment	6	6
FN6X 04	S255	Calculate Critical Dates for Sentences	5	6
FN6Y 04	S256	Make Administrative Arrangements for the Movement of Individuals Outside the Custodial Establishment	5	6
FN70 04	S257	Administer Documentation for the Appeals Process	5	6
FN71 04	S258	Administer Personal Money for the Individuals in Custody	5	6
FN72 04	S259	Prepare Documentation to Help Authorities Decide on the Conditions on Which to Release Individuals from Custody	5	6
FN74 04	S260	Make Administrative Arrangements for the Release of Individuals from Custody	5	6
A maximu	ım of 2 Ur	nits* from IT may be selected		
F9AP 04	S236a	Bespoke Software 2 h	5	3
F9AV 04	S236b	Specialist Software 2 h	5	3
F9C2 04	S237	Data Management Software 2	5	3
F9C5 04	S238	Database Software 2 j	5	4
F99E 04	S239	Improving Productivity Using IT 2 k	5	4
F99T 04	S240	IT Security for Users 2	5	2
F9CT 04	S241	Presentation Software 2 <sup>m</sup>	5	4
F99K 04	S242	Setting Up an IT System 2 n	5	4
F9D1 04	S243	Spreadsheet Software 2 °	5	4
F9A7 04	S244	Using Collaborative Technologies 2 p	5	4
F9D4 04	S245	Website Software 2 q	5	4
F9D7 04	S246	Word Processing Software 2 r	5	4
F9A4 04	S252	Using E-mail 2 s	5	3
FE09 04	S324	Contribute to Running A Project	6	5
FE0X 04	S311	Design and Produce Documents in a Business Environment <sup>a</sup>	6	4
FE11 04	S312	Prepare Text from Notes Using Touch Typing(60 Wpm) <sup>b</sup>	6	4
FE0Y 04	S313	Prepare Text from Shorthand (80 Wpm)°	6	8
FE10 04	S314	Prepare Text from Recorded Audio Instruction (60 Wpm) d	6	4
FE0T 04	S319	Organise and Co-Ordinate Events <sup>e</sup>	6	8

SQA	SSC	Unit Title	SCQF	SCQF
Number	Number	hite. 0. 2 Unite must be calcuted	level	credit
		Inits: 0–2 Units must be selected		
FE0W 04	S321	Organise Business Travel or Accommodation f	6	5 5
FE0V 04	S320	Plan and Organise Meetings <sup>9</sup>	6	
F93N 04	S106	Make and Receive Telephone Calls	5	3
FE0D 04	S309	Develop a Presentation		
FE0E 04	S310	Deliver a Presentation	6	3
H989 04	S325	Deliver, Monitor and Evaluate Customer	6	3
FE0F 04	S315	Service to Internal and/or External Customers	6	7
FEUF U4	3313	Support the Design and Development of	0	<b>'</b>
FE0G 04	S316	Information Systems  Monitor Information Systems	6	7
FE0H 04	S317		6	6
	S317	Analyse and Report Data	6	8
FE0M 04		Provide Administrative Support in Schools	6	9
H98A 04	S330	Administer Parking and Traffic Challenges,	0	9
FE0P 04	S331	Representations and Parking Charge Appeals  Administer Statutory Parking and Troffic	7	9
FEUP 04	3331	Administer Statutory Parking and Traffic Appeals	<b>'</b>	9
FE0R 04	S332	Administer Parking and Traffic Debt Recovery	7	6
FN75 04	S351	Verify Critical Dates for Sentences	7	6
FN76 04	S352	Verify The Release Process	6	6
FN7A 04	S353	Administer Agricultural Records	6	6
FN7C 04	S354	Make Agricultural Returns, Applications and	6	8
11070 04		Claims	0	
FN77 04	S355	Administer Legal Files	6	7
FN78 04	S356	Build Case Files	6	4
FN79 04	S357	Manage Case Files	7	5
H982 04	S112	Use Occupational and Safety Guidelines	4	2
		when Using a Workstation		
		its* from IT and Financial Services may		
be select				
H5JS 04	S247	Control Payroll	7	8
FD9L 04	S248	Account for Income and Expenditure	_	_
FD9M 04	S249	Draft Financial Statements	<u>  — </u>	_
FD8V 04	S125	Calculate Pay	<u>  — </u>	_
F9AN 04	S114a	Bespoke Software 1 h	4	2
F9AT 04	S114b	Specialist Software 1 h	4	2
F9C1 04	S115	Data Management Software 1 i	4	2
F9C4 04	S116	Database Software 1 j	4	3
F99D 04	S117	Improving Productivity Using IT 1 k	4	3
F99R 04	S118	IT Security for Users 1 <sup>1</sup>	4	1
F9CR 04	S119	Presentation Software 1 <sup>m</sup>	4	3
F99J 04	S120	Setting up an IT System 1 <sup>n</sup>	4	3
F9D0 04	S121	Spreadsheet Software 1 °	4	3
F9A6 04	S122	Using Collaborative Technologies1 p	4	3
F9D3 04	S123	Website Software 1 q	4	3
F9D6 04	S124	Word Processing Software 1 r	4	3
F9A3 04	S113	Using E-mail 1 s	4	2

```
Either unit S211 or S311 may be selected but not both. a
Only one unit may be selected from S212, S213 or S312. b
Either unit S214 or S313 may be selected. °
Either unit S215 or S314 may be selected. d
Either unit S222 or S319 may be selected. e
Either unit S223 or S321 may be selected. f
Either unit S224 or S320 may be selected. 9
Only one unit may be selected from S236a, S236b, S114a or S114b. h
Either unit S237 or S115 may be selected.
Either unit S238 or S116 may be selected. <sup>j</sup>
Either unit S239 or S117 may be selected. k
Either unit S240 or S118 may be selected.
Either unit S241 or S119 may be selected. m
Either unit S242 or S120 may be selected. n
Either unit S243 or S121 may be selected. °
Either unit S244 or S122 may be selected. P
Either unit S245 or S123 may be selected. q
Either unit S246 or S124 may be selected. <sup>r</sup>
Either unit S252 or S113 may be selected. s
```

This is the **UNIT** title — it describes a role and task.

#### An example of an SVQ Unit

#### **UNIT FD8W 04 (S201)**

# Agree How to Manage and Improve Own Performance in a Business Environment

#### **Unit Summary**

Accept plans for own work and its delivery; improve own performance; and, behave in a way that encourages effective working.

#### Skills

#### You will apply the following skills:

- Analysing
- ♦ Planning
- Communicating
- Presenting information
- Decision-making
- Problem solving
- Organising

#### **PERFORMANCE INDICATORS** set

out the standard of performance you need to demonstrate consistently to claim competence in

#### **Performance indicators**

#### You will:

#### Plan and be accountable for own work

- 1 Agree realistic targets and achievable timescales for own work.
- 2 Plan how to make best use of time and the other resources needed.
- 3 Confirm working methods with work colleagues.
- 4 Follow the correct procedures to deal with problems when they arise, using the support of other people when necessary.
- 5 Keep other people informed of progress.
- 6 Meet deadlines or renegotiate timescales and plans in good time.
- 7 Take responsibility for own work and accept responsibility for any mistakes made.
- 8 Follow agreed guidelines, procedures and, where appropriate, codes of practice.
- 9 Set high standards for own work and show commitment to achieving these standards.

#### Improve own performance

- 10 Encourage and accept feedback from other people.
- 11 Use feedback to agree ways to improve own work and put improvements into practice.
- 12 Agree where further learning and development could improve own performance.
- 13 Follow through a learning plan that meets own needs.
- 14 Review own progress and update own learning plan.

#### Behave in a way that supports effective working

- 15 Understand your own needs and rights.
- 16 Show a willingness to take on new challenges.
- 17 Adapt readily to change.
- 18 Treat other people with honesty, respect and consideration.

The **KNOWLEDGE** requirements state what you must know and understand and how this knowledge applies to your job.

#### Knowledge

#### You will know:

#### Plan and be accountable for own work

- 1 The purpose of planning own work and being accountable to others.
- 2 How to agree realistic targets for own work and why this is important.
- 3 How to plan own work to meet agreed deadlines.
- 4 The types of problems that may occur during work and how to seek help if needed.
- 5 The purpose of keeping other people informed about progress.
- 6 The purpose and benefits of giving other people sufficient notice if revisions to plans are needed.
- 7 The benefits of acknowledging and learning from mistakes.
- 8 Guidelines, procedures and codes of practice that are relevant to own area of work.
- 9 The benefits of setting high standards for own work and how to set these standards.

#### Improve own performance

- 10 How learning and development can help to improve own work, benefit the organisation and further own career.
- 11 The main career progression routes available.
- 12 Learning and development opportunities that are available.

#### Behave in a way that supports effective working

- 13 The purpose and benefits of being ready to take on new challenges and adapt to change.
- 14 The types of behaviour that show you are honest, respectful and considerate and the types of behaviour that show you are not.
- 15 How to help and support others and why this is important.

#### How is your SVQ achieved?

When you consistently meet the standards described in the Unit and show that you have the required skills and knowledge, you can then claim that you are competent in each Unit. You can claim certification for single Units or whole awards. Your centre will register your claim to competence through the awarding body. The awarding body you are registered with for this SVQ is the Scottish Qualifications Authority (SQA).

Scottish Qualifications Authority The Optima Building 58 Robertson Street Glasgow G2 8DQ

To achieve an SVQ, or a Unit of an SVQ, you must:

Demonstrate you meet the requirements of the Performance Indicators by collecting appropriate evidence as specified by the Evidence Requirements. This evidence is assessed against the national standards by a qualified assessor, who will be allocated to you by your centre. This person may work for your organisation or be from an external centre, but they will be familiar with the skills required to do your job.

Evidence may come from:

- the accreditation of prior learning where evidence relates to past experience or achievements
- current practice where evidence is generated from a current job role
- a programme of development where evidence comes from assessment opportunities built into a learning/training programme whether at or away from the workplace
- a combination of these

#### How is your SVQ assessed?

Assessment is based on what you can do and involves you, your assessor, an internal verifier and an external verifier — see 'Who does what in SVQs' on the following page.

You will be asked to prove you are competent by providing evidence which shows:

- you can perform all the specified tasks consistently to the required standard (Performance Indicators)
- you understand why you are doing things (knowledge)
- you can apply the required skills in different ways

#### Who does what in SVQs?

A number of individuals and organisations have parts to play in SVQ assessment. Their roles have been designed to guarantee fair, accurate and consistent assessment.

	Who are they?	What is their role?
Candidates	The person who wants to achieve the SVQ — in this case, you.	Need to show they can perform to national occupational standards in order to be awarded an SVQ or Unit(s).
Assessors	A person who is occupationally competent and qualified to judge the work of others.	Judge the evidence of a candidate's performance, knowledge and understanding against the national occupational standards.  Decide whether the candidate has demonstrated competence. Provide guidance and support to the candidate.
Internal Verifiers	Individuals appointed by an approved centre to ensure the quality of assessment within the centre.	Advise assessors and maintain the quality of assessment in a centre.
Approved Centres	Organisations approved by awarding bodies to coordinate assessment arrangements for SVQs.	
External Verifiers	Individuals appointed by the awarding body to ensure that standards are being applied uniformly and consistently across all centres offering the SVQ.	Check the quality and consistency of assessments, both within and between centres, by systematic sampling.  Make regular visits to centres to ensure they still meet the criteria to deliver SVQs.

#### What is evidence?

To claim competence for an SVQ Unit you need to gather a variety of evidence which shows you have met the standards. It is important that your evidence is easily understood so that it can be checked against the standards, by both your assessor, your centre and the awarding body.

Evidence can take many forms including:

- direct observation of your performance by your assessor
- products of your work
- authenticated statement witness testimony
- personal statement a description you have written of a task you have carried out
- outcomes from questioning
- outcomes from simulation
- case studies
- assignments or projects
- professional discussions
- ◆ Accreditation of Prior Learning (APL) evidence of your past learning outcomes

It is important that your evidence is:

- valid it relates to the SVQ standard you are trying to prove
- authentic the evidence, or an identified part of it (eg a report) was produced by you
- ◆ consistent achieved on more than one occasion
- ◆ current usually not more than two years old
- sufficient covers all the performance and knowledge requirements laid down in the standards

Your evidence may be collected through a range of sources, such as employment, voluntary work, training programmes and interests/activities which you perform outside your work Evidence may be in a variety of formats: written, photographs, audio or video.

When you first begin your SVQ, you and your assessor should identify the Units that represent your main duties — this will assist in integration of assessment. Further details about integration of assessment can be found on page 13.

#### Knowledge and Skills

Each Unit contains a list summarising the knowledge and skills a candidate must possess. The evidence provided must show how the knowledge and skills have been applied.

# How will my assessor check I have the knowledge listed in the standards?

For some Units, it will be clear to your assessor that you have the required knowledge from how you carry out your work. This is often referred to as knowledge apparent from performance. There will be other occasions though, when your assessor will be unsure if you know why for example, it is important to give information to clients in certain situations. This could be because your assessor has not had the opportunity to observe all the performance indicators during assessment. In these situations, your assessor may wish to assess your knowledge by asking you some questions. These questions can be given orally or in writing, but will be recorded in your portfolio as evidence.

Your assessor could also check you have the required level of knowledge by asking you to produce personal statements or to complete a project or assignment.

# What if I have previous experience and knowledge from work and other qualifications?

If you have previous work experience, skills, and knowledge which you feel is relevant to your SVQ, you should tell your assessor about it. Your assessor may ask you for more proof in the form of letters from previous employers/training providers or details about any courses you have completed. Your assessor will then judge the evidence against the national standard and if it matches certain requirements, you may not have to be assessed on this standard again. This is known as Accreditation of Prior Experience.

Alternatively, you may have previously achieved an HNC in a relevant subject in which case your assessor may feel that you already have some of the knowledge required for the SVQ. This is known as Accreditation of Prior Learning.

#### When can simulation be used?

Throughout your SVQ, the emphasis is on you being able to carry out real work activities so assessment will normally be carried out in the workplace itself.

There may be times, however, when it might not be appropriate for you to be assessed while you are working. For example, your SVQ might require you to carry out emergency or contingency procedures (for safety or confidentiality reasons) or your job role may not cover all aspects of the qualification. In such instances, when you have no other means of generating evidence, simulation might be acceptable.

Simulation is any structured exercise involving a specific task which reproduces reallife situations. Care must be taken though to ensure that the conditions in which you are assessed exactly mirror the work environment ie it is a realistic working environment.

You and your assessor should check the assessment strategy for your SVQ carefully to find out the Standards Skills Council's (SSC's) view of what constitutes a realistic working environment. Some SSC's stipulate the specific performance indicators which are suitable for this approach.

#### Holistic and integrated approach to assessment

There will be times when you will be able to use one piece of evidence to prove your competence across different Performance Indicators. You may even find that the same pieces of evidence are relevant for different Units — this is called **integration** of assessment or the holistic approach. The Evidence Index Matrix (Example form 5) enables you to show how you have used the same piece of evidence across different Units. This is known as **cross referencing**.

When you start your SVQ, you and your assessor will spend time looking at the standards, planning how much time you are both able to devote to the qualification and drawing up an assessment plan.

At this stage, you should identify any activities which relate to more than one Unit or outcome and arrange for the best way to collect evidence which satisfactorily covers the Performance Indicators.

# Section 2 — How to compile your portfolio

#### **General information**

An SVQ portfolio is a collection of different items of evidence which prove that you have the required skills and knowledge to support your claim for competence in that subject area.

The production of a well-organised, clearly labelled portfolio which relates each piece of evidence to the appropriate National Occupational Standards requires a careful methodical approach.

You will need to present your evidence in a format that is easy to follow. This section gives suggestions on how to lay out and present your evidence. There are also example forms and evidence grids (sometimes known as matrixes) available in Section 3 of this guide which will assist you to chart your progress through the award. Blank copies of these example forms are available in the Candidate Portfolio and can be printed as many times as required.

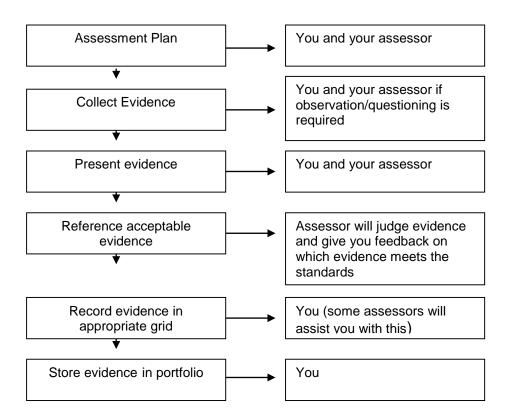
Forms	Reference	Description
Title Page	Example form 1	The title page should be attached to the front of your portfolio detailing your name, organisation, centre name, SVQ title, start date, completion date, assessor name and contact details and internal verifier name and contact details.
Portfolio Checklist	Example form 2	The portfolio should be completed on an ongoing basis.
Award Achievement Record	Example form 3	Each time you complete a Unit; your assessor should sign and date the relevant section on the form.
Unit Record of Evidence	Example form 4	A unit record of evidence form is available against each Unit within the candidate portfolio. They are designed to allow you to record the evidence you have gathered for each Unit.

Forms	Reference	Description
Evidence Index Matrix	Example form 5	You should complete an index of evidence sheet and file it immediately before the actual pieces of evidence in your portfolio.
Evidence Gathering Form	Example form 6	The evidence gathering form should be used for supporting evidence such as direct observation, personal statement, oral questions, professional discussions or witness testimonies.
Evidence Descriptor	Example form 7	The evidence descriptor should be used to reference your evidence. The evidence number, description and what the evidence shows should be attached to each piece of evidence.
Witness Status List	Example form 8	If a witness statement is being used as part of your supporting evidence, then the witness must complete a witness status form, detailing their name, address, signature and relationship to you.
Unit Assessment Plan	Example form 9	Prior to looking for different kinds of evidence and deciding if they should be included in your portfolio, it is necessary and helpful to produce an assessment plan in conjunction with your assessor.

You do not have to lay out your evidence in the way suggested but you may find it helpful to do so.

Each portfolio will be different in content but all should include information about you (the candidate), the organisation where you are undertaking your qualification, the assessor and so on.

#### **Evidence collection process**



#### Planning your portfolio

Start by carefully reading through the standards and, together with your assessor, decide which Units you might like to work on first, making sure that the most appropriate Units for your job role have been chosen. There may be some Units that relate to tasks which you carry out on a regular basis, making it easier to collect evidence right away. There may be activities in other Units which you only undertake now and again, these can be left until the opportunity arises for you to collect evidence. Evidence for the mandatory Units should mostly be generated while gathering evidence for the optional Units. You should start working towards your optional Units first.

Before you start looking for different kinds of evidence and deciding if they should be included in your portfolio, it is necessary and helpful to produce an **Assessment Plan** (Example form 9). The plan should be produced in discussion with your assessor and will set out the different stages in developing your portfolio. Together you should produce a plan for each Unit.

You should also remember to identify any opportunities for integration of assessment (cross referencing).

We have provided you with an 'Award Achievement Record' (Example form 3). Each time you complete a Unit; your assessor should sign and date the relevant section on the form. At this stage, it might be a good idea to check that all your evidence and recording documents have been completed correctly and can easily be located. By indicating that a Unit has been completed you, the Internal Verifier and the External Verifier can see at a glance what stage you are at in your SVQ.

#### Starting your portfolio

Make sure that you clearly label your portfolio (or CD if you are recording your evidence electronically) with your name together with the title and level of the award.

Your portfolio will need a title page (Example form 1) and a contents page. You should also complete a Personal Profile which records details about yourself and your job as well as providing information about your employer, training provider or college. Samples of these forms are provided in Section 3.

We recommend that you compile your portfolio in the following order:

Title page
Portfolio checklist
Personal profile
Award Achievement Record
Completed Unit Records of Evidence and Unit Standards
Evidence Index Matrix
Evidence

#### Collecting your evidence

All of the evidence which you collect and present for assessment must be relevant to your SVQ. Your assessor will help you select which pieces of evidence you should include. It is better to have a few, relevant and good quality pieces of evidence rather than a large quantity of items which only demonstrate one aspect of competency.

We have provided blank **Evidence Gathering Forms** (Example form 6) and **Evidence Descriptor Forms** (Example form 7) in your Candidate Portfolio, which you can photocopy to help you record and present your evidence. Although we have provided you with these example forms, your centre may have their own recording documents which they would prefer you to use. Remember to sign and date each piece of evidence you produce to show that it is your own work.

The **Evidence Gathering Form** (Example form 6) can be completed by your assessor or expert witnesses or yourself. The **Witness Status Form** should show the name, contact details, signature and relationship to candidate.

It is unlikely that your assessor would make an assessment decision based on witness testimony alone. They would normally supplement this type of evidence with questioning.

The **Evidence Descriptor Form** (Example form 7) should be completed by you to summarise what evidence show and should be attached to your evidence. Alternatively, you can annotate your evidence instead of using the form.

NB: Personal statements are not a **primary source** of evidence but may be used to evidence cover a claim for knowledge.

### Presenting your evidence

It is important to present all of your evidence in a clear, consistent and legible manner. Your assessor will then find it much easier to make appropriate judgements about the quality, sufficiency and currency of the materials you are putting forward for consideration. Every piece of evidence should be clearly labelled and given a unique reference number. It helps to use the same format when labelling your evidence and we have provided an example in the forms section (Example form 7).

It is not necessary to produce all of your evidence in typewritten format — some hand-written pieces of evidence, such as notes, will be perfectly acceptable. Other pieces of evidence may include other formats such as digital photographs, recorded discussions on an MP3 or tape recording. If you are using this approach, you must ensure that the evidence is appropriately referenced to allow your assessor, IV and the EV to confirm your competence. If you are not annotating your evidence, then you can use the **Evidence Descriptor Forms** (Example form 7).

There may also be items of evidence which you can't include in your portfolio for reasons of confidentiality, eg personal financial data or HR records. Evidence such as this can be kept in its normal location rather than in your portfolio but must be clearly referenced in the same way any other item of evidence would be. Assessors and Verifiers should be able to locate and access all evidence on request, therefore it is very important that you clearly reference every item of evidence indicating where each can be found.

#### Referencing your evidence

Your assessor, as well as the internal and external verifiers, will need to find their way around your portfolio, so you should give each piece of evidence a number.

**Remember**, that where you have used 'integration of assessment', you need to give details of all the Units which are linked to a specific piece of evidence. The evidence number will be recorded within each Unit and an indication of where it matches other Units should also be given. We have supplied a proforma **Evidence Index Matrix** (Example form 5) that you can use to show where evidence has been cross referenced to other Units.

#### How to complete the index of evidence

You should complete an **Evidence Index Matrix** (Example form 5) sheet and file it immediately before the actual pieces of evidence in your portfolio.

The **Evidence Index Matrix** should be completed by:

- entering the evidence number in the first column
- giving a brief description of each piece of evidence in the second column

You must make sure that the information contained in the evidence index is accurate when you give your portfolio to your assessor.

#### Completing the Unit record of evidence

There is a record of evidence for every Unit within your portfolio and there is also an example within the forms section of this guide (Example form 4). These records have been designed to allow you to record the evidence you have gathered for each Unit. Each record has boxes across it which represents the Performance Indicators and knowledge statements; these will differ from Unit to Unit so it is important to make sure you are using the right one. Whilst collecting your evidence you should use these grids to display the Performance Indicators and knowledge statement that piece of evidence relates to.

## **Example forms**

To give you a clearer picture of how to compile your portfolio, you will find various example forms over the next few pages. You should ask your assessor for further advice and support if you are still unsure about how to use the forms and who should complete them.

# **Section 3 — Example forms**

# **Example form 1**

Title Page:	
Candidate Name:	
Organisation:	
Centre Name:	
SVQ title:	
Start date:	
Completion Date:	
Assessor name and contact details:	
Internal verifier name and contact details:	

# Example form 2

#### Portfolio checklist

Use this checklist either as you work through your SVQ or at the end before you submit your completed portfolio for verification.

	Completed?	Page/Section number
Title page for the portfolio		
Witness Status List		
Personal profile		
<ul> <li>your own personal details</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>◆ a brief CV or career profile</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>description of your job</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>information about your employer/training provider/college</li> </ul>		
Unit Assessment Plans		
Award Achievement Record		
Completed Element Achievement Records for each Unit		
<ul> <li>signed by yourself, your assessor and the internal verifier (where relevant)</li> </ul>		
evidence reference numbers included		
Index of evidence (with cross-referencing information completed)		
Evidence in numerical order and individually labeled (with evidence descriptor attached)		

# Example form 3

Award achievement re	ecord		
Candidate Name:			
Start Date:			
SVQ Title: SVQ2 Busi	iness and Ad	ministration SCQF	level 5
For level 2 candidates must	t achieve three	e mandatory Units a	nd five optional Units
Mandatory Units			
Unit Title	Date Achieved	Assessor Signature	IV Signature
Optional Units			
Unit Title	Date Achieved	Assessor Signature	IV Signature
Candidate:		Date: _	
Assessor:		Date:	
Internal Verifier:(if sampled)		Date:	

## Example form 4a

#### Unit record of evidence

Where the same evidence meets a number of PIs this evidence need only be indicated once against the relevant combination of PIs.

Insert abbreviated **EVIDENCE TYPE** against each evidence number eg Direct Observation = OB, Witness Testimony = WT or Professional Discussion = PD

		_	
Per	formance Indicators	Evidence	Evidence
		numbers	type
1	Agree realistic targets and achievable timescales for own work.		
2	Plan how to make best use of time and the other resources needed.		
3	Confirm working methods with work colleagues.		
4	Follow the correct procedures to deal with problems when they arise, using the support of other people when necessary.		
5	Keep other people informed of progress.		
6	Meet deadlines or renegotiate timescales and plans in good time.		
7	Take responsibility for own work and accept responsibility for any mistakes made.		
8	Follow agreed guidelines, procedures and, where appropriate, codes of practice.		
9	Set high standards for own work and show commitment to achieving these standards.		
10	Encourage and accept feedback from other people.		
11	Use feedback to agree ways to improve own work and put improvements into practice.		
12	Agree where further learning and development could improve own performance.		
13	Follow through a learning plan that meets own needs.		
14	Review own progress and update own learning plan.		
15	Understand your own needs and rights.		
16	Show a willingness to take on new challenges.		
17	Adapt readily to change.		
18	Treat other people with honesty, respect and consideration.		

# **Example form 4b**

Kn	owledge requirements	Evidence numbers	Evidence type
1	The purpose of planning own work and being accountable to others.	Humbers	туре
2	How to agree realistic targets for own work and why this is important.		
3	How to plan own work to meet agreed deadlines.		
4	The types of problems that may occur during work and how to seek help if needed.		
5	The purpose of keeping other people informed about progress.		
6	The purpose and benefits of giving other people sufficient notice if revisions to plans are needed.		
7	The benefits of acknowledging and learning from mistakes.		
8	Guidelines, procedures and codes of practice that are relevant to own area of work.		
9	The benefits of setting high standards for own work and how to set these standards.		
10	How learning and development can help to improve own work, benefit the organisation and further own career.		
11	The main career progression routes available.		
12	Learning and development opportunities that are available.		
	The purpose and benefits of being ready to take on new challenges and adapt to change.		
14	The types of behaviour that show you are honest, respectful and considerate and the types of behaviour that show you are not.		
15	How to help and support others and why this is important.		
	e evidence is authentic and/or the assessment has been cified conditions or context.	n conducted u	nder the
Car	ndidate: Date:		
۸۵۶	Paccar: Data:		

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Internal Verifier: \_\_\_\_\_

Tick all the Units for

#### **Evidence index matrix**

# Candidate Name Qualification Title

							which th	e evidence is	
Number	Evidence	Opt unit	Opt unit	Opt unit	Opt unit	Opt Unit	Un relevant		nit 205
	Description								
	Short description	on of evidence.							
	ach item should								
	ach item should given its own								
ur	ique reference								
nu	ımber.								

Candidate:	Date:
Assessor:	Date:
Internal Verifier:	Date:

# **Example form 6**

statements to which the evidence applies.

## **Evidence gathering form**

Lvidence gathering	01111				
Candidate Name:				Date:	
Evidence type — tick rele	vant bo	ОХ			
Direct Observation		Personal Statement [			
Oral Questions					
Professional Discussion		Witness testimony [			
Evidence					
				PI	K
answers, des	scription ersonal s	statement relating to	1	umns can be e PIs and K	used to

#### **Related Units**

Unit		PI	K
Assessor /Witness Comments			
Candidate:	Date:		
Assessor:	Date:		
Internal Verifier:(if sampled)	Date:		

# Example form 7

Evidence Number:  Description of evidence:  What this evidence shows:  Evidence Number:  Description of evidence:  What this evidence shows:  Evidence Number:  Description of evidence:  What this evidence shows:	vidence descriptor
What this evidence shows:  Evidence Number:  Description of evidence:  What this evidence shows:  Evidence Number:  Description of evidence:  What this evidence shows:	vidence Number:
Evidence Number:  Description of evidence:  What this evidence shows:  Evidence Number:  Description of evidence:  What this evidence shows:	Description of evidence:
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Evidence Number:  Description of evidence:  What this evidence shows:	Vhat this evidence shows:
What this evidence shows:	
	Description of evidence:
	What this evidence shows:
	×

Witness	status	lis

**Candidate Name:** 

**Qualification:** 

Name	Contact Details	Signature	Relationship to candidate	Assessor or verifier qualification

## **Example form 9**

# Unit assessment plan

Evidence to be gathered Evidence Type Date (where applicable)	PI/K
	Evidence gathered could apply to more than one PI or K
Accreditation of prior learning  Item and how evidenced Applies to	to Knowledge

statement