Case study

Claire has dyslexia which affects her speed of writing. The centre requests 25% extra time for her in her Higher English and Higher History examinations and 15% extra time for her Higher Chemistry and Higher Mathematics through the Assessment arrangements system. There is clear evidence of Claire's ongoing significant difficulty in completing tasks (class tasks, assignments, assessments) in the normal allocated time. There is evidence available to show that Claire needs approximately 25% extra time for English and History, and for Chemistry and Mathematics (where less extended writing is required), approximately 15% extra time is sufficient to meet her needs.

Good Practice

- All subject teachers have been activity involved in gathering evidence
- The evidence comes from class work, observation and minutes from meetings

		REQUEST FOR A	A – SQA EXAMS		
Subject and	level	Higher English			
Name of pup	il	Claire			
AA requested	b	25% extra time			
Details of hor	w pupil is sup	oported in your classroom in	order to meet their particular needs		
from her file t pupil, and he extra time for	that Claire ha r writing spe r class tasks	as dyslexia and that it affects ed is the only issue with com	very rarely completes a task on time. I know her writing speed. She is a very capable pleting tasks in time. I normally allocate 25% onitored this, I feel that this is sufficient to h this extra time.		
Evidence attached		Yes/No			
I have attached a copy of her last formative assessment that was completed within class, and I can confirm that she used the extra time.					
Teacher	Name: Mrs	English	Signature: M.English		

Higher English Evidence

DO NOT WRITE IN ENTER NUMBER OF QUESTION Completed to the be given to us, the consumers who line in 1hr 30 mins eat it all wp **MEnglish** The side-not parenthesis of - and often emphasises how much widely more read, -- making the reader the OPSSID of how often re total extent aurane of is read that it is read more. ik than facts ic being attracted letaphor people Ats traffi has as same place at the same news gets the falee TIMIO, SO Tao to their Golha people 60 reading ormation (A)

ENTER NUMBER OF QUESTION DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN social media is hidden & shady & quite secrative. Passage 1: gated enclosures of social that isall Sugars me EA k all hot or passage Open media Su acces Kisc can acces thing 10103 igy and not The articles disagree on we should just embrace problems or make a cho whether ed, ins.

		REQUEST FOR A	AA – SQA EXAMS	
Subject and	level	Higher Mathematics		
Name of pup	il	Claire		
AA requested	d	15% extra time		
Details of hor	w pupil is sup	ported in your classroom in	order to meet their particular needs	
be affecting I Claire 15% e	ner ability to o extra time dur	complete tasks in the given t	r file and realise that her writing speed may me. Over the last few months I have given essments which she agreed makes a in time.	
Evidence atta	ached	Yes/No		
I have attached a copy of my departmental record of observation.				
Teacher	Name: Mr N	lathematics	Signature: M.Mathematics	

Alternative Assessment Arrangements						
Departmental Record						
Candidate					Class: SL5	
Candidate				T		T
Subject and	d code	Mathemat	tics		Entry level:	Higher
Type of	Adjustm	ent:				
Extra time	Rest periods	Reader	Scribe	Enlarged Print	ICT	Supervised Breaks
<mark>15%</mark>						
Digital Question Paper	Prompt	Coloured Paper	Calculator	Number Square	Transcription	*Other
*Other						
Evidenc	е:					
The candidate's difficulty in learning and assessment			Doesn't complete tasks in allocated time			
Current planned support for learning and assessment			Extra time given or where possible, oral response used instead of written.			
The nature and level of support the candidate has received in class			Very little support apart from ET after a discussion with her and Support for Learning PT.			
Specific evidence to support the requested arrangement			Observation-Claire is an intelligent pupil that excels in Mathematics and is capable of answering questions verbally in class. Her only difficulty, as noted in her support plan, is her writing speed.			
Signature of Principal Teacher:					Date:	
MMathema	ntics					

		REQUEST FOR A	A – SQA EXAMS	
Subject and	level	Higher History		
Name of pup	il	Claire		
AA requested		25% extra time		
Details of hor	w pupil is sup	oported in your classroom in	order to meet their particular needs	
skills are exc there is a lot to finish her v time during h	eptional how of extended work. She is her final exam	vever her writing speed mean writing in History, I have give happy with this support and I hination this year.	ect, she is confident, and her presentation s she does not finish classwork on time. As n Claire 25% extra time this year to allow her would request that she is given this extra	
Evidence atta	ached	Yes/No		
I have attached a copy of Claire's classwork which shows what she can do given the extra time.				
Teacher	Name: Ms I	History	Signature: M.History	

Higher History Classwork Example

The use of four helped the Nazis to stay in power between 1938 and 1939. The Gostapo used informers and people milling to denaunce their friends and neighbours to persecute any Nazi opposition. Concentration camps were set up (Dachau 1933). These camps were foured places as the inmates were seen a "enemies of the state". This helped the Nazis stay in power as it terrorised the people into event acceptance of the Nazis and there were very few people milling to rise up against the Nazis.

Propaganda was also an important factor in maintaining Nazi power. The people were attracted by the paroides, marches, rallies, banners and strastikas which gained support to the regime. The uniforms porrayed the Nazis as neat and organised. Goebbols subsidised radios which increased radio Ownership to 70% in hauseholds. The fact that Hitler's speeches could reach more households meant more support to the Nazis. Laudspeaken also spread Hitler's word to many restaurants, cafes and factories which appealed to many Somans and helped them to stay in pover. Propaganda proved to be a very effective way to keeping the Nazis in former as it informed the German people of the Nazis policies and it highlighted the strength of the Nazis this appealed to many Germans and gained support for the Nazis.

The class were given 30 mins to complete this question. I gave Claire 10 further mins to complete which she used.

Signed: MHistory

		REQUEST FOR A	A – SQA EXAMS	
Subject and	level	Higher Chemistry		
Name of pup	il	Claire		
AA requested	d	15% extra time		
Details of ho	w pupil is sup	oported in your classroom in	order to meet their particular needs	
complete tas final exam. I	ks on time ar have given C	nd we have discussed the su	e moved to Higher. She finds it difficult to pport that she can be given in class and in the he course and would ask that she receives	
Evidence atta	ached	Yes/No		
I have attached a copy of Claire's classwork which shows what that the small amount of extra time allows her to complete the assessment. I have more evidence from class work if you require it.				
Teacher	Name: M.C	hemistry	Signature: M.Chemistry	

Higher Chemistry Classwork evidence

Problem solving

10. A fatty acid is a long chain carboxylic acid. Information for some fatty acids is shown in the table below.

common name	formula	systematic name	melting point (°C)	
lauric acid	C11H23COOH	dodecanoic acid	43-2	1
myristic acid	C ₁₃ H ₂₇ COOH	tetradecanoic acid	54-4	~
palmitic acid	C ₁₅ H ₃₁ COOH	hexadecanoic acid	62	
stearic acid	C17H35COOH	octadecanoic acid	69.6	

(a)(i) Predict the melting point for palmitic acid. Complete the table with your answer

(ii) Determine a general formula for the fatty acids. Answer in the space below.

Cn Han +O2.

Claire-Completed to this point after 50 mins. 7 mins extra time given.

(1)

(1)(b) Fatty acids can be reacted with glycerol to make an emulsifier. From the table above, select the fatty acid used to make the emulsifier shown below. $\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{R}H_{1}-\mathcal{R}H_{2}$ HO-C-H stearic acid. (1) Palmitic acid is one of the most common fatty acids. It becomes unstable in daylight with approximately 60% (C) of the palmitic acid degrading every 17 hours. A scientist placed a sample of palmitic acid in daylight and analysed the sample every 17 hours. The results are given below. Time (hours) Mass of palmitic acid remaining in the sample (g) 4.98 0 130.0 17 52.0 34 20.8 51 8.3 68 3.32 Calculate the mass, in grams, of palmitic acid remaining in the sample after 68 hours. Complete the table with your answer. Claire completed all 10

questions after 57 mins